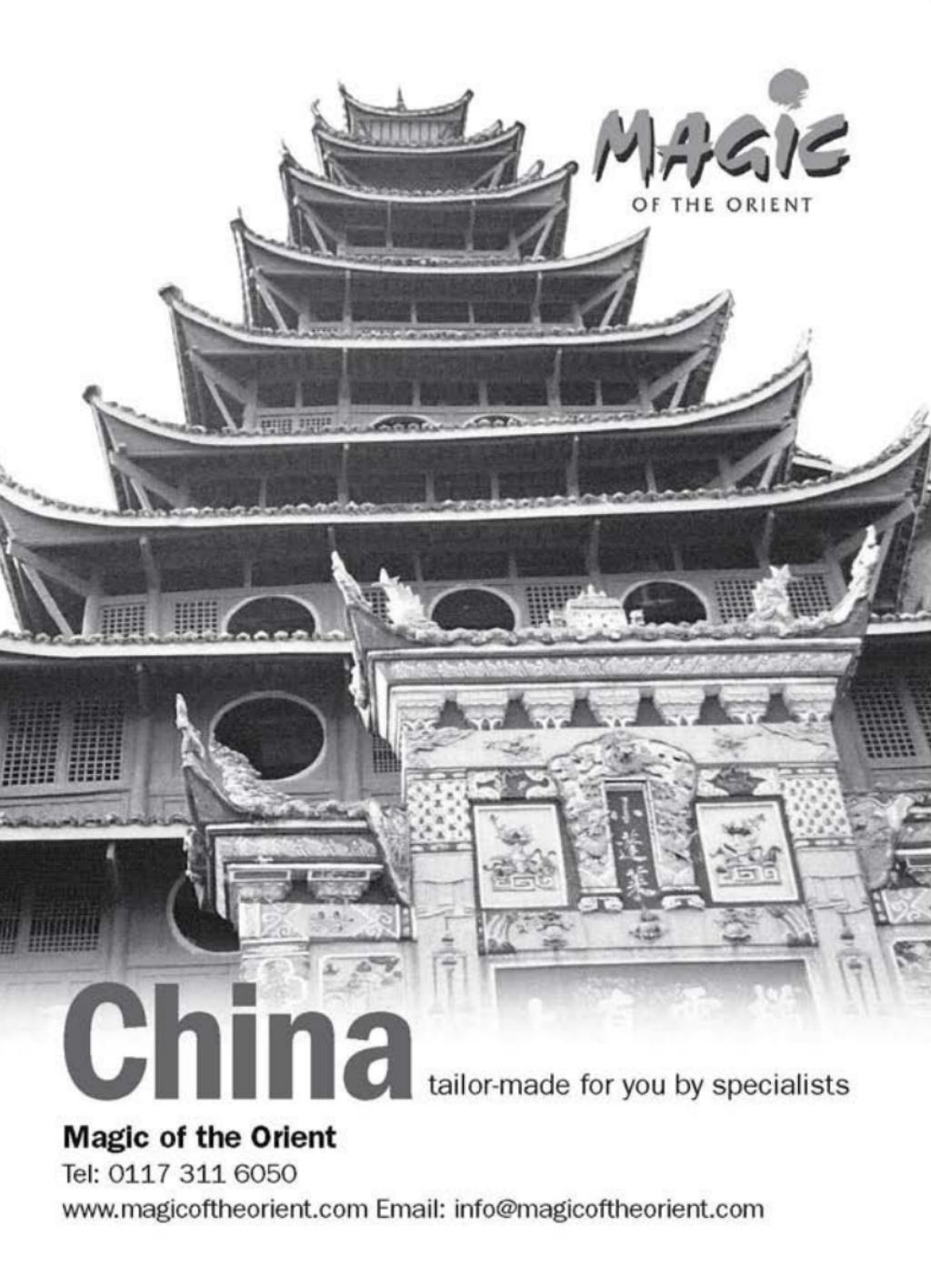


THE ROUGH GUIDE PHRASEBOOK

Mandarin Chinese



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THE ROUGH GUIDE

MANDARIN CHINESE

PHRASEBOOK

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Lexus Series Editor: Sally Davies

Rough Guides Reference Director: Andrew Lockett

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Introduction

The Rough Guide Mandarin Chinese dictionary phrasebook is a highly practical introduction to the contemporary language. Laid out in clear A-Z style, it uses key-word referencing to lead you straight to the words and phrases you want – so if you need to book a room, just look up ‘room’. The Rough Guide gets straight to the point in every situation, in bars and shops, on trains and buses, and in hotels and banks.

The main part of the Rough Guide is a double dictionary: English-Chinese then Chinese-English. Before that, there’s a section called **Basic Phrases** and to get you involved in two-way communication, the Rough Guide includes, in this new edition, a set of **Scenario** dialogues illustrating questions and responses in key situations such as renting a car and asking directions. You can hear these and then download them free from www.roughguides.com/phrasebooks for use on your computer or MP3 player.

Forming the heart of the guide, the **English-Chinese** section gives easy-to-use transliterations of the Chinese words wherever pronunciation might be a problem. Throughout this section, cross-references enable you to pinpoint key facts and phrases, while asterisked words indicate where further information can be found in a section at the end of the book called **How the Language Works**. This section sets out the fundamental rules of the language, with plenty of practical examples. You’ll also find here other essentials like numbers, dates, telling the time and basic phrases. The **Chinese-English** section is in two parts: a dictionary, arranged phonetically, of all the words and phrases you’re likely to hear (starting with a section of slang and colloquialisms); then a compilation, arranged by subject, of various signs, labels, instructions and other basic words you may come across in print or in public places.

Near the back of the book too the Rough Guide offers an extensive **Menu Reader**. Consisting of food and drink sections (each starting with a list of essential terms), it’s indispensable whether you’re eating out, stopping for a quick drink, or browsing through a local food market.

一路顺风

yílù shùnfēng!

have a good trip!

Basic Phrases

Basic Phrases

yes	goodbye/see you!
shìde	zàijiàn
shur-dur	dzai-jyen
是的	再见
no	see you later
bù	huítóujiàn
boo	hway-toh-jyen
不	回头见
OK	
hǎo	please
how	qǐng
好	ching
	请
hello	yes, please
ní hǎo	hǎo, xièxie
nee how	how hsyeh-hsyeh
你好	好谢谢
good morning	could you please-...?
nǐ zǎo	qǐng nín-..., hǎo ma?
nee dzow	ching nin ... how mah
你早	请您 ..., 好吗 ?
good evening	thank you
nǐ hǎo	xièxie
ni how	hsyeh-hsyeh
你好	谢谢
good night	thank you very much
wǎn'ān	duōxiè
wahn-ahn	dwor-hsyeh
晚安	多谢

no, thank you
 xièxie, wǒ bú yào
 hsyeh-hsyeh wor boo yow
 谢谢我不要

don't mention it
 bú kèqi
 boo kur-chee
 不客气

how do you do?
 nǐ hǎo
 ni how
 你好 ?

how are you?
 nǐ hǎo ma?
 mah
 你好吗 ?

fine, thanks
 hén hǎo, xièxie
 hun how hsyeh-hsyeh
 很好谢谢

nice to meet you
 jiàndào nǐ hěn gāoxìng
 jyen-dow nee hun gow-hsing
 见到你很高兴

excuse me (to get past)
 láojià
 low-jyah
 劳驾
 (to get attention)
 láojià, qǐng wèn-...
 ching wun
 劳驾请问

excuse me/sorry
 duìbuqǐ
 dway-boo-chee
 对不起

sorry?/pardon me?
 nǐ shuō shénme?
 shwor shun-mur
 你说什么 ?

I see/I understand
 wǒ míngbai le
 wor ming-bai lur
 我明白了

I don't understand
 wǒ bù dǒng
 我不懂

do you speak English?
 nín huì jiǎng Yīngyǔ ma?
 hway jyang ying-yew mah
 您会讲英语吗 ?

I don't speak-Chinese
 wǒ búhuì jiǎng Hànnyǔ
 wor boo-hway hahn-yew
 我不会讲汉语

could you speak more slowly?
 qǐng shuō màn yìdiǎnr
 ching shwor mahn yee-dyenr
 请说慢一点儿

could you repeat that?
 qǐng nǐ zài shuō yíbiàn, hǎo
 ma?
 ching nee dzai shwor yee-byen how
 mah
 请你再说一遍好吗 ?

Scenarios

1. Accommodation

is there an inexpensive hotel you can recommend?

- nǐ kěyǐ gěi wǒ tuījiàn yīge bùguì de fāndiàn ma?
[nee kur-yee gay wor tway-jyen yee-gur boo-gway dur fahn-dyen mah]

duìbuqǐ, hǎoxiàng shì dōu mǎnle ◀
[dway-boo-chee, how-hsiang shur doh mahn-lur]
I'm sorry, they all seem to be fully booked

can you give me the name of a good middle-range hotel?

- nǐ kěyǐ gěi wǒ tuījiàn yīge zhōngjí fāndiàn ma?
[nee kur-yee gay wor tway-jyen yee-gur joong-jee fahn-dyen mah]

wǒ lái kānkān, nǐ xiǎng zài shizhōngxīn ma? ◀
[wor lai kahn-kahn, nee hsyang dzai shur-joong-hsin mah]
let me have a look, do you want to be in the centre?

if possible

- rúguō kěyǐ de huà
[roo-gwor kur-yee dur hwah]

rúguō lí shizhōngxīn shāo yuǎn yǐdiānr, kěyǐ ma? ◀
[roo-gwor lee shur-joong-hsin show-yew-ahn-yee-dyenr, kur-yee mah]
do you mind being a little way out of town?

not too far out

- wǒ bù xiǎng tài yuǎn
[wor boo hsyang tai yew-ahn]

where is it on the map?

- nǐ kěyǐ zài dìtūshàng gěi wǒ zhǐyǐxià ma?
[nee kur-yee dzai dee-too shahng gay wor' jur-yee-hsyah mah]

can you write the name and address down?

- nǐ kěyǐ gěi wǒ bǎ míngzi hé dìzhǐ xiěxiàlái ma?
[nee kur-yee gay wor bah dee-jur hsyeh-hsyah-lai mah]

I'm looking for a room in a private house

- wǒ xiǎng zhù sīrén fáng
[wor hsyang joo sur-run fahng]

2. Banks

bank account	yínháng zhànghù	[yin-hahng jahng-hoo]
to change money	huàn qián	[hwahn-chyen]
cheque	zhīpiào	[jur-pyow]
to deposit	cúnqián	[tsun-chyen]
pin number	gèrén mímǎ	[gur-run mee-mah]
pound	yīngbàng	[ying-bahng]
renminbi	rénmínbì	[run-min-bee]
to withdraw	qǔqián	[chew-chyen]

can you change this into renminbi?

- qǐng nín gěi wǒ huànchéng rénmínbi, kěyǐ ma? [ching nin qay wor hwahn-chung run-min-bee, kur-yeem mah]

nín yào shénme yàng de chāopiào? [nin yoh shun-mur yang dur chow-pyow]
how would you like the money?

small notes	big notes
► <i>xiao chao-piao</i> [hsyow chow-pyow]	► <i>da chao-piao</i> [da chow-pyow]

do you have information in English about opening an account?

- nimen yōu guanyú kaizhàng de yingyǔ yinshuāpín ma?
[nee-mun yoh gwahn-yew kai-jahng dur ying-yew yin-shwah-pin mah]

► **yōu, nín xiǎng kāi nǎzhōng zhànghù?** I'd like a current account
[yoh, nee hsyang kai nah-chung jahng-hoo]
yes what sort of account do you want? [hwor-chee tsun-kwahn]

qǐng gěi wǒ kàn yīxià nínde hùzhào
[ching gay wor kahn yee-hsyah neen-dur hoo-jow]
your passport, please

can I use this card to draw some cash?

- kěyǐ yòng zhège kǎ qǔ xiànjīn ma?
[kur-yee yoong jur-gur kah chew hsysan-jin mah]

nǐ děi dào chūnàyuán nàr qù
[nee day dow choo-nah-yew-ahn nahr chew]
you have to go to the cashier's desk

I want to transfer this to my account at the Bank of China

- wǒ xiǎng bǎ qián zhuǎndào wǒ zài Zhōnguó yínháng de zhànghù
shang qù
[wor hsyang bah chyen jwahn-dow wor dzai chung-gwor yin-hahng dur jahng-
hoo-shahng chew]

hǎo, nínde diànhuà děi shōufèi [how, nin-dur dyen-hwah day shoh-fay]

OK, but we'll have to charge you for the phonecall

3. Booking a room

shower	línnyù	[lin-yew]
telephone in the room	fángjiānlǐ de	[fahng-jyen-lee dur dyen-hwah]
payphone in the lobby	dìàntīnglǐ de tóubì dìànhuà	[da-ting-lee dur toh-bee dyen-hwah]

do you have any rooms?

- yǒu fángjiān ma?
[yoh fahng-jyen mah]

jīge rén? ◀

[jee-gur run]

for how many people?

for one / for two

- yīge rén / liǎngge rén
[yee-gur run / lyang-gur run]

yǒu fángjiān ◀

[yoh fahng-jyen]

yes, we have rooms free

► zhù jīge wǎnshàng?

[joo jee-gur wahn-shahng]

just for one night

yīge wǎnshàng ◀

for how many nights?

[yee-gur wahn-shahng]

how much is it?

- duōshǎo qián?
[dwor-show chyen]

dài xǐzǎojīān de jiǔbāi yuán rénmínbì, bùdài xǐzǎojīān de qībāi yuán ◀

[dai hshee-dzow-jyen dur jyoh-bai yew-ahn run-min-bee, boo dai hshee-dzow-jyen dur chee-bai yew-ahn]

900 yuan with bathroom and 700 yuan without bathroom

does that include breakfast?

- bāokuò zāocān ma?
[bow-kwor dzow-tsahn mah]

can I see a room with bathroom?

- wǒ kěyǐ kàn yīxià dài xǐzǎojīān de fángjiān ma?
[wor kur-yeo kahn yee-hsyah dai hshee-dzow-jyen dur fahng-jyen mah]

ok, I'll take it

- hǎo, wǒ yào le
[how wor yow-lur]

when do I have to check out?

- wǒ shénme shíhou jiézhàng líkāi?
[wor shun-mur shur-hoh jyeh-jahng lee-kai]

is there anywhere I can leave luggage?

- yǒu cùn xínglì de dìfang ma?
[yow tsun hsing-lee dur dee-fahng mah]

4. Car hire

automatic	zìdòng	huàndǎng	[dzur-doong hwahn-dahng]
full tank	yóuxiāng	mǎnde	[yoh-hsyang mahn-dur]
manual	shǒudòng	huàndǎng	[show-doong hwahn-dahng]
rented car	zūde	chē	[dzoo-dur chur]

I'd like to rent a car

► wǒ wiǎng zū chē
[wor hsyang dzoo chur]

duō cháng shí jiān? ◀

[dwor chahng shur-jyen]
for how long?

two days

► liǎng tiān
[lyang-tyen]

I'll take the ...

► wǒ yào ...
[wor yow]

is that with unlimited mileage?

► kāi duō cháng lù yǒu xiànzhì ma?
[kai dwor-chahng loo yoh hsyen-jur mah]

méiyou xiànzhì ◀

[may-yoh hsyen-jur]
it is

wǒ kàn yīxià nǐde jiàshí zhí zhào, hǎo ma? ◀
[wor kahn yee-hsyah nee-dur jyah-shur jur-jow, how mah]
can I see your driving licence please?

hái yào nǐde hùzhào ◀
[hai yow nee-dur hoo-jow]
and your passport

is insurance included?

► bāokuò bǎoxiǎn ma?
[bow-kwor bow-hsyen mah]

bāokuò, bùguò nín děi xiànfù yīqiān yuán ◀
[bow-kwor, boo-gwør nin day hsyen foo yee-chyen yew-ahn]
yes, but you have to pay the first 1000 yuan

qǐng nín fù yīqiān yuán yājīn, hǎo ma? ◀
[ching nin foo yee-chyen yew-ahn yah-jin, how mah]
can you leave a deposit of 1000 yuan?

and if this office is closed, where do I leave the keys?

► rúguò nǐmen zhèr guānménle, wǒ bǎ yāoshi fàng zài nǎr?
[roo-gwør nee-mun jer gwahn-mun-lur, wor bah yow-shur fahng dzai nahr]

fàng zài nàge hézi lǐ ◀

[fahng dzai nah-gur hur-dzur lee]
you drop them in that box

5. Communications

ADSL modem	tiáozhì jiétiáoqì	[tyow-jur jyeh-tyow-chee]
dial-up modem	diànhuà tiáozhì	[dyen-hwah tyow-jur]
dot	jiétiáoqì	jyeh-tyow-chee]
Internet	diǎn	[dyen]
mobile (phone)	hùliánwāng	[hoo-lyen-wahng]
password	shǒujī	[show-jee]
telephone socket	mímǎ	[mee-mah]
adaptor	diànhuà chāzuò	[dyen-hwah chah-dzwar]
wireless hotspot	zhuǎnhuàn	jwahn-hwahn]
	wúxiàn rèdiǎn	[woo-hsyan rur-dyen]

is there an Internet café around here?

► zhèr fūjīn yōu wāngbā ma?

[jur foo-jin yoh wahng-bah mah]

can I send email from here?

► wǒ kěyǐ zài zhèr fā diànnzì yóujìan ma?

[wor kur-yeet dzai jur fah dyen-dzur yoh-jyen mah]

where's the at sign on the keyboard?

► jiànpan shangde "at sign" zài nǎr?

[jyen-pan shahng-dur "at sign" dzai nahr]

can you switch this to a UK keyboard?

► wǒ kěyǐ yòng yīngshì jiànpan ma?

[wor kur-yeet yoong ying-shur jyen-pan mah]

can you help me log on?

► nǐ kěyǐ bāng wǒ jinrù míngdān ma?

[nee kur-yeet bahng wor jin-roo ming-dan mah]

can you put me through to ...?

► qǐng nín gěi wǒ jiē ...?

[ching nin gay wor jyeh ...]

I'm not getting a connection, can you help?

► wǒ bù néng jinrù, bāng ge máng, hǎo ma?

[wor boo nung jin-roo, bahng-gur mahng, how mah]

where can I get a top-up card for my mobile?

► nǎr mài shǒujī chōngzhí kǎ?

[nahr mai show-jee choong-jur kah]

zero	five
líng	wǔ
[ling]	[woo]

one	six
yī	liù
[yee]	[lyoh]

two	seven
èr	qī
[ur]	[chee]

three	eight
sān	bā
[san]	[bah]

four	nine
sì	jǐu
[sur]	[jyoh]

6. Directions

hi, I'm looking for Nán Jiē

► wǒ zhāo Nán Jiē
[wor jow Nan Jyeh]

duìbuqǐ, méi tīngshuōguo zhè tiáo jiē ◀
[dway-boo-chee, may ting-shwor-gwore juh tyow jyeh]
sorry, never heard of it

hi, can you tell me where Nán Jiē is?

► qǐng wèn, Nán Jiē zài nǎr?
[ching wun, Nan Jyeh dzai nar]

wǒ duì zhège difang yě bù shúxi ◀
[wor dway juh-gur dee-fahng yur boo shoo-hshee]
I'm a stranger here too

hi, Nán
Jiē, do you
know where
it is?

qǐng wèn, nǐ
zhīdao Nán
Jiē zài nǎr
ma?
[ching wun, nee
jur-dow Nan
Jyeh dzai nar
mah]

where?
zài nǎr?
[dzai nar]

which direction?
nāge fāngxiàng?
[nah-gur fahng-hsyang]

► dàole dièrge hónglùdēng, wǎng zuō guǎi
[dow-luh dee-er-gur hoong-lyew-dung, wahng dzwor gwai]
left at the second traffic lights

► guòle lùkōu
[gwor-luh loo-koh]
around the corner

► zhīhòu, zǒu yòubiān diìtiáo lù
[jur-hoh, dzoh yoh-byen dee-yeet tyow loo]
then it's the first street on the right

duìmiàn
[dway-myen]
opposite

guǎi
[gwai]
turn (off)

guòle
[gwor-luh]
past the

jíe
[jyeh]
street

jìn
[jin]
near

qiánmiàn
[chyen-myen]
in front of

wǎng huí
[wahng hway]
back

xìa yíge
[hsyah yee-gur]
next

yǐzhí wǎng
qián zǒu
[yee-jur wahng
chyen dzoh]
straight
ahead

yòubiān
[yoh-byen]
on the right

yuǎn
[yew-ahn]
further

zài nàr
[dzai nar]
over there

zài...zhīhòu
[dzai...jur-hoh]
just after

zuōbiān
[dzwor-byen]
on the left

7. Emergencies

accident	shìgù	[shur-goo]
ambulance	jíuhūchē	[jyoh-hoo-chur]
consul	lǐngshí	[ling-shur]
embassy	dàshīguān	[da-shur-gwahn]
fire brigade	xiāofángduì	[hsyow-fahng-dway]
police	jīngchájú	[jing-chah-joo]

help!

► jiùmìng!

[jyoh-ming]

can you help me?

► bāngge māng, hǎo ma?

[bahng-gur mahng, how mah]

please come with me! it's really very urgent

► qǐng gēn wǒ lái! yǒu jǐnjí qíngkuàng

[ching gun wor lai! yoh jin-jee ching-kwahng]

I've lost (my keys)

► wǒ diūle (yàoshi)

[wor dyoh-lur (yow-shur)]

(my car) is not working

► (wǒde chē) bù gōngzuòle

[(wor-dur chur) boo goong-dzwar-lur]

(my purse) has been stolen

► (wǒde qiánbāo) bēi tōule

[(wor-dur chyen-bow) bay tow-lur]

I've been mugged

► wǒ bēi rén qiǎngle

[wor bay run chyang-lur]

nínđe míngzì? ◀

[nin-dur ming-dzur]

what's your name?

wǒ kànkan nínđe hùzhào, hǎo ma? ◀

[wor kahn-kahn nin-dur hoo-jow, how mah]

I need to see your passport

I'm sorry, all my papers have been stolen

► duìbuqǐ, wǒ suóyōu de wénjiàn bēi tōule

[dway-boo-chee, wor swor-yoh dur wun-jyen bay toh-lur]

8. Friends

hi, how're you doing?

► nǐ hǎo ma?
[nee how mah]

wǒ hěn hǎo, nǐ ne? ◀
[wor hun how, nee nuh]
ok, and you?

yeah, fine not bad

► hěn hǎo ► búcuò
[hun how] [boo-tswor]

d'you know Mark?

► nǐ rènshí Mākè ma?
[nee run-shur Mah-kuh mah]

and this is Hannah

► zhè shì Hānná
[juh shur Han-nah]

wǒmen yījīng rènshíle ◀
[wor-mun yee-jing run-shur-luh]
yeah, we know each other

where do you know each other from?

► nǐmen shì zěnme rènshíde?
[nee-mun shur dzen-mur run-shur-dur]

► wǒmen shì zài Lúkè jiā rènshíde
[wor-mun shur dzai loo-kur jyah run-shur-dur]
we met at Luke's place

that was some party, eh?

► nàge yànhuì bàng jíle, dùi budùi
[nah-gur yen-hway bang jee-luh, dway boo-dway]

shì zuìhǎo de ◀
[shur dzway-how dur]
the best

are you guys coming for a beer?

► zānmēn héjiù qù ba?
[dzahn-mun huh-jyoh chew bah]

hǎo, zǒu ba ◀
[how, dzoh bah]
cool, let's go

wǒ búqù, wǒ yào qù jiàn Luólā ◀
[wor boo-chew, wor yow chew jyen Lwor-lah]
no, I'm meeting Lola

ok, that's cool too

► hǎo ba
[how bah]

see you at Luke's place tonight

► wǎnshàng zài Lúkè jiā jiànmiàn
[wahn-shahng dzai Loo-kur jyah jyen-myen]

huítóu jiàn ◀
[hway-toh jyen]
see you

9. Health

I'm not feeling very well

- wǒ juéde bù shūfu
[wor jew-eh-dur boo shoo-foo]

can you get a doctor?

- qǐng gěi wǒ zhǎo ge yīshēng
[ching gay wor jow-gur yee-shung]

► nǎr bù shūfu?

- [nahr boo shoo-foo]
where does it hurt?

it hurts here

- zhèr téng
[jur tung]

► zōngshì téng ma?

- [dzoong-shur tung mah]
is the pain constant?

it's not a constant pain

- bù zōngshí téng
[boo dzoong-shur tung]

can I make an appointment?

- wǒ kěyǐ yùyuē yīshēng ma?
[wor kur-yehee yew-yew-eh yee-shung mah]

can you give me something for ...?

- gěi wǒ diànr...yào, hǎo ma?
[gay wor dyanr...yow, how mah]

yes, I have insurance

- wǒ yǒu bǎoxiǎn
[wor yoh bow-hsyen]

antibiotics	kàngjūnsù	[kahng-joon-soo]
antiseptic ointment	kàngjūn yóugāo	[kahng-joon yoh-gow]
cystitis	pángguāngyán	[pahng-gwahng-yen]
dentist	yāyī	[yah-yehee]
diarrhoea	lādùzi	[lah-doo-dzur]
doctor	yīshēng	[yee-shung]
hospital	yīyuàn	[yee-yew-ahn]
ill	shēngbìngle	[shung-bing-lur]
medicine	yào	[yow]
painkillers	zhíténgyào	[jur-tung-yow]
pharmacy	yàofáng	[yow-fahng]
to prescribe	kāi yàofāng	[kai yow-fahng]
thrush	ékōuchuāng	[ur-koh-chwahng]

10. Language difficulties

a few words
interpreter
to translate

jīge zì
kǒutóu fānyì
fānyì

[jee-gur dzur]
[koh-tow fahn-yee]
[fahn-yee]

nǐde xìnyòngkǎ bìjùle ◀
[nee-dur hsin-yoong-kah bay-jew-lur]
your credit card has been refused

what, I don't understand; do you speak English?

- shénmé? wǒ bù dōng: nǐ huì shuō yīngyǔ ma?
[shun-mur wor boo doong: nee hway shwor ying-yew mah]

xìnyòngkǎ wúxiàole ◀

[hsin-yoong-kah woo-hsyow-lur]
this isn't valid

could you say that again?

- qǐng zài shuō yīxià, hǎo ma?
[ching dzai shwor yee-hsyah, how mah]

slowly

màn diǎnr ◀
[mahn dyenr]

I understand very little Chinese

- wǒ zhǐ huì yīdiānr zhōngwén
[wor jur hway yee-dyenr choong-wun]

I speak Chinese very badly

- wǒ zhōngwén shuōde bù hǎo
[wor choong-wun shwor-dur boo how]

ní bù néng yòng zhège kǎ fùqián ◀
[nee boo nung yoong jur-gur kah foo chyen]
you can't use this card to pay

► dōngle ma?

[doong-lur mah]

do you understand?

sorry, no

duìbuqǐ, wǒ hái shì bù míngbai ◀

[dway-boo-chee, wor hai shur boo ming-bai]

is there someone who speaks English?

- zhèr yǒu rén huì yīngwén ma?
[jur yoh run hway ying-wun mah]

oh, now I understand

- hǎo, wǒ míngbaile
[how wor ming-bai-lur]

is that ok now?

- xíngle ma?
[hsing-lur mah]

11. Meeting people

hello

- nǐ hǎo
[nee how]

nǐ hǎo, wǒ jiào Shèn, xìng Wáng ◀
[nee how, wor jyow Shun, hsing Wahng]
hello, my name's Wang Shen

Graham, from England, Thirsk

- wǒ shì yīngguórén, wǒ jiào Graham, shì Thirsk rén
[wor shur ying-gwör-run, wor jyow Graham, shur Thirsk run]

Thirsk wǒ bù zhīdao, zài nǎr? ◀
[Thirsk wor boo jur-dow, dzai nar]
don't know that, where is it?

not far from York, in the North; and you?

- zài Yinggélán bēibù, lí York bù yuǎn; nǐ ne?
[dzai Ying-guh-lan bay-boo, lee York boo yewahn; nee nur]

wǒ shì Lúndūn rén; nǐ shì yíge rén lái de ma? ◀
[wor shur Lun-dun run; nee shur yee-gur run lai duh mah]
I'm from London; here by yourself?

no, I'm with my wife and two kids

- búsì, wǒ gēn wǒ àiren hé liǎngge háizi yìqǐ láide
[boo-shur, wor gun wor ai-run huh lyang-gur hai-dzur yee-chee lai-dur]

what do you do?

- nǐ zuò shénme gōngzuò?
[nee dzwor shun-mur goong-dzwor]

► wǒ shì gǎo diànnǎode
[wor shur gow dyen-cao-dur]
I'm in computers

me too

- wǒ yě shì
[wor yeh shur]

here's my wife now

- zhè shì wǒ airen
[jur shur wor ai-run]

hěn gāoxìng rènshí nín ◀
[hun gow-hsing run-shur nin]
nice to meet you

12. Post offices

airmail	hángkōng	[hahng-kung]
post card	míngxìnpiàn	[ming-hsin-pyen]
post office	yóujú	[yoh-jew]
stamp	yóupiào	[yoh-pyow]

what time does the post office close?

- yóujú jǐdiān guānmén?
[yoh-jew jee-dyen gwahn-mun]
five o'clock weekdays

is the post office open on Saturdays?

- yóujú xīngqīlù kāimén ma?
[yoh-jew hsing-chee-lyow kai-mun mah]
until midday

I'd like to send this registered to England

- wǒ yào wǎng yīngguó jì guàhàoxìn
[wor yow wahng ying-gwor jee gwah-how-hsin]
[wor yow wahng ying-gwor jee gwah-how-hsin]

méi wèntí, guàhàoxìn shí yuán ◀

[may wun-tee, gwah-how-hsin shur yew-ahn]
certainly, that will cost 10 yuan

and also two stamps for England, please

- hái yào liǎng zhāng dào yīngguó de yóupiào
[hai yow lyang-jahng dow ying-gwor dur yoh-pyow]

do you have some airmail stickers?

- yóu hángkōng yóujíàn biāoqīān ma?
[yoh hahng-kung yoh-jyen byow-chyen mah]

do you have any mail for me?

- yǒu wǒde xìn ma?
[yoh wor-dur hsin mah]

国际

guójì

international

信

xìn

letters

国内

guónèi

domestic

包裹

bāoguǒ

parcels

待领邮件

dàilǐng yóujíàn

poste restante

13. Restaurants

bill	zhàngdān	[jahng-dan]	menu	cǎidān	[tsai-dan]
table	zhuōzì	[jwor-dzur]			

can we have a non-smoking table?

- wǒmen yào bù chōuyānde zhuōzì, kěyǐ ma?
[wor-mun yow boo choh-yen-dur jwor-dzur, kur-yee mah]

there are two of us

- wǒmen liǎngge rén
[wor-mun lyang-gur run]

there are four of us

- yīgòng sīgerén
[yee-gung sur-gur run]

what's this?

- zhè shì shénme?
[jur shur shun-mur]

yī zhǒng yú ◀

[yee joong yew]

it's a type of fish

shì běndi tèchǎn ◀

[shur bun-dee tur-chahn]

it's a local speciality

qing jīnlái kānkān ◀

[ching jin-lai kahn-kahn]

come inside and I'll show you

we would like two of these, one of these, and one of those

- zhège liǎngge, zhège yīge, nage yīge
[jur-gur lyang-gur, jur-gur yee-gur, nah-gur yee-gur]

► hē diǎnr shénme?

[hur dyenr shun-mur]
and to drink?

red wine

► hóng pútaójīǔ
[hung poo-tow-jyoh]

white wine

► bái pútaójīǔ
[bai poo-tow-jyoh]

a beer and two orange juices

- yībēi píjiǔ, liǎng bēi júzizhī
[yee-bay pee-jyoh, lyang bay jew-dzur-jur]

some more bread please

- qǐng zài lái xiē miànbāo
[ching dzai lai hsyeh myen-bow]

► chīde hǎo ma?

[chur-dur how mah]
how was your meal?

excellent!, very nice!

► hěn hǎo! búcuò!
[hun how boo-tswor]

► hái yào shénme ma?

[hai yow shun-mur mah]
anything else?

just the bill thanks

► wǒmen fù zhàngdān, hǎo ma?
[wor-mun foo jahng-dan, how mah]

14. Shopping

mǎi diānr shénme? ◀

[mai dyenr shun-mur]
can I help you?

can I just have a look around?

► wǒ kānkān, kěyī ma?
[wor kahn-kahn, kur-yee mah]

yes, I'm looking for ...

► wǒ xiāng mǎi...
[wor hsyang mai]

how much is this?

► duōshǎo qián?
[dwor-show chyen]

sānshí èr yuán ◀

[san-shur ur yew-ahn]
thirty-two yuan

OK, I think I'll have to leave it; it's a little too expensive for me

► wǒ búyào, yǒu diānr tài guì
[wor boo-yow, yoh dyenr tai gway]

zhège zěnme yàng? ◀

[jur-gur dzun-mur yang]
how about this?

can I pay by credit card?

► shōu xīnyòngkǎ ma?
[shoh hsin-yoong-kah mah]

it's too big

► tài dàle
[tai dah-lur]

it's too small

► tài xiǎole
[tai hsyow-lur]

it's for my son – he's about this high

► gěi wǒ érzi mǎide – tā zhèmē gāo
[gay wor ur-dzur mai-dur, tah jur-mur gow]

► hái yào biéde ma?

[hai yow byeh-dur mah]

that's all thanks

► búyāole, xièxie

will there be anything else?

[boo-yow-lur, hsyeh-hsyeh]

make it twenty yuan and I'll take it

► wǒ zhǐ xiāng fù èrshí yuán, kěyī ma?

[wor jur hsyang foo ur-shur yew-ahn, kur-yee mah]

fine, I'll take it

► xíng
[hsing]

dà jiǎnjia

fùkuǎntái

guānmén

huàn

kāimén

[dah-jyen-jyah]

[foo kwahn-tai]

[gwahn-mun]

[hwahn]

[kai-mun]

sale

cash desk

closed

to exchange

open

15. Sightseeing

art gallery	měishùguǎn	[may-shoo-gwahn]
bus tour	zuò dà bāshì lǚyóu	[dzwor dah bah-shur lyew-yoh]
city centre	shì zhōngxīn	[shur joong-hsin]
closed	guānmén	[gwahn-mun]
guide	dǎoyóu	[dow-yoh]
museum	bówùguǎn	[bor-woo-gwahn]
open	kāimén	[kai-mun]

I'm interested in seeing the old town

- wǒ duì cānguān láochéng yǒu xìngqù
[wor dway tsan-gwahn low-chung yoh hsing-chew]

are there guided tours?

- yǒu dǎoyóu tuán ma?
[yoh dow-yoh twahn mah]

duìbuqǐ, dōu dìngmǎnle ◀

[dway-boo-chee, doh ding-mahn-lur]
I'm sorry, it's fully booked

how much would you charge to drive us around for four hours?

- wǒmen zuò niède chē sìge xiǎoshi, duōshǎo qián?
[wor-mun, dzwor nee-dur chur sur-gur hsyow-shur dwor-show chyen]

can we book tickets for the concert here?

- wǒmen kěyǐ zài zhèr dìng yīnyuèhui de piào ma?
[wor-mun kur-yeo dzai jur ding yin-yew-eh-hway dur pyow mah]

- kěyǐ, qīngwèn, nínde míngzì?
[kur-yeo, ching-wun, nin-dur ming-dzur]
yes, in what name?

shénme xìnyòngkǎ? ◀
[shun-mur hsin-yoong-kah]
which credit card?

where do we get the tickets?

- zài nǎr qǔ piào?
[dzai nahr chew pyow]

jiù zài rùkǒu (qǔ piào) ◀

[jyoh dzai roo-koh (chew pyow)]

just pick them up at the entrance

is it open on Sundays?

- xīngqītiān kāimén ma?
[hsing-chee tyen kai-mun mah]

how much is it to get in?

- ménpíào duōshǎo qián?
[mun-pyow dwor-show chyen]

are there reductions for groups of 6?

- liùgerén yīqǐ yǒu méiyou yōuhuì?
[lyoh-gur-run yee-chee yoh may-yoh yoh-hway]

that was really impressive!

- zhēn shì hǎojíle!
[jun shur how-jee-lur]

16. Trains

to change trains	huàn huōchē	[hwahn hwor-chur]
platform	zhàntái	[jahn-tai]
return	wǎngfānpiào	[wahng-fahn-pyow]
single	dānchéngpiào	[dahn-chung-pyow]
station	huōchēzhàn	[hwor-chur-jahn]
stop	tīngchē	[ting-chur]
ticket	huōchēpiào	[hwor-chur-pyow]

how much is ...?

- ... duōshǎo qián?
[dwor-show chyen]

a single, second class to ...

- yīzhāng dānchéngpiào, érdēng chēxiāng, dào ...
[yee-jahng, dhan-chur-pyow, ur-dung chur-hsyang, dow]

two returns, second class to ...

- liǎngzhāng wǎngfānpiào, érdēng chēxiāng, dào ...
[lyang-jahng, wahng-fahn-pyow, ur-dung chur-hsyang, dow]

for today

- jīntiānde
[jin-tyen-dur]

for tomorrow

- míngtiānde
[ming-tyen-dur]

for next Tuesday

- xià xīngqīérde
[hsyah hsing-chee-ur-dur]

tèkuài jiàshōu
[tur-kway jyah-shoh]

there's a supplement for the express

nǐ yào dìng zuòwèi ma?
[nee yow ding dzwor-way mah]

do you want to make a seat reservation?

nǐ děi zài Shànghǎi huànchē
[nee day dzai Shahng-hai hwahn-chur]
you have to change at Shanghai

is this seat free?

- zhège zuò yǒurén zuò ma?
[jur-gur dzwor yow-run dzwor mah]

excuse me, which station are we at?

- qǐngwèn, zhèshì shénme zhàn?
[ching-wun, jur shur shun-mur jahn]

is this where I change for Suzhou?

- shi zài zhér huan dào Sūzhōu de huōchē ma?
[shur dzai jur hwahn dow Soo-joh dur hwochur mah]

English



Chinese

A

a, an*

about: about 20-èr shí zuōyòu

【dzwor-yoh】

二十左右

it's about 5 o'clock wǔdiǎn

(zhōng) zuōyòu

五点钟左右

a film about China guānyú

Zhōngguó de diànyǐng

【gwahn-yew – dur dyen-ying】

关于中国的电影

above* (zài)-... shàng 【(dzai)-...

shahng】

在 ... 上

abroad guówài 【gwor-wai】

国外

absorbent cotton yàomián

【yow-myen】

药棉

accept jiēshòu 【jyeh-shoh】

接受

accident shìgù 【shur-goo】

事故

there's been an accident

chūlè ge shìgù

【choo-lur gur】

出了个事故

accurate zhǔnquè

【jun-chew-eh】

准确

ache téng 【tung】

疼

my back aches wǒ

hòubèi téng 【wor

hoh-bay】

我后背疼

acrobatics zájì 【dzah-jee】

杂技

across: across the road zài

mǎlù duìmiàn r 【dzai mah-loo

dway-myenr】

在马路对面儿

acupuncture zhēnjiǔ 【jun-

jyoh】

针灸

adapter duōyòng chātóu

【dwor-yoong chah-toh】

多用插头

address dìzhǐ 【dee-jur】

地址

what's your address? nín zhù

nǎ? 【joo】

您住哪儿 ?

address book tōngxùnlù

【toong-hsyewn-loo】

通讯录

admission charge: how much

is the admission charge?

rùchǎng fēi shì duōshao qián?

【roo-chahng fay shur dwor-show

chyen】

入场费是多少钱 ?

adult dàrén 【dah-run】

大人

advance: in advance tíqián

【tee-chyen】

提前

aeroplane	fēiji	[fay-jee]	toong-yee】
飞机			我同意
after	yǐhòu	[yee-hoh]	AIDS àizibìng [ai-dzur-bing]
以后			爱滋病
after you	nǐ xiān qù ba	[nee hsyen chew bah]	air kōngqì [koong-chee]
你先去吧			空气
after lunch	wǔfan hòu	[woo-fahn]	by air zuò feiji [dzwor fay-jee]
午饭后			坐飞机
afternoon	xiàwǔ	[hsyah-woo]	air-conditioning kōngtiáo
下午			[koong-tyow]
in the afternoon	xiàwǔ		空调
下午			airmail: by airmail
this afternoon	jīntiān xiàwǔ	[jin-tyen]	hángkōng(xìn) [hahng-koong(-hsin)]
今天下午			航空信
aftershave	xūhòushuǐ	[hsyw-hoh-shway]	airmail envelope hángkōng
须后水			xìnfēng [hsin-fung]
afterwards	yǐhòu	[yee-hoh]	航空信封
以后			airplane fēiji [fay-jee]
again	zài	[dzai]	飞机
再			airport feijīchǎng [-chahng]
age	niánjì	[nyen-jee]	飞机场
年纪			to the airport, please qǐng dài
ago: a week ago	yíge xīngqī		wǒ dào feijīchǎng [ching dai
yǐqián	[yee-gur hsing-chee yee-chyen]		wor dow】
一个星期以前			请带我到飞机场
an hour ago	yíge xiǎoshí		airport bus jīchǎng bānchē
yǐqián	[hsyw-shur]		[jee-chahng bahn-chur]
一个小时以前			机场班车
agree: I agree	wǒ tóngyì	[wor	alarm clock nàozhōng [now-joong]
			闹钟
			alcohol (drink) jiǔ [jyoh]
			酒
			all: all of it quánbù [chew-ahn-

- boo] 全部
that's all, thanks gòule, xièxie [goh-lur hsyeh-hsyeh]
够了谢谢
allergic: I'm allergic to... wǒ duì-... guòmǐn [wor dway-... gwor-min]
我对 ... 过敏
allowed: is it allowed? zhè yúnxǔ-ma? [jur yun-hsyew-mah]
这允许吗 ?
all right hǎo [how]
好
I'm all right wǒ méi shìr [wor may shur]
我沒事儿
are you all right? nǐ méi shìr ba? [nee may-shur bah]
你沒事儿吧 ?
(greeting) ní hǎo ma? [nee how]
你好吗 ?
almost chàbuduō [chah-boo-dwor]
差不多
alone yíge rén [yee-gur run]
一个人
already yǐjing
已经
also yě [yur]
也
although suīrán [sway-rahn]
虽然
altogether yígòng
- [yee-goong]
一共
always zǒng [dzoong]
总
am*: I am shì [shur]
是
a.m.: at seven a.m. shàngwǔ qī diǎn [chee dyen]
上午七点
amazing (surprising) méi xiǎngdào [may hsyang-dow]
没想到
(very good) liǎobùqǐ [lyow-boochee]
了不起
ambulance jiùhùchē [jyoh-hoo-chur]
救护车
call an ambulance! (kuài) jiào jiùhùchē! [(kwai) jyow]
(快) 叫救护车
America Měiguó [may-gwor]
美国
American (adj) Měiguó
美国
I'm American wǒ shì Měiguó
réni [wor shur - run]
我是美国人
among zài-... zhī zhōng [dzai-... jur joong]
在 ... 之中
amp: a 13-amp fuse shísān
ānpéi de bǎoxiānsī [shur-sahn ahn-pay dur bow-hsyen-sur]
十三安培的保险丝

and hé [hur]	antiseptic fāngfǔjì [fahng-foo-jee]
和	防腐剂
angry shēngqì [shung-chee]	any: do you have any-...? nǐ yǒu ... ma? [nee yoh ... mah]
生气	你有 ... 吗 ?
animal dōngwù [doong-woo]	sorry, I don't have any duibuqǐ, wǒ méiyǒu [dway-boo-chur wor may-yoh]
动物	对不起我没有
ankle jiǎobózi [jyow-bor-dzur]	anybody shéi [shay]
脚脖子	谁
annoying: how annoying! zhēn tǎoyàn! [jun tow-yahn]	does anybody speak English?
真讨厌	shéi huì shuō Yīngyǔ? [hway shwor ying-yoo]
another (different) lìng yíge [yee-gur]	谁会说英语 ?
另一个	there wasn't anybody there
(one more) yòu yíge [yoh]	zài nàr shénme rén dōu
又一个	méiyou [zai-nar shun-mur run doh may-yoh]
can we have another room?	在那儿什么人都没有
wǒ xiǎng huàn lìngwài yíge	anything shénme [shun-mur]
fángjiān [wor hsyang hwahn ling-wai]	什么
我想换另外一个房间	
another beer, please qǐng zài lái yì bēi píjiǔ [ching dzai lai yee]	
请再来一杯啤酒	
antibiotics kàngjūnsù [kahng-jyewnn-soo]	
抗生素	
antique: is it a genuine	
antique? shì zhēn gǔdōng ma? [shur jurn goo-doong mah]	
是真古董吗 ?	
antique shop wénwù shāngdiàn [wun-woo shahng-dyen]	
文物商店	

dialogues

anything else? hái yào shénme? [hai yow]

nothing else, thanks bú yào, xièxie [hsyeh-hsyeh]

would you like anything to drink? nǐ yào hé diǎnr shénme? [hur dyenr]

I don't want anything,

thanks wǒ shénme dōu bú
yào, xièxie [wor – doh]

apart from chúle-... yǐwài
[choo-lur]

除了 ... 以外

apartment dānyuán [dahn-yew-ahn]

单元

aperitif kāiwèijiǔ [kai-way-jyoh]

开胃酒

appendicitis lánwěiyán [lahn-way-yen]

阑尾炎

appetizer lèngpánr [lung-pahnr]

冷盘儿

apple píngguǒ [ping-gwore]

苹果

appointment yuēhui [yew-eh-hway]

约会

dialogue

good morning, how can
I help you? nín zǎo, wǒ
néng bāng shénme máng
ma? [dzow wor nung bahng
shun-mur mahng mah]

I'd like to make an
appointment wǒ xiǎng
dìng ge yuèhui [hsyang
ding gur]
what time would you like?

nín xiǎng yuē shénme
shíjian [yew-eh]

three o'clock sān diǎn
(zhōng) [dyen (joong)]

I'm afraid that's not

possible, is four o'clock all
right? duìbùqǐ sān diǎn bù
xíng, sì diǎn (zhōng) xíng
ma? [dway-boo-chee – hsing
– mah]

yes, that will be fine xíng,
kěyǐ [kur-yee]

the name was? nín guì
xìng? [gway]

apricot xìngzǐ [hsing-dzur]

杏子

April sìyuè [sur-yew-eh]

四月

are*: we are wǒmen shì [wor-mun shur]

我们是

you are (sing) nǐ shì

你是

(pl) nǐmen shì [nee-mun]

你们是

they are tāmen shì [tah-mun]

他们是

area (measurement) miànjì

[myen-jee]

面积

(region) dìqū [dee-chew]

地区

arm gēbo [gur-bor]

胳膊

- army** jūnduì [chewn-dway]
军队
- arrange:** will you arrange it for us? nǐ néng tì wǒmen ānpái
yí xià ma? [nung tee wor-mun
ahn-pai yee hsyah mah]
你能替我们安排一下
吗？
- arrive** dào [dow]
到
- when do we arrive?** wǒmen shénme shíhou dàodá? [wor-mun shun-mur shur-hoh dow-dah]
我们什么时候到达？
- has my fax arrived yet?** wǒ gěi nǐ fā de chuánzhēn dàole ma? [wor gay nee fah dur chwahn-jun dow-lur mah]
我给你发的传真到了吗？
- we arrived today** wǒmen jíntiān gāng dào [jin-tyen gahng]
我们今天刚到
- art** yìshù [yee-shoo]
艺术
- art gallery** měishùguǎn [may-shoo-gwahn]
美术馆
- as: as big as...** gēn ... yíyàng dà [gun ... yee-yang dah]
跟 ... 一样大
- as soon as possible** jǐnkuài [jin-kwai]
尽快
- ashtray** yānhuī gāng [yahn-hway]
- gahng】**
烟灰缸
- ask** (someone to do something)
qǐng [ching]
请
- (a question)** wèn [wun]
问
- could you ask him to...?** nǐ néng bù néng qǐng tā ...?
[nung – tah]
你能不能请他 ... ?
- asleep:** she's asleep tā shuìzháole [tah shway-jow-lur]
他睡着了
- aspirin** āsīpílín [ah-sur-pee-lin]
阿斯匹林
- asthma** qīchuǎn [chee-chwahn]
气喘
- at*:** at my hotel zài wǒ zhú de fāndiàn [dzai wor joo dur]
在我住的饭店
- at the railway station** zài huǒchē zhàn
在火车站
- at six o'clock** liùdiǎn zhōng [lyoh-dyen joong]
六点钟
- at Li Zhen's** zài Lǐ Zhēn jiā [jyah]
在李真家
- ATM** zìdòng qǔkuǎnjī [dzur-doong chew-kwahn-jee]
自动取款机
- attendant** (on train)
chéngwùyuán [chung-woo-

yew-ahn】	
乘务员	
August bāyuè [bah-yew-eh]	
八月	
aunt (father's sister, unmarried)	
gūgu	
姑姑	
(father's sister, married) gūmǔ	
姑母	
(mother's sister, unmarried) yímǔ	
姨母	
(mother's sister, married) yímā	
[yee-mah】	
姨妈	
Australia Àodàliyà [or-dah-lee-yah】	
澳大利亚	
Australian (adj) Àodàliyà	
澳大利亚	
I'm Australian wǒ shì	
Àodàliyà rén [wor shur – run】	
我是澳大利亚人	
automatic (adj) zìdòng [dzur-doong】	
自动	
autumn qiūtian [chyoh-tyen】	
秋天	
in the autumn qiūtian	
秋天	
average (ordinary) yíbàn [yee-bahn】	
一般	
on average píngjūn [ping-jyewn】	
平均	

awake: is he awake? tā xǐngle	
ma? [tah hsing-lur mah】	
他醒了嗎？	
away: is it far away? yuǎn ma?	
[yew-ahn】	
远吗？	
awful zāogaōle [dzow-gow-lur】	
糟糕了	

B

baby yīng'ér [ying-er】	
婴儿	
baby food yīng'ér shíwù [shur-woo】	
婴儿食物	
baby's bottle nǎipíng	
奶瓶	
baby-sitter línhí kān	
xiǎoháir de [lin-shur kahn hsyow-hair dur】	
临时看小孩儿的	
back hòu [hoh】	
后	
(of body) hòubèi [bay】	
后背	
at the back zài hòumian [dzai-hoh-myen】	
在后面	
can I have my money back?	
qǐng ba qián huán gěi wǒ ba	
[ching bah chyen hwahn gay wor-bah】	
请把钱还给我吧	

Ba

to come back huílai [hway-]	jyen]
回来	带阳台的房间
to go back huíqu [-chew]	ball qiú [chyoh]
回去	球
backache bēitòng [bay-toong]	ballet bāléiwǔ [bah-lay-woo]
背痛	芭蕾舞
bad huài [hwai]	ballpoint pen yuánzhūbì [yew-ahn-joo-bee]
坏	圆珠笔
a bad headache tóu téng de lihai [toh tung dur lur-hai]	bamboo zhúzi [joo-dzur]
头疼得利害	竹子
bag dàizi [dai-dzur]	bamboo shoots zhúsǔn [joo-sun]
袋子	竹笋
(handbag) shōutíbāo [shoh-tee-bow]	banana xiāngjiāo [hsyang-jyow]
手提包	香蕉
(suitcase) shōutíxiāng [shoh-tee-hsyang]	band (musical) yuèduì [yew-eh-dway]
手提箱	乐队
baggage xíngli [hsing-lee]	bandage bēngdài [bung-dai]
行李	绷带
baggage check (US) xíngli jícúnchù [jee-tsun-choo]	Bandaid® xiàngpí gāo [hsyang-pee gow]
行李寄存处	橡皮膏
baggage claim xíngli tíqūchù [tee-chew-choo]	bank (money) yínháng [yin-hahng]
行李提取处	银行
bakery miàn bāodiàn [myen-bow-dyen]	bank account zhànghù [jahng-hoo]
面包店	帐户
balcony yángtái	banquet yànghuì [yen-hway]
阳台	宴会
a room with a balcony dài yángtái de fángjiān [dur fahng-]	bar jiǔbāijiān [jyoh-bah-jyen]
	酒吧间

a bar of chocolate yí kuài
qiǎokèlì [yee kwair chyow-kur-
lee]
一块儿巧克力
barber's lǐfādiàn [lee-fah-dyen]
理发店

dialogue

how much is this? zhèi ge
duōshao qián? [jay gur dwor-
show chyen]
30 yuan sān shí kuài qián
[kwai chyen]
that's too expensive, how
about 20? tài guì le, èr shí
kuài, zénme yàng? [gway lur
– dzun-mur]
I'll let you have it for 25 èr
shí wǔ kuài ba [bah]
can you reduce it a bit
more? zài jiǎn yí diānr ba
[dzai jyen yee dyenr]
OK, it's a deal hǎo ba [how]

basket kuāng [kwahng]
筐
bath xǐzǎo [hshee-dzow]
洗澡
can I have a bath? wǒ néng
xǐ ge zǎo ma? [wor nung hshee
gur dzow mah]
我能洗个澡吗？
bathroom yùshì [yew-shur]
浴室

with a private bathroom dài
xízǎojiān de fángjiān [dai
hshee-dzow-jyen dur fahng-jyen]
带洗澡间的房间
bath towel yùjīn [yew-jin]
浴巾
bathtub zǎopén [dzow-pun]
澡盆
battery diàncí [dyen-chur]
电池
bay hǎiwān [hai-wahn]
海湾
be* shì [shur]
是
beach hǎitān [hai-tahn]
海滩
on the beach zài hǎitānshang
[dzai –shahng]
在海滩上
bean curd dòufu [doh-foo]
豆腐
beans dòu [doh]
豆
French beans sijidòu [sur-jee-
doh]
四季豆
broad beans cǎndòu [tsahn-
doh]
蚕豆
string beans jiāngdòu [jyang-
doh]
豇豆
soya beans huángdòu
[hwahng-doh]
黄豆

Be

bean sprouts	dòu yár	[yee-chyen]
豆芽儿		... 以前
beard	húzi [hoo-dzur]	begin kāishǐ [kai-shur]
胡子		开始
beautiful (object)	měilì [may-lee]	when does it begin? shénme shíhou kāishǐ? [shun-mur shur-hoh]
美丽		什么时候开始 ?
(woman)	piàoliang [pyow-lyang]	beginner chūxuézhě [choo-yew-eh-jur]
漂亮		初学者
(view, city, building)	měi	behind zài... hòumian [dzai... hoh-myen]
美		在 ... 后面
(day, weather)	hǎo [how]	behind me zài wǒ hòumian [wor]
好		在我后面
because	yīnwéi [yin-way]	believe xiāngxìn [hsyang-hsin]
因为		相信
because of...	yóuyú ... [yohey-yew]	below* zài... xiàmian [dzai... hsyah-myen]
由于		在 ... 下面
bed	chuáng [chwahng]	(less than) zài... yǐxià [yee-hsyah]
床		在 ... 以下
I'm going to bed now	wǒ yào shuì le [wor yow shway lur]	belt yāodài [yow-dai]
		腰带
bedroom	wòshì [wor-shur]	bend (in road) lùwánr [loo-wahnr]
卧室		路弯儿
beef	niúròu [nyoh-roh]	berth (on train) wòpù [wor-poo]
牛肉		卧铺
beer	píjiǔ [pee-jyoh]	beside: beside the-... zài... pánghbiān [dzai... pahng-byen]
啤酒		在 ... 旁边
two beers, please	qǐng lái liǎng bēi píjiǔ [ching]	
请来两杯啤酒		
before: before-...	... yǐqián	

best zuìhǎo [dzway-how]	hsyang】 垃圾箱
最好	bird niǎo [nyow]
better: even better gèng hǎo [gung how]	鸟
更好	birthday shēngrì [shung-rur]
a bit better hǎo yì diǎnr [dyenr]	生日
好一点儿	happy birthday! zhù nǐ
are you feeling better? hǎo diǎnr le ma? [lur mah]	shēngrì kuàilè! [joo - kwai-lur]
好点儿了吗？	祝你生日快乐
between zài... zhī jiān [dzai-... jur-jyen]	biscuit bǐnggān [bing-gahn]
在 ... 之间	饼干
bicycle zíxíngchē [dzur-hsing- chur]	bit: a little bit yìdiǎnr [yee- dyenr]
自行车	一点儿
big dà [dah]	a big bit yídàkuàir [yee-dah- kwair]
大	一大块儿
too big tài dà le [lur]	a bit expensive yǒu diǎn guì
太大了	有点贵
it's not big enough búgòu dà [boo-go]	bite (by insect) yǎo [yow]
不够大	咬
bill zhàngdānr [jahng-dahnr]	bitten by a dog ràng gǒu gěi yǎoshāng le [rahng goh gay yow- shahng]
帐单儿	让狗给咬伤了
(US: money) chāopiào [chow- pyow]	bitter (taste etc) kǔ
钞票	苦
could I have the bill, please?	black hēi [hay]
qǐng bāng wǒ jiézhàng, hǎo ma? [ching bahng wor jyeh-jahng how mah]	黑
请帮我结帐好吗？	blanket tǎnzi [tahn-dzur]
bin lājī xiāng [lah-jee]	毯子
	blind xiā [hsyah]
	瞎
	blocked dùzhùle [doo-joo-lur]
	堵住了

blond (adj) jīnhuángsè [jin-hwahng-sur]	【mee-fahn】 米饭
金黄色	
blood xiě [hsyeh]	boiled water kāishuǐ [kai-shway]
血	开水
high blood pressure gāo xuèyā [gow hsyew-eh-yah]	bone gǔ [goo]
高血压	骨
blouse nǚchēnshān [nyew-chun-shahn]	book (noun) shū
女衬衫	书
blow-dry: I'd like a cut and blow-dry wǒ xiǎng lǐfā hé chuīfēng [wor hsyang lee-fah hur chway-fung]	(verb) dìng
我想理发和吹风	订
blue lán sè [lahn-sur]	can I book a seat? wǒ néng dìng ge zuòwei ma? [wor nung - gur dzwor-way mah]
蓝色	我能订个座位吗 ?
blue eyes lán yǎnjing [lahn yahn-jing]	
蓝眼睛	
boarding pass dēngjì kǎ [dung-jee kah]	dialogue
登记卡	
boat chuán [chwahn]	I'd like to book a table for two/three wǒ xiǎng dìng liǎng/sān ge rén yì zhuō de wèizi [wor hsyang - gur run yee jwor dur way-dszur]
船	what time would you like it booked for? nín yào jidiǎn zhōng? [yow jee-dyen joong]
(for passengers) kèchuán [kur-chwahn]	half past seven qī diǎn bàn
客船	that's fine xíng [hsing]
body shēntǐ [shun-tee]	and your name? nín guì xìng? [gway]
身体	
boiled egg zhǔ jídàn [joo jee-dahn]	bookshop, bookstore shūdiàn [shoo-dyen]
煮鸡蛋	书店
boiled rice mǐfan	boot (footwear) xuēzi [hsyew-

eh-dzur】靴子	bottle píngzi 【ping-dzur】瓶子
(of car) xínglixiāng 【hsing-lee-hsyang】行李箱	a bottle of beer yì píng píjiǔ 一瓶啤酒
border (of country) biānjiè 【byen-jyeh】边界	bottle-opener kāi píng qì 【chee】开瓶器
border region biānjìng 边境	bottom dǐr 【deer】底儿
bored: I'm bored fán sǐ le 【fahn sur-lur】烦死了	(of person) pìgu 屁股
boring méi jìn 【may】没劲儿	at the bottom of the road lù de jǐntóu 【loo dur jin-toh】路的尽头
born: I was born in Manchester wǒ shì zài Mànchéng shēng de-【wor shur dzai - shung dur】我是在曼城生的	box hézi 【hur-dzur】盒子
I was born in 1960 wǒ shì yí jiǔ liù líng nián-shēng de 我是一九六零年生的	a box of chocolates yí hé qiǎokèlì 【hur chyow-kur-lee】一盒巧克力
borrow jiè 【jyeh】借	box office shòupiào chù 【shoh-pyow】售票处
may I borrow-...? wǒ kěyǐ jiè yíxia-... ma? 【wor kur-yee jyeh yee-hsyah-... mah】我可以借一下 ... 吗 ?	boy nánhái 【nahn-hai】男孩
both liǎngge dōu 【lyang-gur doh】两个都	boyfriend nán péngyou 【nahn pung-yoh】男朋友
bother: sorry to bother you duìbuqǐ dájiǎo nín le 【dway-boo-chee dah-jyow nin lur】对不起打搅您了	bra xiōngzhào 【hsyoong-jow】胸罩
	bracelet shǒuzhuó 【shoh-jwor】手镯
	brandy báilándì 【bai-lahn-dee】白兰地
	bread (baked) miànbāo 【myen-bow】面包

(steamed) mántou [mahn-toh]	[chyow]
馒头	桥
white bread bái miànbāo	brief duǎn [dwahn]
白面包	短
brown bread hēi miànbāo	briefcase gōngwénbāo [goong-wun-bow]
[hay]	公文包
黑面包	bright (light etc) míngliàng [ming-lyang]
wholemeal bread quánmài miànbāo [chew-ahn-mai]	明亮
全麦面包	brilliant (idea, person) gāomíng [gow-ming]
break (verb) dǎpò [dah-por]	高明
打破	bring dàilái
I've broken the-... wǒ dǎpòle ... [wor dah-por-lur]	带来
我打破了 ...	I'll bring it back later wǒ guò xiē shíhou dài huílái [wor gwor hsyeh shur-hoh dai-hway-lai]
I think I've broken my ...	我过些时候带回来
wǒde ... kěnèng huàile [wor- dur ... kur-nung hwai-lur]	Britain Yīngguó [ying-gwor]
我的 ... 可能坏了	英国
breakdown gùzhàng [goo- jahng]	British (adj) Yīngguó
故障	英国
breakfast zǎofàn [dzow-fahn]	I'm British wǒ shì Yīngguó rénn [wor shur - run]
早饭	我是英国人
break-in: I've had a break-in (in room) wǒde fángjiān ràng rénn gěi qiào le mén le [wor-dur fahng-jyen rahng run gay chyow-lur mun lur]	brochure shuōmíng shū [shwor- ming]
我的房间让人给撬了门了	说明书
breast xiōng [hsyoong]	broken (object) pòle [por-lur]
胸	破了
breeze wēifēng [way-fung]	(leg etc) duànle [dwahn-lur]
微风	断了
bridge (over river) qiáo	(not working) huàile [hwai-lur]
	坏了

brooch xiōngzhēn [hsyoong-jun]	Buddhism Fójiào [for-jyow]
胸针	佛教
brother xiōngdì [hsyoong-dee]	Buddhist (adj) Fójiàotú 佛教徒
兄弟	
(older) gēge [gur-gur]	buffet car cānchē [tsahn-chur]
哥哥	餐车
(younger) dìdì	building fángzi [fahng-dzur]
弟弟	房子
brother-in-law (elder sister's husband) jiěfū [jyeh-foo]	(multi-storey) dàlóu [dah-loh]
姐夫	大楼
(younger sister's husband) mèifu [may-foo]	bunk: bottom bunk xià pù [hsyah]
妹夫	下铺
(wife's elder brother) nèixiōng [nay-hsyoong]	middle bunk zhōng pù [joong]
内兄	中铺
(wife's younger brother) nèidi [nay- dee]	top bunk shàng pù [shahng]
内弟	上铺
(husband's elder brother) dàbó [dah bor]	bureau de change wài huì duihuàn bù
大伯	[hway dway-hwahn]
(husband's younger brother)	外汇兑换部
xiǎoshū [hsyow-shoo]	burglary dàoqiè [dow-chyeh]
小叔	盗窃
brown zōngsè [dzoong-sur]	Burma Miǎndiàn [myen-dyen]
棕色	缅甸
brush shuāzi [shwah-dzur]	burn (noun) shāoshāng [show- shahng]
刷	烧伤
bucket tǒng [toong]	(verb) ránshāo [rahn-show]
桶	燃烧
Buddha Fó [for]	burnt: this is burnt (food) shāojiaole [show-jyow-lur]
佛	烧焦了
	bus (public transport) gōnggòng

qìchē [goong-goong chee-chur]	business shēngyi [shung-yee]
公共汽车	生意
(limited stop) shìqūchē [shur-chew-chur]	(firm, company) gōngsī [goong-sur]
市区车	公司
(in suburbs) jiāoqūchē [jyow-chew-chur]	bus station gōnggòng qìchē
郊区车	zǒngzhàn [goong-goong chee-chur dzoong-jahn]
(long-distance) chángtú qìchē [chahng-too chee-chur]	公共汽车总站
长途汽车	bus stop gōnggòng qìchē zhàn [jahn]
what number bus is it to...?	公共汽车站
dào ... qù zuò jǐ lù chē? [dow ... chew dzwor jee lu chur]	busy (road etc) rènào [rur-now]
到 ... 去坐几路车 ?	热闹
when is the next bus to...?	(person) hěn máng [hun mahng]
dào ... qù de xià (yì) bān chē shì jídiǎn? [dow ... chew dur hsyah (yee) bahn chur shur jee-dyen]	很忙
到 ... 去的下一班车是几点 ?	I'm busy tomorrow wǒ míngtian hěn máng [wor ming-tyen hun mahng]
what time is the last bus?	我明天很忙
mòbānchē shì jǐ diǎn? [mor-bahn-chur shur jee dyen]	but kěshi [kur-shur]
末班车是几点 ?	可是

Bu

dialogue

does this bus go to...?
zhèi liàng chē qù ... ma?
[jay lyang chur chew ... mah]
no, you need a number-...
bú qù, nǐ yào zuò ... hào chē [chew nee yow zwor ... how chur]

buy mǎi
买
where can I buy...? zài nǎr
néng mǎidào-...? [dzai nar nung mai-dow]
在哪儿能买到 ... ?
by: by bus zuò gōnggōng

qìchē [dzwor]
坐公共汽车
written by... shì ... xiě de
【shur ... sheh dur】
是 ... 写的
by the window zài chuānghu
pángbiān [dzai]
在窗户旁边
by the sea zài hǎibiān
在海边
by Thursday xīngqī sì zhī
qián [jur chyen]
星期四之前
bye zàijiàn [dzai-jyen]
再见

C

cabbage báicài [bai-tsai]
白菜
cabin (on ship) chuáncāng
[chwahn-tsahng]
船舱
cake dàngāo [dahn-gow]
蛋糕
cake shop gāodiǎndiàn [gow-dyen-dyen]
糕点店
call (verb: to phone) dǎ diànhuà
[dah dyen-hwah]
打电话
what's it called? zhèige jiào
shénme? [jay-gur jyow shun-mur]
这个叫什么？

he/she is called-... (given name)
tā jiào ... [tah jyow]
他叫 ...
(surname) tā xìng ... [hsing]
他姓 ...
please call the doctor qǐng bǎ
yīshēng jiào lái [ching bah yee-shung jyow]
请把医生叫来
please give me a call at 7.30
a.m. tomorrow qǐng
míngtian zǎoshàng qī diǎn
bàn gěi wǒ dǎ diànhuà
[ching ming-tyen dzow-shahng
chee dyen bahn gay wor dah dyen-hwah]

请明天早上七点半给我打电话
please ask him to call me
qǐng tā dǎ diànhuà gěi wǒ [tah dah – gay]
请他打电话给我
call back: I'll call back later
(phone back) wǒ guò yì huìr
zài dǎ lái [gwor yee hway dzai dah]

我过一回儿再打来
call round: I'll call round
tomorrow wǒ míngtian lái
zháo nǐ [jow]
我明天来找你
camcorder shèxiàngjī [shur-hsyang-jee]
摄相机
camera zhàoxiàngjī [jow-

Ca

hsyang-jee】	(language) Guǎngdōnghuà
照相机	【-hwah】
can (noun) guàntou 【gwahn-toh】	广东话
罐头	(person) Guǎngdōng rén 【run】
a can of beer yí guànr píjiǔ	广东人
一罐儿啤酒	cap (hat) màozi 【mow-dzur】
can: can you-...? nǐ néng-...	帽子
ma? 【nung-... mah】	(of bottle) pínggài 【ping-gai】
你能 ... 吗 ?	瓶盖
can I have-...? qǐng gěi wǒ	car xiǎo qìchē 【hsyw
...? 【ching gay wor】	chee-chur】
请给我 ... ?	小汽车
I can't... wǒ bù néng-...	by car zuò xiǎo qìchē
我不能 ...	【dzwor】
Canada Jiānádà 【jyah-nah-dah】	坐小汽车
加拿大	card kǎpiàn 【kah-pyen】
Canadian (adj) Jiānádà	卡片
加拿大	here's my (business) card
I'm Canadian wǒ shì	zhèi shì wǒde míngpiàn 【jay
Jiānádàrén 【wor shur -run】	shur wor-dur ming-pyen】
我是加拿大人	这是我的名片
canal yùnhé 【yewn-hur】	Christmas card shèngdàn kǎ
运河	【shung-dahn kah】
cancel (reservation etc) tuì 【tway】	圣诞卡
退	birthday card shēngrì kǎ
candies tángguǒ 【tahng-gwor】	【shung-rur kah】
糖果	生日卡
candle làzhú 【lah-joo】	cardphone cíkǎ diànhuà 【tsur-
蜡烛	kah dyen-hwah】
can-opener kāiguàn dāojù	磁卡电话
【kai-gwahn dow-joo】	careful: be careful! xiǎoxīn!
开罐刀具	【hsyw-hsin】
Cantonese (adj) Guǎngdōng	小心
【gwahng-doong】	car ferry lúndù 【lun-doo】
广东	轮渡

car park tíngchēchǎng [ting-chur-chahng]	castle chéngbǎo [chung-bow]
停车场	城堡
carpet dìtǎn [dee-tahn]	casualty department jíjiùshì
地毯	[jee-jyoh-shur]
car rental qìchē chūzū [chee-chur choo-dzoo]	急救室
汽车出租	cat māo [mow]
carriage (of train) chēxiāng [chur-hsyang]	猫
车厢	catch (verb) zhuā [jwah]
carrot húluóbō [hoo-lwor-bor]	抓
胡萝卜	where do we catch the bus
carry ná [nah]	to...? qù... zài nǎr shàng
拿	chē? [chew-... dzai - chur]
cash (noun) xiànpíán [hsyen-chyen]	去哪儿上车 ?
现钱	cathedral dà jiàotáng [dah-jyow-tahng]
will you cash this for me? nǐ néng tì wǒ huàn chéng xiàn qián ma? [nung tee wor hwahn chung – mah]	大教堂
你能替我换成现钱吗 ?	Catholic (adj) tiānzhǔjiaò [tyen-joo-jyow]
cash desk jiāokuānchù [jyow-kwahn-choo]	天主教
交款处	cauliflower càiihuā [tsai-hwah]
cash dispenser zìdòng qúkuānjī [dzur-doong chew-kwahn-jee]	菜花
自动取款机	cave shāndòng [shahn-doong]
cassette cídài [tsur-dai]	山洞
磁带	(dwelling) yáodòng [yow-doong]
cassette recorder lùyīnjī [loo-yin-jee]	窑洞
录音机	cemetery mùdì
	墓地
	centigrade shèshì [shur-shur]
	摄氏
	centimetre límǐ [lee-mee]
	厘米
	central zhōngyāng [joong-yang]
	中央

central heating nuǎnqì [nwahn-chee]
暖气
centre zhōngxīn [joong-hsin]
中心
how do we get to the city centre? qù shì zhōngxīn zénme zǒu? [chew shur joong-hsin dzun-mur dzoh]
去市中心怎么走？
certainly dāngrán [dahn-grahn]
当然
certainly not dāngrán bù
当然不
chair yǐzi [yee-dzur]
椅子
Chairman Mao Máo zhǔxí [mow jyew-hshee]
毛主席
change (noun: money) língqián [ling-chyen]
零钱
(verb: money) duìhuàn [dway-hwahn]
兑换
can I change this for...? nín néng bāng wǒ duìhuàn chéng ... ma? [nung bahng wor dway-hwahn chung ... mah]
您能帮我兑换成 ... 吗？
I don't have any change wǒ yìdiǎnr língqián yě méi yǒu [wor yee-dyenr ling-chyen yur may yoh]
我一点儿零钱也没有

can you give me change for a hundred-yuan note? yí bǎi kuài nín zhǎodekāi ma? [kwai nin jow-dur-kai mah]
一百块您找得开吗？

dialogue

do we have to change (trains)? zhōngtú yào huàn chē ma? [joong-too yow hwahn chur mah]
yes, change at Hangzhou yào zài Hángzhōu huàn chē [yow dzai]
no, it's a direct train bú yòng huàn chē, zhè shì zhídáché [yoong – jur shur jur-dah-chur]

changed: to get changed huàn yǐfú [hwahn yee-foo]
换衣服
character (in Chinese writing) zì [dzur]
字
charge (noun) shōufèi [shoh-fay]
收费
cheap piányi [pyen-yee]
便宜
do you have anything cheaper? yǒu piányi diǎnr de ma? [yoh pyen-yee dyenr dur mah]
有便宜点儿的吗？

check: could you check
the-bill, please? qǐng ba
zhàngdān jiǎnchá yíxià, hǎo
ma? [ching bah jahng-dahn jyen-
chah yee-syah how mah]
请把帐单检查一下好
吗？
check (US: bill) zhàngdān
[jahng-dahn]
帐单儿
check in dēngjì [dung-jee]
登记
where do we have to check
in? wǒmen yaò zài nár
dēngjì? [wor-men yow dzai nar]
我们要在哪儿登记？
cheerio! zàijiàn! [dzai-jyen]
再见
cheers! (toast) gānbēi! [gahn-
bay]
干杯
cheese nǎilào [nai-low]
奶酪
chemist's yàofáng [yow-
fahng]
药房
cherry yīngtao [ying-tow]
樱桃
chess guójì xiàngqí [gwor-jee
hsyang-chee]
国际象棋
to play chess xià qí [hsyah
chee]
下棋
Chinese chess xiàngqí

[hsyang-chee]
象棋
chest (body) xiōng [hsyoong]
胸
chicken (meat) jīròu [jee-roh]
鸡肉
child háizi [hai-dzur]
孩子
child minder bǎomǔ [bow-moo]
保姆
chin xiàba [hsyah-bah]
下巴
china cíqì [tsur-chee]
瓷器
China Zhōngguó [joong-gwor]
中国
China tea Zhōngguo chá
[chah]
中国茶
Chinese (adj) Zhōngguó [joong-
gwor]
中国
(person) Zhōngguó rén [run]
中国人
(spoken language) Hán yǔ [hahn-
yew]
汉语
(written language) Zhōngwén
[joong-wun]
中文
the Chinese Zhōngguó
rénmín [run-min]
中国人民
Chinese leaf bái cài [bai-tsai]
白菜

Chinese-style	Zhōngshì [joong-shur]	church	jiàotáng [jyow-tahng]
中式		教堂	
chips	zhá tǔdòu tiáo [jah too-doh tyow]	cigar	xuějiā [hsyew-eh-jyah]
炸土豆条		雪茄	
(US) (zhá) tǔdòupiàn	[nr] [too-doh-pyenr]	cigarette	xiāngyān [hsyang-yen]
(炸) 土豆片儿		香烟	
chocolate	qiǎokèlì [chyow-kur-lee]	cinema	diànyǐng yuàn [dyen-ying yew-ahn]
巧克力		电影院	
milk chocolate	nǎiyóu qiǎokèlì [nai-yoh]	circle	yuánquān [ywahn-kwahn]
奶油巧克力		圆圈	
plain chocolate	chún qiǎokèlì	(in theatre)	lóutīng [loh-ting]
纯巧克力		楼厅	
a hot chocolate	yì bēi rè qiǎokèlì (yǐnlào) [bay rur – (yin-lyow)]	city	chéngshì [chung-shur]
一杯热巧克力 (饮料)		城市	
choose	xuǎn [hsyew-ahn]	city centre	shì zhōngxīn [shur joong-hsin]
选		市中心	
chopsticks	kuàizi [kwai-dzur]	clean (adj)	gānjìng [gahn-jing]
筷子		干净	
Christmas	Shèngdàn jié [shung-dahn jyeh]	can you clean these for me?	
圣诞节		nǐ néng tì wǒ xiýixí, ma?	
Christmas Eve	Shèngdànqiáньè [–chyen-yur]	[nung tee wor hshee-yeo-hshee mah]	
圣诞前夜		你能替我洗一洗吗？	
Merry Christmas!	Shèngdàn kuàilè! [kwai-lur]	clear (water)	qīngchè [ching-chur]
圣诞快乐		清澈	
		(speech, writing)	qīngxī [ching-hskee]
		清晰	
		(obvious)	míngxiǎn [–hsyen]
		明显	
		clever	cōngming [tsoong-ming]
		聪明	

cliff xuányá [hsyew-ahn-yah]
悬崖
climbing páshān [pah-shahn]
爬山
clinic zhénsuǒ [jun-swor]
诊所
cloakroom yīmàojiān [yee-mow-jyen]
衣帽间
clock zhōng [joong]
钟
close (verb) guān [gwahn]
关

dialogue

what time do you close?
nímen shénme shíhou
guān mén? [nee-mun shun-mur shur-hoh – mun]
we close at 8 p.m. on
weekdays and 6 p.m. on
Saturdays zhōurì xiàwǔ bā
diǎn, xǐngqī liù xiàwǔ liù
diǎn [joh-rur]
do you close for lunch? chī
wúfān de shíhou guān mén
ma? [chur woo-fahn dur shur-hoh – mah]
yes, between 1 and
3.30 p.m. shì de, cóng yī
diǎn dào sān diǎn bàn yě
guān mén [shur dur tsoong – dow – yur]

closed guānménle [gwahn-mun-lur]
关门了
cloth (fabric) bùliào [bool-yow]
布料
(for cleaning etc) mābù [mah-boo]
抹布
clothes yīfu [yee-foo]
衣服
clothes line shài yīshéng [shai-yee-shung]
晒衣绳
clothes peg yīfu jiāzi [yee-foo jyah-dzur]
衣服夹子
cloudy duōyún [dwor-yewnn]
多云
coach (bus) chángtú qìchē
[chahng-too chee-chur]
长途汽车
(tourist bus) lǚyóu chē [lyew-yoh chur]
旅游车
(on train) kèchē [kur-chur]
客车
coach station chángtú
qìchēzhàn [chang-too chee-chur-jahn]
长途汽车站
coach trip zuò chángtú qìchē
lǚxíng [dzwor chahng-too chee-chur lyew-hsing]
坐长途汽车旅行
coast hǎibīn
海滨

coat (long coat) dàyi [dah-yee]	kuāle [tah kwah-lur]
大衣	他垮了
coathanger yījià [yee-jyah]	collar yǐlǐng
衣架	衣领
cockroach zhāngláng [jahng-lahng]	collect qu—... [chew]
蟑螂	取
code (for phoning) diànhuà	I've come to collect—... wǒ lái
qūhào [dyen-hwah chew-how]	qu—... [wor]
电话区号	我来取
what's the (dialling) code for	collect call duìfāng fukuǎn
Beijing? Běijīng de diànhuà	[dway-fahng foo-kwahn]
qūhào shì duōshao? [dur – shur	对方付款
dwor-show]	college xuéyuàn [hsyew-eh-yew-ahn]
北京的电话区号是多少？	学院
coffee kāfēi [kah-fay]	colour yánsè [yahn-sur]
咖啡	颜色
two coffees, please qǐng lái	do you have this in other
liǎng bēi kāfēi [ching]	colours? yǒu biéde yánsè de
请来两杯咖啡	ma? [yoh byeh-dur – dur mah]
coin yìngbì [ying-bee]	有别的颜色吗？
硬币	colour film cǎisè jiāojuǎn [tsai-sur jyow-jyew-ahnr]
Coke® Kěkǒukělè [kur-koh-kur-lur]	彩色胶卷儿
可口可乐	comb shūzǐ [shoo-dzur]
cold lěng [lung]	梳子
冷	come lái
I'm cold wǒ juéde hěn	来
lěng [wor jyew-eh-dur hun lung]	dialogue
我觉得很冷	
I have a cold wǒ gǎnmào le	where do you come from?
[gahn-mow lur]	nǐ shì cóng nǎr láide? [shur tsoong nar lai-dur]
我感冒了	I come from Edinburgh
collapse: he's collapsed tā	

wǒ shì cóng Àidīngbǎo lái de [wor]

come back huílai [hway-lai]

回来

I'll come back tomorrow wǒ

míngtiān huílai [ming-tyen]

我明天回来

come in qǐng jìn [ching jin]

请进

comfortable shūfù [shoo-foo]

舒服

communism gòngchánpái [goong-chahn-pye]

共产主义

Communist Party

Gòngchánpái [-dahng]

共产党

Communist Party member

gòngchánpái yuán

[-dahng-yew-ahn]

共产党员

compact disc jīguāng

chàngpiàn [jee-gwahng chahng-

pyen]

激光唱片

company (business) gōngsī

[goong-sur]

公司

compass zhǐnánzhēn [jur-

nahn-jun]

指南针

complain mányuàn [mahn-

yew-ahn]

埋怨

complaint bàoyuàn [bow-yew-ahn]

抱怨

I have a complaint to make

wǒ xiǎng tí yí ge yìjiàn [wor hsyang tee yee gur yee-jyen]

我想提一个意见

completely wánwánquánquán

[wahn-wahn-chahn-chahn]

完完全全

computer diànnǎo [dyen-now]

电脑

concert yīnyuèhuì [yin-yew-

eh-hway]

音乐会

concussion nǎozhèndàng

[now-jun-dahng]

脑震荡

conditioner (for hair) hùfasù

[hoo-fah-soo]

护发素

condom bìyùntào [bee-yewnn-

tow]

避孕套

conference huìyì [hway-yee]

会议

congratulations! gōngxi!

gōngxi! [goong-hshee]

恭喜恭喜

connecting flight xiánjiē de

bānjī [hsyen-jyeh dur bahn-jee]

衔接的班机

connection (in travelling) liányùn

[lyen-yewnn]

联运

(rail) zhōngzhuǎn [joong-jwahn]	中转	correct (right) duì [dway]
constipation biànbì [byen-bee]	便秘	对
consulate lǐngshìguǎn [ling-shur-gwahn]	领事馆	corridor zǒuláng [dzoh-lahng]
contact (verb) liánxi [lyen-hshee]	联系	cosmetics huàzhuāngpǐn [hwah-jwahng-pin]
contact lenses yǐnxíng [yǎnjìng [yin-hsing yahn-jing]]	隐形眼镜	化妆品
contraceptive bìyùn yòngpǐn [bee-yewm yoong-pin]	避孕用品	cost (noun) jiàqián [jyah-chyen]
convenient fāngbiàn [fahng-byen]	方便	价钱
that's not convenient bù fāngbiàn	不方便	how much does it cost?
cooker lúzào [loo-dzow]	炉灶	duōshao qián? [dwor-show chyen]
cookie xiǎo bǐnggān [hsyow bing-gahn]	小饼干	多少钱?
cool liángkuai [lyang-kwai]	凉快	cotton miánhuā [myen-hwah]
corner: on the corner jiējiǎor [jyeh-jyowr]	街角儿	棉花
in the corner qiángjiǎor [chyang-jyowr]	墙角儿	cotton wool yàomián [yow-myen]
		药棉
		couchette wòpù [wor-poo]
		卧铺
		cough késou [kur-soh]
		咳嗽
		cough medicine zhīké yào [jur-kur yow]
		止咳药
		could: could you-...? nín kěyi-... ma? [kur-yee-... mah]
		您可以 ... 吗 ?
		I couldn't... wǒ bù néng ... [wor boo nung]
		我不能
		country (nation) guójia [gwor-jyah]
		国家

(countryside) xiāngcūn [hsyang-tsun]	than speaker) tángjiě [tahng-jyeh] 堂姐
乡村	(younger than speaker) tángmèi [tahng-may] 堂妹
couple (two people) fūfù [foo-foo]	cow nǎiniú [nain-yoh] 奶牛
夫妇	crab pángxiè [pahng-hsyeh] 螃蟹
a couple of... liǎngge-... [lyang-gur]	craft shop gōngyìpǐn shāngdiàn [goong-yee-pin] shahng-dyen] 工艺品商店
两个 ...	crash (noun: vehicle) zhuàng chē [jwahng chur] 撞车
courier xìnshí [hsin-shur]	crazy fēng [fung] 疯
信使	credit card xìnyòng kǎ [hsin-yoong kah] 信用卡
course: of course dāngrán [dahn-grahn]	do you take credit cards? shōu xìnyòng kǎ ma? [show – mah] 收信用卡吗 ?
当然	can I pay by credit card?
of course not dāngrán bù	wǒ kěyǐ yòng xìnyòng kǎ jiāo kuǎn ma? [wor kur-ye yoong hsin-yoong kah jyow kwahn mah] which card do you want to use? nín yóng de shì
当然不	
cousin (son of mother's brother: older than speaker) biǎogē [byow-gur]	
表哥	
(younger than speaker) biǎodì	
表弟	
(son of father's brother: older than speaker) tángxiōng [tahng-hsyoong]	
堂兄	
(younger than speaker) tángdì	
堂弟	
(daughter of mother's brother: older than speaker) biáojie [byow-jyeh]	
表姐	
(younger than speaker) biǎomèi [byow-may]	
表妹	
(daughter of father's brother: older	

dialogue

can I pay by credit card?
 wǒ kěyǐ yòng xìnyòng kǎ
 jiāo kuǎn ma? [wor kur-ye
 yoong hsin-yoong kah jyow
 kwahn mah]
 which card do you want
 to use? nín yóng de shì

shénme kā? [dur shur shun-mur kah]
Mastercard/Visa
yes, sir kěyǐ [kur-yee]
what's the number?
duōshao hàomǎ? [dвор-show how-mah]
and the expiry date? jí shí
guòqì? [jee shur gwor-chee]

crisps (zhá) tǔdōupiànr [(jah)
too-doh-pyenr]
(炸) 土豆片儿
crockery cānjù [tsahn-jyew]
餐具
crossing (by sea) guòdù [gwor-doo]
过渡
crossroads shízì lùkǒu [shur-dzur loo-koh]
十字路口
crowd rénqún [run-chewn]
人群
crowded yōngjǐ [yoong-jee]
拥挤
crown (on tooth) yáguàn [yah-gwahn]
牙冠
cruise zuò chuán lǚxíng [dzwor chwahn lyew-sing]
坐船旅行
crutches guǎizhàng [gawai-jahng]
拐杖
cry (verb) kū
哭

Cultural Revolution wénhuà dà gémìng [wun-hwah dah gur-ming]
文化大革命
cup bēizi [bay-dzur]
杯子
a cup of tea/coffee, please yì
bēi chá/kāfēi [bay]
一杯茶／咖啡
cupboard guìzǐ [gway-dzur]
柜子
cure (verb) zhìyù [jur-yew]
治愈
curly juǎnqūde [jwahn-chew-dur]
卷曲的
current (electric) diànlíu [dyen-lyoh]
电流
(in water) shuǐlíu [shway-lyoh]
水流
curry gālì [gah-lee]
咖喱
curtains chuānglián [chwahng-lyen]
窗帘
cushion diànzī [dyen-dzur]
垫子
custom fēngsú [fung-soo]
风俗
Customs hǎiguān [hai-gwahn]
海关
cut (noun) dāoshāng [dow-shahng]
刀伤
I've cut myself wǒ bǎ zìjǐ
gēshāng le [wor bah dzur-jee gur-

shahng lur】

我把自己割伤了

cutlery dāochā cānjù 【dow-chah

tsahn-jyew】

刀叉餐具

cycling qí zìxíngchē 【chee dzur-

hsing-chur】

骑自行车

cyclist qí zìxíngchē de rén

【dur run】

骑自行车的人

D

dad bàba 【bah-bah】

爸爸

daily měi tiān 【may tyen】

每天

damage (verb) sǔnhuài 【syewm-

hwai】

损坏

damaged sǔnhuài le

损坏了

I'm sorry, I've damaged this

duìbùqǐ, wó bǎ zhèi ge nòng

huài le 【dway-boo-chee wor bah

jay gur noong hwai lur】

对不起我把这个弄坏了

damn! zāole! 【dzow-lur】

糟了

damp (adj) cháoshī 【chow-shur】

潮湿

dance (noun) wǔdǎo 【woo-dow】

舞蹈

(verb) tiàowǔ 【tyow-woo】

跳舞

would you like to dance? nǐ

xiǎng tiàowǔ ma? 【hsyang

- mah】

你想跳舞吗 ?

dangerous wéixiǎn 【way-hsyen】

危险

Danish (adj) Dānmài 【dahn-mai】

丹麦

dark (adj) àn 【ahn】

暗

(colour) shēnsè 【shunsur】

深色

it's getting dark tiān héile

【tyen hay-lur】

天黑了

date*: what's the date today?

jīntiān jǐ hào? 【jin-tyen jee how】

今天几号 ?

let's make a date for next

Monday zánmen xiàge

xīngqīyī jiànmiàn 【zahn-mun

hsyah-gur - jyen-myen】

咱们下个星期一见面

daughter nǚ'ér 【nyew-er】

女儿

daughter-in-law érxífur 【er-

hshee-foor】

儿媳妇儿

dawn límíng

黎明

at dawn tiān gāng liàng 【tyen

gahng lyang】

天刚亮

day tiān tyen]	death sǐwáng [sur-wahng]
天	死亡
the day after dìèr tiān	December shí'èr yuè [shur-er
第二天	yew eh]
the day after tomorrow	十二月
hòutiān [hoh-tyen]	decide juédìng [jyew-eh-ding]
后天	决定
the day before qián yì tiān [chyen]	we haven't decided yet
前一天	wǒmen hái méi juédìng [wor-
the day before yesterday	mun hai may]
qiántiān [chyen-tyen]	我们还没决定
前天	decision juédìng
every day měitiān [may-tyen]	决定
每天	deck (on ship) jiábǎn [jyah-
all day zhěngtiān [jung-tyen]	bahn]
整天	甲板
in two days' time liǎng tiān	deep shēn [shun]
nèi [hay]	深
两天内	definitely yídìng
have a nice day zhù nǐ wánr	一定
de gāoxìng [joo nee wahnr dur	definitely not yídìng bù
gow-hsing]	一定不
祝你玩儿得高兴	degree (qualification) xuéwèi
day trip yírìyóu [yee-rur-yoh]	[hsyew-eh-way]
一日游	学位
dead sǐle [sur-lur]	delay (noun) wándiǎn [wahn-
死了	dyen]
deaf ěr lóng [loong]	晚点
耳聋	deliberately gùyì [goo-yee]
deal (business) mǎimài	故意
买卖	delicious hǎochī [how-chur]
it's a deal! yì yán wéi dìng! [yee yahn way]	好吃
一言为定	deliver sòng [soong]
	送
	delivery (of mail) sòngxìn

【soong-hsin】

送信

Denmark Dānmài 【dahn-mai】

丹麦

dentist yáyī 【yah-yee】

牙医

dialogue

it's this one here zhèr zhèi

kē 【jer jay kur】

this one? zhèi kē ma? 【mah】

no, that one bù, shì nèi kē

【shur nay】

here? zhèr?

yes duì 【dway】

dentures jiăyá 【jee-ah-yah】

假牙

deodorant chúchòujì 【choo-choh-jee】

除臭剂

department (administrative) bù

部

(academic) xì 【hshee】

系

department store bāihuò

dàlóu 【bai-hwor dah-loh】

百货大楼

departure lounge hòujīshì

【hoh-jee-shur】

候机室

depend: it depends on... nà

yào kàn... 【nah yow kahn】

那要看 ...

deposit yājīn 【yah-jin】

押金

dessert tiánpǐn 【tyen-pin】

甜品

destination mùdìdì

目的地

develop (film) chōngxǐ 【choong-hshee】

冲洗

dialogue

could you develop these

films? qǐng nín bāng wǒ

chōngxǐ yíxìa zhèi xiē

jiāojuǎnr, hǎo ma? 【ching nin

bahng wor choong-hshee yee-

hsyay jay hsyeh jyow-jyew-ahn

how mah】

yes, certainly kěyǐ 【kur-yee】

when will they be ready?

shénme shíhou néng

chōng hǎo? 【shun-mur shur-

hoh nung choong how】

tomorrow afternoon

míngtian xiàwǔ 【ming-tyen

hsyay-woo】

how much is the four-hour

service? sì xiǎoshí fúwù

duōshao qíán? 【sur hsyow-

shur foo-woo dwor-show】

diabetic (noun) tángniàobìng

rén 【tahng-nyow-bing run】

糖尿病人

dial (verb) bōhào [bor-how]	what's the difference? yǒu shénme bùtóng? [yoh shun-mur]
拨号	有什么不同 ?
dialling code diànhuà qūhào 【dyen-hwah chew-how】	different bùtóng 不同
电话区号	difficult kùnnan [kun-nahn] 困难
diamond zuànshí [dzwahn-shur]	difficulty kùnnan 困难
钻石	dining room cāntīng [tsahn-ting] 餐厅
diaper niàobù [nyow-boo]	dinner (evening meal) wǎnfàn 【wahn-fahn】 晚饭
尿布	to have dinner chī wǎnfàn 吃晚饭
diarrhoea lā dùzi [lah doo-dzur]	direct (adj) zhíjē [jur-jyeh] 直接
拉肚子	(flight) zhífēi [jur-fay] 直飞
do you have something for diarrhoea? nǐ yǒu zhì lā dùzi de yào ma? [nee yoh jur lah doo-dzur dur yow mah]	is there a direct train? yǒu zhídá huochē ma? [yoh jur-dah hwor-chur mah] 有直达火车吗 ?
你有治拉肚子的药吗 ?	direction fāngxiàng [fahng-hsyang] 方向
diary rìjì [rur-jee]	which direction is it? zài něige fāngxiàng? [dzai nay-gur] 在哪个方向 ?
日记	is it in this direction? shì zhèige fāngxiàng ma? [shur jay-gur – mah] 是这个方向吗 ?
dictionary cídiǎn [tsur-dyen]	
词典	
didn't* see not	
die sǐ [sur]	
死	
diet jíkǒu [jee-koh]	
忌口	
I'm on a diet wǒ zài jíkǒu [wor-dzai]	
我在忌口	
I have to follow a special diet wǒ děi chī guīding de yǐnshí [day chur gway-ding dur yin-shur]	
我得吃规定的饮食	
difference bùtóng [boo-toong]	
不同	

director zhūrén [joo-run]	hsing) nyow-boo】 (一次性) 尿布
主任 zhǔrén	distance jùlì 距离
dirt wūgòu [woo-goh]	in the distance zài yuǎnchù 【dzai yew-ahn-choo】 在远处
污垢 wūgòu	district dìqū [dee-chew] 地区
dirty zāng [dzahng]	disturb dárǎo [dah-row] 打扰
脏 zāng	divorced líhūn [lee-hun] 离婚
disabled cánfei [tsahn-fay]	dizzy: I feel dizzy wǒ tóuyūn 【wor toh-yewm】 我头晕
残疾 cánfei	do (verb) zuò [dzwor] 作
is there access for the disabled? yǒu cánjirén de tōngdào ma? [you tsahn-jee-run dur toong-dow mah]	what shall we do? nǐ xiǎng zuò shénme? [hsyang – shun-mur] 你想作什么？
有残疾人的通道吗？	how do you do it? gāi zěnme zuò? [dzun-mur] 该怎么做？
disaster zāinàn [dzai-nahn]	will you do it for me? máfan nǐ bāng wǒ zuò yíxià, hǎo ma? [mah-fahn nee bahng wor dzwor yee-hsyah how mah]
灾难 zāinàn	麻烦你帮我做一下好吗？
disco dískē [dee-sur-kur]	
迪斯科 dískē	
discount jiǎnjià [jyen-jyah]	
减价 jiǎnjià	
is there a discount? néng jiǎnjià ma? [nung – mah]	
能减价吗？	
disease jíbìng	
疾病 jíbìng	
disgusting ěxīn [ur-hsin]	
恶心 ěxīn	
dish (meal) cài [tsai]	
菜 cài	
(bowl) diézi [dyeh-dzur]	
碟子 diézi	
disk (for computer) ruǎnpán [rwahn-pahn]	
软盘 ruǎnpán	
disposable nappies/diapers (yícxìng) niàobù [(yee-tsür-	

dialogues

how do you do? nín hǎo?

【how】

nice to meet you jiàn dào
nín zhēn gāoxìng [jyen dow
nin jun gow-hsing]

what do you do? (work) nǐ
shì zuò shénme gōngzuò
de? [shur – goong-dzvor dur]
I'm a teacher, and you? wǒ
shì jiàoshī, nǐ ne? [wor –
nur]

I'm a student wǒ shì
xuésheng

what are you doing this
evening? nǐ jīnwǎn zuò
shénme? [jin-wahn]

we're going out for a drink,
do you want to join us?
wǒmen chū qù hē jiǔ, nǐ
xiǎng gēn wǒmen yí kuài
qù ma? [wor-mun choo chew
hur jyoh nee hsyang gun – kwair
chew mah]

do you want more rice? nǐ
hái yào fàn, ma? [yow fahn]
I do, but she doesn't wǒ
yào, tā bù yào [wor yow tah]

doctor yīshēng [yee-shung]

医生

please call a doctor qǐng nǐ
jiào ge yīshēng [ching nee jyow

gur】

请你叫个医生

dialogue

where does it hurt? nár
téng? [tung]

right here jiù zài zhèr [jyoh
dzai jer]

does that hurt now?
xiànzài hái téng ma?

[hsyahn-dzai – mah]

yes hái téng

take this prescription to
the chemist ná zhèi gè
yàofāng dào yàodiàn qù
pèi yào [nah jay gur yow-fahng
dow yow-dyen chew pay yow]

document wénjiàn [wun-jyen]

文件

dog gǒu [goh]

狗

domestic flight guónèi

hángbān [gwor-nay

hahng-bahn]

国内行班

don't!* búyào! [boo-yow]

不要

don't do that! bié zhème zuò
[byeh jur-mur zwor]

别这么做

see not

door mén [mun]

门

doorman bǎménrde [bah-munr-dur]	pee-jyoh] 生啤酒
把门儿的	draughty: it's draughty
double shuāng [shwahng]	zhèr tōngfēng [jer toong-fung] 这儿通风
双	drawer chōuti [choh-tee] 抽屉
double bed shuāngrén chuáng [—run chwahng]	drawing huìhuà [hway-hwah] 绘画
双人床	dreadful zāotòule [dzow-toh-lur] 糟透了
double room shuāngrén fáng(jiān) [fahng(jyen)]	dress (noun) liányīqún [lyen- yee-chewn] 连衣裙
双人房(间)	dressed: to get dressed chuān yīfu [chwahn] 穿衣服
down xià [hsyah]	dressing gown chényī [chun- yee] 晨衣
下	drink (noun: alcoholic) jiǔ [jyoh] 酒
down here jiù zài zhèr [jyoh dzai jer]	(non-alcoholic) yǐnliào [yin-lyow] 饮料
就在这儿	(verb) hē [hur] 喝
put it down over there gē zài nàr	a cold drink yì bēi léngyǐn [yee bay lung-yin] 一杯冷饮
搁在那儿	can I get you a drink? hēdiǎnr shénme ma? [dyenr shun-mur mah] 喝点儿什么吗?
it's down there on the right jiù zài yòubian [yoh-byen]	what would you like (to
就在右边	
it's further down the road zài wǎng qián [wahng chyen]	
再往前	
downstairs lóuxià [loh- hsyah]	
楼下	
dozen yì dá [dah]	
一打	
half a dozen bàn dá [bahn]	
半打	
dragon lóng [loong]	
龙	
draught beer shēng píjiǔ [shung	

- drink)? nǐ xiǎng hē diǎnr
shénme? [hsyang]
你想喝点儿什么？
no thanks, I don't drink
xièxie, wǒ bú huì hē jiǔ
[hsyeh-hsyeh wor boo hway hur jyoh]
谢谢我不会喝酒
I'll just have a drink of water
wǒ hē diánr shuǐ ba [shway bah]
我喝点儿水吧
drinking water yǐnyòngshuǐ
[yin-yoong-shway]
饮用水
is this drinking water? zhè
shuǐ kěyǐ hē ma? [jur shway kur-
yee hur ma]
这水可以喝吗？
drive (verb) kāichē [kai-chur]
开车
we drove here wǒmen
kāichē lái de [wor-mun kai-chur
lai dur]
我们开车来的
I'll drive you home wǒ kāichē
sòng nǐ huíjiā [wor kai-chur
soong nee hway-jyah]
我开车送你回家
driver sījī [sur-jee]
司机
driving licence jiàshǐ zhízhào
[jah-shur jur-jow]
驾驶执照
drop: just a drop, please (of
drink) zhēn de yì diǎnr,
xièxie [jun dur yee dyen hsyeh-
hsyeh]
真的一点儿谢谢
drugs (narcotics) dùpǐn
[doo-pin]
毒品
drunk (adj) hēzuìle [hur-dzway-
lur]
喝醉了
dry (adj) gān [gahn]
干
dry-cleaner gānxǐdiàn [gahn-
hshee-dyen]
干洗店
duck (meat) yā [yah]
鸭
due: he was due to arrive
yesterday tā yīnggāi shì
zuótīān dào [tah ying-gai dzwor-
tyen dow]
他应该昨天到
when is the train due?
huōchē jǐ diǎn dào? [hwor-chur
jee shur]
火车几点到？
dull (pain) yínyǐn zuòtòng
[dzwor-toong]
隐隐作痛
(weather) yíntiān [yin-tyen]
阴天
during zài... de shíhou [dzai-...
dur shur-hoh]
在 ... 的时候
dust huīchén [hway-chun]
灰尘

dustbin lájixiāng [lah-jee-hsyang]
垃圾箱
Dutch (adj) Hélán [hur-lahn]
荷兰
duty-free (goods) miǎnshuì
[myen-shway]
免税
duty-free shop miǎnshuì
shāngdiàn [shahng-dyen]
免税商店
dynasty cháodài [chow-dai]
朝代

E

each (every) měi [may]
每
how much are they each? yí
ge yào duōshao qián? [yee gur
yow dwor-show chyen]
一个要多少钱?
ear ērduo [er-dwor]
耳朵
earache: I have earache wó
ērduo téng [wor - tung]
我耳朵疼
early zǎo [dzow]
早
early in the morning yì zǎo
一早
I called by earlier wǒ zǎo xiē
shíhou láiguo [wor - hsyeh shur-
hoh lai-gwor]
我早些时候来过

earrings ěrhuán [er-hwahn]
耳环
east dōng [doong]
东
in the east dōngbiān [doong-
byen]
东边
East China Sea Dōng Hǎi
东海
easy róngyì [roong-yee]
容易
eat chī [chur]
吃

we've already eaten, thanks
xièxie, wǒmen yǐjing chīle
[hsyeh-hsyeh wor-mun -chur-lur]
谢谢我们已经吃了
economy class jīngjícāng
[tsahng]

经济舱
egg jīdàn [jee-dahn]
鸡蛋
either: either-... or-...
huòzhe-... huòzhe-... [hwor-
jur]

或者 ... 或者 ...
either of them něi liāngge dōu
kěyǐ [nay lyang-gur doh kur-yee]
那两个都可以
elastic band xiàngpíjīn
[hsyahng-]
橡皮筋儿
elbow gēbozhōur [gur-bor-
johr]
胳膊肘儿

electric diàn [dyen]	
电	
electric fire diàn lúzi [loo-dzur]	
电炉子	
electrician diàngōng [dyen-goong]	
电工	
electricity diàn [dyen]	
电	
elevator diàntī [dyen-tee]	
电梯	
else: something else biéde	
dōngxi [byeh-dur doong-hshee]	
别的东西	
somewhere else biéde difāng [dee-fahng]	
别的地方	

dialogue

would you like anything else? hái yào biéde ma? [yow – mah]
no, nothing else, thanks bú yào le, xièxie [lur hsyeh-hsyeh]

email diànnzi yóujìàn [dyen-dzur yoh-jyen]	
电子邮件	
embassy dàshíguǎn [dah-shur-gwahn]	
大使馆	

embroidery cíxiù [tsur-hsyoh]	
刺绣	
emergency jǐnjí qíngkuàng [ching-kwahng]	
紧急情况	
this is an emergency! jiùmìng! [jyoh-ming]	
救命	
emergency exit ānquánmén [ahn-choo-en-mun]	
安全门	
emperor huángdì [hwahng-dee]	
皇帝	
empress huánghòu	
皇后	
empty kōng [koong]	
空	
end (noun) mòduān [mor-dwahn]	
末端	
at the end of the street zhèi tiáo jiē de jǐntóu [jay tyow jyeh dur jin-toh]	
这条街的尽头	
when does it end? shénme shíhou jiéshù? [shun-mur shur-hoh jyeh-shoo]	
什么时候结束 ?	
engaged (toilet) yōurén [yoh-run]	
有人	
(phone) zhànxiàn [jahn-hsyen]	
占线	
(to be married) dìnghūnle [ding-hun-lur]	
定婚了	

England Yīngguó [ying-gwor]
英国
English (adj) Yīngguó [ying-gwor]
英国
(language) Yīngyǔ [ying-yew]
英语
I'm English wǒ shì Yīngguó
rén [wor shur - run]
我是英国人
do you speak English? ni
huìbuhuì shuō Yīngyǔ?
[hway-boo-hway shwor]
你会不会说英语？
enjoy: to enjoy oneself wánr
de hěn kāixīn [wahnr dur hun
kai-hsin]
玩儿得很开心

dialogue

how did you like the film?
ní juéde diànyǐng zěnme
yàng? [jyew-eh-dur dyen-ying
dzun-mur yang]
**I enjoyed it very much, did
you enjoy it?** wǒ juéde hěn
hǎo, nǐ ne? [wor - hun how
nee nur]

enjoyable lìng rén yúkuàide
[run yew-kwai-dur]
令人愉快的
enormous dàjíle [dah-jee-lur]
大极了

enough: that's enough gòule
[goh-lur]
够了
there's not enough bú gòu
不够
it's not big enough bú gòu
dà
不够大
entrance (noun) rùkǒuchù [roo-koh-choo]
入口处
envelope xìnfēng [hsin-fung]
信封
equipment shèbèi [shur-bay]
设备
(for climbing, sport etc) qìxiè
[chee-hsyeh]
器械
especially tèbié [tur-byeh]
特别
essential zhòngyào [joong-yow]
重要
it is essential that-... ... shì
juéduì bìyào de [shur jyew-eh-dway bee-yow dur]
... 是决对必要的
Europe Ōuzhōu [oh-joh]
欧洲
European (adj) Ōuzhōu
欧洲
even shènzhì [shun-jur]
甚至
even if-... jǐshǐ-... yě [jee-shur-... yur]
即使 ... 也

evening wǎnshang [wahn-shahng]
晚上
this evening jīntiān wǎnshang
[jin-tyen]
今天晚上
in the evening wǎnshang
晚上
evening meal wǎnfàn [wahn-fahn]
晚饭
eventually zuihòu [dzway-hoh]
最后
ever céngjīng [tsung-jing]
曾经

dialogue

have you ever been to
the Great Wall? nǐ qùguo
Chángchéng ma? [chew-gwor— mah]
yes, I was there two years
ago qùguo, liǎng nián qián
qùguo [chew-gwor lyang nyen
chyen chew-gwor]

every měige [may-gur]
每个
every day měitiān [may-tyen]
每天
everyone měige rén [may-gur
run]
每个人
everything měijiàn shìr [may-

jyen shur]
每件事儿
(objects) suōyōu de dōngxi
【swor-yoh dur doong-hshee】
所有的东西
everywhere měige dìfāng [may-gur dee-fahng]
每个地方
exactly! duìjíle!
【dway-jee-lur】
对极了
exam kǎoshì [kow-shur]
考试
example lìzi [lee-dzur]
例子
for example lìrú
例如
excellent hǎojíle [how-jee-lur]
好极了
except chúle-... yǐwài [choo-lur]
除了 ... 以外
excess baggage chāozhòng
xíngli [chow-joong hsing-lee]
超重行李
exchange rate duìhuàn lǜ
【dway-hwahn lyew】
兑换率
exciting (day) cìji [tsur-jee]
刺激
excuse me (to get past) láojià
【low-jyah】
劳驾
(to get attention) láojià, qǐng
wèn-... [ching wun]
劳驾请问

- (to say sorry) **duìbuqǐ** [dway-boo-chee]
对不起
- exhausted** (tired) **lèisile** [lay-sur-lur]
累死了
- exhibition** (of paintings etc)
zhánlǎn [jan-lan]
展览
- (trade fair etc) **jiāoyì huì** [jyow-yee hway]
交易会
- exit** **chūkǒu** [choo-koh]
出口
- where's the nearest exit?** **zùi jìn de chūkǒu zài nǎr?** [dzway jin dur choo-koh dzai]
最近的出口在哪儿？
- expensive** **guì** [gway]
贵
- experienced** **yǒu jīngyàn** [yoh jing-yen]
有经验
- explain** **jiěshì** [jyeh-shur]
解释
- can you explain that?** **nǐ néng jiěshì yíxià ma?** [nung – yee-sah mah]
你能解释一下吗？
- express** (mail) **kuàidi**
[kwai-dee]
快递
- (train) **kuàichē** [kwai-chur]
快车
- extension** (telephone) **fēnjī**
- [fun-jee]
分机
- extension** 221, please **qǐng guà èr èr yāo** [ching gwah er er yow]
请挂二二一
- extra:** can we have an extra
one? **qǐng zài lái yíge?** [dzai lai yee-gur]
请再来一个？
- do you charge extra for that?**
hái yào qián ma? [hai yow chyen mah]
还要钱吗？
- extremely** **fēicháng** [fay-chahng]
非常
- eye** **yǎnjing** [yahn-jing]
眼睛
- will you keep an eye on my
suitcase for me?** **máfan nín bāng wǒ kān yíxià tǐbāo, hǎo ma?** [mah-fahn nin bahng wor kahn yee-hsyah tee-bow how mah]
麻烦您帮我看一下提包好吗？
- eyeglasses** **yǎnjing** [yahn-jing]
眼镜

F**face** **liǎn** [lyen]

脸

factory **gōngchǎng** [goong-

chahng】
工厂
Fahrenheit huáshì [hwah-shur]
华氏
faint (verb) yūn [yewn]
晕
she's fainted tā yūndǎole [tah
yewn-dow-lur]
她晕倒了
I feel faint wǒ juéde yǒu diǎn
(tóu) yūn [wor jyew-eh-dur yoh
dyen (toh)]
我觉得有点(头)晕
fair (adj) gōngpíng
[goong-ping]
公平
fake mào pái [mow-pai]
冒牌
fall (verb: person) shuāidǎo
[shwai-dow]
摔倒
she's had a fall tā shuāile yì
jiāo [tah shwai-lur yee jyow]
她摔了一交
fall (US) qiūtiān [chyo-h-tyen]
秋天
in the fall qiūtiān
秋天
false jiǎ [jyah]
假
family jiātíng [jyah-ting]
家庭
famous yōumíng [yoh-ming]
有名
fan (electrical) fēngshàn [fung-

shahn】
风扇
(hand-held) shànzi
[shahn-dzur]
扇子
(sports) qiúmí [chyoh-mee]
球迷
fantastic (wonderful) tài hǎole
[tai-how-lur]
太好了
far yuǎn [yew-ahn]
远

dialogue

is it far from here? lí zhèr
yuǎn ma? [jer - mah]
no, not very far bú tài yuǎn
well, how far? duō yuǎn
ne? [dwoor - nur]
it's about 20 kilometres èr
shí gōnglǐ zuōyòu [goong-
lee dzwor-yoh]

fare chēfei [chur-fay]
车费
Far East Yuǎndōng [yew-ahn-
doong]
远东
farm nóngchǎng [noong-chahng]
农场
fashionable shímáo [shur-mow]
时髦
fast kuài [kwai]
快

fat (person) pàng [pahng]	feel gǎnjué [gahn-jyew-eh]
胖	感觉
(on meat) féiròu [fay-roh]	I feel hot wǒ juéde hěn rè [wor jyew-eh-dur hun rur]
肥肉	我觉得很热
father fùqīn [foo-chin]	I feel unwell wǒ juéde
父亲	bú tài shūfu [-dur - shoo-foo]
father-in-law yuèfū [yew-eh-foo]	我觉得不太舒服
岳父	I feel like going for a walk wǒ xiǎng qù zǒuzōu [hsyahng chew dzoh-dzoh]
faucet shuǐlóngtóu [shway-loong-toh]	我想去走走
水龙头	how are you feeling? nǐ juéde
fault cuò [tswor]	zěnme yàng le? [nee jyew-eh-dur dzun-mur - lur]
错	你觉得怎么样了？
sorry, it was my fault duìbuqǐ	I'm feeling better wǒ hǎo
shì wǒde cuò [dway-boo-chee]	diǎnr le [how dyenr]
shur wor-dur tswor]	我好点儿了
对不起是我的错	fence zhàlan [jah-lahn]
it's not my fault bú shì wǒde	栅栏
cuò	ferry bǎidù
不是我的错	摆渡
faulty yǒu máobìng [yoh mow-bing]	festival jiéri [jyeh-ree]
有毛病	节日
favourite zuì xǐhuan de [dzway hshee-hwahn dur]	fetch qǔ [chew]
最喜欢的	取
fax (noun) chuánzhēn [chwahn-jun]	I'll fetch him wǒ qù jiào tā lái
传真	[wor - jyow tah]
to send a fax fā chuánzhēn	我去叫他来
[fah]	will you come and fetch me
发传真	later? děng huìr nǐ lái jiē
February èryuè [er-yew-eh]	wǒ, hǎo ma? [dung hway - jyeh]
二月	等会儿你来接我好吗？

feverish	fāshāo	[fah-show]
发烧		
few: a few	yì xiē	[yee-hsyeh]
一些		
a few days	jǐ tiān	[tyen]
几天		
fiancé	wèihūnfū	[way-hun-foo]
未婚夫		
fiancée	wèihūnqī	[way-hun-chee]
未婚妻		
field	tiándì	[tyen-dee]
田地		
(paddy)	dàotián	[dow-tyen]
稻田		
fill in	tián	[tyen]
填		
do I have to fill this in?	wǒ yào tián zhèi zhāng biǎo ma?	[wor yow tyen jay jahng byow mah]
我要填这张表吗？		
filling (in cake, sandwich)	xiànr	[hsyenn]
馅儿		
(in tooth)	bǔ yá	[byew yah]
补牙		
film (movie)	diànyǐng	[dyen-ying]
电影		
(for camera)	jiāojuǎnr	[jyow-jew-ahnr]
胶卷儿		

dialogue

do you have this kind of film? nǐ yǒu zhèi zhōng jiāojuǎnr ma? [yoh jay-joong jyow-jyew-ahnr mah]
 yes, how many exposures? yǒu, nǐ yào duōshao zhāng de? [yow dwor-show jahng dur]
 36 sān shí liù zhāng (de)

filthy zāng [dzahng]
 肮脏
 find (verb) zhǎodào [jow-dow]
 找到
 I can't find it wǒ zhǎobúdào [wor jow-boo-dow]
 我找不到
 I've found it zhǎodàole [jow-dow-lur]
 找到了
 find out zhǎochū [jow-choo]
 找出
 could you find out for me? nǐ néng tì wǒ diàochá yíxià ma? [nung tee wor dyow-chah yee-hsyah mah]
 你能替我调查一下吗？
 fine (weather) qínglang [ching-lang]
 晴朗
 (punishment) fákuán [fah-kwahn]
 罚款

dialogues

how are you? nǐ hǎo ma?

[how mah]

I'm fine, thanks hěn hǎo,
xièxie [hun how hsyeh-hsyeh]

is that OK? zhèyàng xíng

ma? [jur-yang hsing mah]

that's fine, thanks xíng,
xièxie

finger shóuzhī [shoh-jur]

手指

finish (verb) zuò wán [dzwor
wahn]

作完

I haven't finished yet wǒ hái
méi nòng wán [wor hai may
noong wahn]

我还没弄完

when does it finish? shénme
shíhou néng wán? [shun-mur
shur-hoh nung]

什么时候能完？

fire huǒ [hwor]

火

(blaze) huǒzāi [hwor-dzai]

火灾

fire! zháohuǒle! [jow-hwor-lur]

着火了

can we light a fire here? zhè
néng diǎn huǒ ma? [jer nung
dyen hwor mah]

这儿能点火吗？

fire alarm huǒjǐng [hwor-
jing]

火警

fire brigade xiāofángduì
[hsyw-fahng-dway]

消防队

fire escape tàipingtī

太平梯

fire extinguisher mièhuǒqì
[myeh-hwor-chee]

灭火器

first dìyī

第一

I was first wǒ dìyī [wor]

我第一

first of all shǒuxiān [shoh-
hsyen]

首先

at first qǐchū [chee-choo]

起初

the first time dìyí cì [tsur]

第一次

first on the left zuōbian dì
yīge [zwor-byen – gur]

左边第一个

first aid jíjiù [jee-jyoh]

急救

first-aid kit jíjiùxiāng
[–hsyahng]

急救箱

first class (travel etc) yīděng
[yee-dung]

一等

first floor èr lóu [er loh]

二楼

(US) yī lóu 一楼	byeh-lur】 我的车胎瘪了
first name míngzì [ming-dzur] 名子	flavour wèidǎo [way-dow] 味道
fish (noun) yú [yew] 鱼	flea tiào zǎo [tyow-dzow] 跳蚤
fit: it doesn't fit me zhè duì wǒ bù héshì [jur dway wor boo hur-shur】	flight hángbān [hahng-bahn] 航班
这对我不合适	flight number hángbān hào 【how】 航班号
fitting room shì yī shì [shur yee shur】 试衣室	flood hóngshuǐ [hoong-shway] 洪水
fix: can you fix this? (repair) nǐ néng bǎ zhèige xiū hǎo ma? 【nung bah jay-gur hsyoh how mah】	floor (of room: wooden) dibǎn 地板
你能把这个修好吗？	(storey) lóu [loh] 楼
fizzy yǒuqíde [yoh-chee-dur] 有气的	(in hotel etc) céng [tsung] 层
flag qí [chee] 旗	on the floor zài dìshang [dzai dee-shahng】 在地上
flannel (xǐliǎn) máojīn [(hshee- lyen) mow-jin】 洗脸毛巾	florist huādiàn [hwah-dyen] 花店
flash (for camera) shǎnguāngdēng [shahn-gwahng- dung】	flower huā [hwah] 花
闪光灯	flu liúgǎn [lyoh-gahn] 流感
flat (noun: apartment) dānyuán 【dahn-yew-ahn】	fluent: he speaks fluent Chinese tā Hànyǔ jiǎngde
单元	hěn liúlì [tah hahn-yew jyang-dur hun lyoh-lee】 他汉语讲得很流利
(adj) píngtān [ping-tahn] 平坦	fly (noun) cāngying [tsahng-ying] 苍蝇
I've got a flat tyre wǒde chētāi biēle [wor-dur chur-tai]	

(verb) fēi [fay]

飞

can we fly there? dào nàr yǒu
fēijī ma? [dow nar yoh fay-jee
mah]

到那儿有飞机吗？

fog wù

雾

foggy: it's foggy yǒu wù [yoh]

有雾

folk dancing míngjiān wǔdǎo

[min-jyen woo-dow]

民间舞蹈

folk music míngjiān yīnyuè [yin-
yew-eh]

民间音乐

food shíwù [shur-woo]

食物

(in shops) shípǐn [shur-pin]

食品

food poisoning shíwù

zhòngdú [joong-doo]

食物中毒

food shop, food store shípǐn

diàn [shur-pin dyen]

食品店

foot (measurement) yīngchǐ

[ying-chur]

英尺

(of person) jiǎo [jyow]

脚

to go on foot bùxíng [boo-
hsing]

步行

football (game) zúqiúsài [dzoo-

chyoh-sai]

足球赛

(ball) zúqiú [dzoo-chyoh]

足球

for*: do you have something

for...? (illness) nǐ yǒu zhì... de
yào ma? [yoh -jur yow mah]

你有治 ... 的药吗？

dialogues

who are the dumplings

for? zhèi xiē jiǎozi shì shéi

(jiào) de? [jay hsyeh jyow-dzur
shur shay (jyow) dur]

that's for me shì wǒ de

[shur wor]

and this one? zhèi gè ne?

[jay gur nur]

that's for her shì tā de [shur
tah]

where do I get the bus for

Beijing? qù Běijīng zài nár

zuò chē? [chew – dzai nar

dzwor chur]

the bus for Beijing leaves

from Donglu Street qù

Běijīng de chē zài Dōnglù

kāi [chew – dur chur dzai]

how long have you been

here? nǐ lái zhèr duō cháng

shíjiān le? [jer dwor chahng

shur-jyen lur]

I've been here for two days, how about you? wǒ láile liǎng tiān le, nǐ ne?
[wɔ̄ lai-lur lyang tyen lur nee nur]

I've been here for a week wǒ láile yíge xìngqī le [yee-gur hsing-chee lur]

Forbidden City Gùgōng [goo-goong]

故宫

foreign wàiguó [wai-gwor]

外国

foreigner wàiguó rén [run]

外国人

forest sēnlín [sun-lin]

森林

forget wàng [wahng]

忘

I forget, I've forgotten wǒ

wàngle [wor -lur]

我忘了

fork (for eating) chā [chah]

叉

(in road) chàlù [chah-loo]

岔路

form (document) biǎo [byow]

表

formal (dress) zhèngshì [jung-shur]

正式

fortnight liǎngge xìngqī [lyang-gur hsing-chee]

两个星期

fortunately xìngkuī [hsing-kway]

幸亏

forward: could you forward my mail? nín néng bāng wó zhuǎn yíxià xìn ma? [nung bahng wor jwahn yee-hsyah hsin mah]

您能帮我转一下信吗？

forwarding address zhuǎnxìn
dizhǐ [jwahn-hsin dee-jur]

转信地址

fountain pēnquán [pun-chew-ahn]

喷泉

foyer xiūxīting [hsyoh-see-ting]

休息厅

fracture (noun) gǔzhé [gyew-jur]

骨折

France Fǎguó [fah-gwor]

法国

free zìyóu [dzur-yoh]

自由

(no charge) miǎn fēi [myen fay]

免费

is it free (of charge)? miǎn fēi de ma? [dur mah]

免费的吗？

French (adj) Fǎguó [fah-gwor]

法国

(language) Fáyǔ [fah-yew]

法语

French fries zhá tǔdòu tiáo [jah too-doh tyow]

炸土豆条

frequent jīngcháng [jing-chahng]
经常
how frequent is the bus to the
Forbidden City? dào Gùgōng
qù de gōnggòng qìchē
duōcháng shíjian kāi yì bān?
【dow goo-goong chew dur goong-
goong chee-chur dwor-chahng shur-
jen kai yee bahn】
到故宫去的公共汽车
多长时间开一班？
fresh (weather, breeze) qīngxīn
【ching-hsin】
清新
(fruit etc) xiān [hsyen]
鲜
fresh orange juice xiān júzhī
【jyew-jur】
鲜桔汁
Friday xīngqī wǔ [hsing-chee-
woo]
星期五
fridge bīngxiāng [-hsyahng]
冰箱
fried (shallow-fried) jiānde
【jyen-dur】
煎的
(deep-fried) zháde [jah-dur]
炸
(stir-fried) chǎode [chow-dur]
炒
fried egg jiān jídàn [jyen jee-
dahn]
煎鸡蛋

fried noodles chǎomiàn [chow-
myen]
炒面
fried rice chǎofàn [chow-fahn]
炒饭
friend péngyou [pung-yoh]
朋友
friendly yǒuhǎo [yoh-how]
友好
friendship yǒuyì [yoh-yee]
友谊
friendship store yǒuyì
shāngdiàn [yoh-yee shahng-dyen]
友谊商店
from* cóng [tsoong]
从
how far is it from here? lí zhèr
duō yuǎn? [jer dwor ywahn]
离这儿多远？
when does the next train from
Suzhou arrive? cóng Sūzhōu
lái de xià yì bān huōchē jǐdiǎn
dàodá? [tsoong soo-joh lai dur
hsyah yee bahn hwor-chur jee-dyen
dow-dah]
从苏州来的下一班火
车几点到达？
from Monday to Friday cóng
xīngqī yī dào xīngqī wǔ
[tsoong hsing-chee-yeo dow hsing-
chee]
从星期一到星期五
from next Thursday cóng xià
xīngqī sì qī [hsyah - sur chee]
从下星期四起

dialogue

where are you from? nǐ shì
nár de rén? [shur nar-duh run]
I'm from Slough wǒ shì
Slough láide rén [wor shur
– lai-dur]

front qiánmian [chyen-myen]
前面
in front, at the front zài
qiánbianr [dzai chyen-byenr]
在前边儿
in front of the hotel zài
fāndiàn qiánmian [dzai fahn-
dyen chyen-myen]
在饭店前面
frozen bīngdòngde [bing-doong-
dur]
冰冻的
fruit shuǐguǒ [shway-gwor]
水果
fruit juice guǒzhī [gwor-jur]
果汁
full mǎn [mahn]
满
it's full of... límian dōu shì ...
[lee-myen doh shur]
里面都是 ...
I'm full wǒ bǎole [wor bow-lur]
我饱了
full board shí zhù quán bāo
[shur joo choo-en bow]
食住全包
fun: it was fun hěn hǎo wánr

[hun how wahnr]
很好玩儿
funeral zànglì [dzahng-lee]
葬礼
funny (strange) qíuguài [chee-
gwai]
奇怪
(amusing) yǒu yìsi [yoh yee-sur]
有意思
(comical) huájī [hwah-jee]
滑稽
furniture jiājù [jyah-jyew]
家具
further: it's further down the
road zài wǎng qián zǒu [dzai
wahng chyen soh]
再往前走

dialogue

how much further is it to
the Forbidden City? dào
Gùgōng hái yǒu duōshao
lù? [dow – yoh dwor-show]
about 5 kilometres dàyuē
wǔ gōnglì (lù) [dah-yew-eh
woo goong-lee]

future jiānglái [jyang-lai]
将来
in future jiānglái
将来

G

- game (cards etc) **yóuxì** [yo-hshee]
游戏
(match) **bǐsài**
比赛
(meat) **yěwèi** [yur-way]
野味
garage (for fuel) **jiāyóu zhàn**
[jah-yoh jahn]
加油站
(for repairs) **qīchē xiūlíchǎng**
[chee-chur hsyoh-lee-chahng]
汽车修理厂
(for parking) **chēkù** [chur-koo]
车库
garden **huāyuán** [hwah-yew-ahn]
花园
garlic **dàsuàn** [dah-swahn]
大蒜
gas **méiqì** [may-chee]
煤气
gasoline **qìyóu** [chee-yoh]
汽油
gas station **jiāyóu zhàn** [jyah-yoh jahn]
加油站
gate **dàmén** [dah-mun]
大门
(at airport) **dēngjíkǒu** [dung-jee-koh]
登机口

- gay **tóngxìngliàn** [toong-hsing-lyen]
同性恋
general (adj) **yì bān** [yee bahn]
一般
gents' toilet **nán cèsuǒ** [nahntsur-swor]
男厕所
genuine (antique etc) **zhēnzhèng**
[jun-jung]
真正
German (adj) **Déguó** [dur-gwor]
德国
(language) **Déyǔ** [dur-yew]
德语
Germany **Déguó**
德国
get (fetch) **qǔ** [chew]
取
could you get me another
one, please? **qǐng nǐ zài gěi**
wǒ yí ge hǎo ma? [ching nee dzai gay wor yee gur how mah]
请你再给我一个好吗？
how do I get to...? **qù...**
zěnme zǒu? [chew-... dzun-mur dzoh]
去 ... 怎么走？
do you know where I can get
them? **nǐ zhīdao wǒ zài nǎr**
néng mǎi dào ma? [jee-dow wor dzai nar nung mai dow mah]
你知道我在哪儿能买到吗？

dialogue

can I get you a drink? hē
diānr shénme ma? [hur dyenr
shun-mur mah]
no, I'll get this one, what
would you like? zhèi huí
wǒ lái mǎi, nǐ xiǎng hē
shénme? [jay hway wor
– hsyahng hur]
a glass of Maotai (lái) yì
bēi Máotáijiǔ [bay]

get back huílai [hway-lai]
回来
get in (arrive) dàodá [dow-dah]
到达
get off: where do I get off? wǒ
zài nár xià chē? [wor dzai nar
hsyah chur]
我在哪儿下车?
get on (to train etc) shàng chē
[shahng chur]
上车
get out (of car etc) xià chē
[hsyah-chur]
下车
get up (in the morning) qǐchuáng
[chee-chwahng]
起床
gift lǐwù [lee-woo]
礼物
gift shop lǐwù shāngdiàn
[shahng-dyen]
礼物商店

ge

ginger shēngjiāng [shung-jyang]
生姜
girl nǚ háir [nyew]
女孩儿
girlfriend nǚ péngyou [pung-
yoh]
女朋友
give gěi [gay]
给
can you give me some
change? qǐng gěi wǒ líng
qián, hǎo ma? [ching gay wor ling
chyen how mah]
请给我零钱好吗?
I gave ... to him wǒ bǎ ... sòng
gěi tā [wor bah ... soong gay tah]
我把 ... 送给他
will you give this to...? qǐng
bǎ zhèige sònggěi ...? [ching
bah jay-gur soong-gay]
请把这个送给 ... ?
give back huán [hwahn]
还
glad gāoxìng [gow-sing]
高兴
glass (material) bōli [bor-lee]
玻璃
(for drinking) bōli bēi [bay]
玻璃杯
a glass of wine yì bēi jiǔ
一杯酒
glasses yǎnjìng [yahn-jing]
眼镜
gloves shǒutào [shoh-tow]
手套

glue jiāoshuǐr [jyow-shwayr]	go down (the stairs etc) xià [hsyah]
胶水儿	下
go qù [chew]	go in jìn 进
去	go out (in the evening) chūqu [choo-chew]
we'd like to go to the	出去
Summer Palace wǒmen	do you want to go out
xiǎng qù Yínhéyuán [wor-mun hsyahng]	tonight? nǐ jīntiān wǎnshang xiǎng chūqù ma? [jin-tyen wahn-shahng hsyahng – mah]
我们想去颐和园	你今天晚上想出去吗 ?
where are you going? nǐ qù nǎr?	go through chuān [chwahn]
你去哪儿 ?	穿
where does this bus go? zhèi	go up (the stairs etc) shàng [shahng]
liàng chē qù nǎr? [jay lyang chur]	上
这辆车去哪儿 ?	God shàngdì 上帝
let's go! wǒmen zǒu ba! [wor- mun dzoh bah]	gold (metal) huángjīn [hwahng- jin]
我们走吧	黄金
she's gone tā yǐjing zǒule [tah yee-ying zoh-lur]	(colour) jīnsè [jin-sur]
她已经走了	金色
where has he gone? tā dào nǎr qù le? [dow]	good hǎo [how]
他到哪儿去了 ?	好
I went there last week wǒ shì shàng xīngqī qù nàr de [wor shur shahng hsing-chee]	good! hǎo!
我是上星期去那儿的	好
go away líkāi	it's no good bù hǎo
离开	不好
go away! zǒu kāi! [dzoh]	goodbye zàijiàn [dzai-jyen]
走开	再见
go back (return) huí [hway]	good evening nǐ hǎo [how]
回	你好

good morning nǐ zǎo [zow]	grandmother (maternal) wàipó [wai-por]
你早	外婆
good night wǎn'ān [wahn-ahn]	(paternal) nǎinai
晚安	奶奶
goose é [ur]	grandson (daughter's son) wài sūnzi [sun-dzur]
鹅	外孙子 (son's son) sūnzi
gorge xiá [hsyah]	孙子
峡	grapefruit pútáoyòu [poo-tow-yoh]
got: we've got to leave	葡萄柚
wǒmen déi zǒu le [wor-mun	grapes pútáo [poo-tow]
day zoh lur]	葡萄
我们得走了	grass cǎo [tsow]
have you got any-...? nǐ yǒu	草
... ma? [yoh ... mah]	grateful gǎnjī [gahn-jee]
你有 ... 吗 ?	感激
government zhèngfǔ [jung-foo]	great (excellent) hǎojíle [how-jee-lur]
政府	好极了
gradually jiànjiàn de [yen-yjen	a great success jùdà
dur]	chéngjiù [joo-dah chung-jyoh]
渐渐地	巨大成就
grammar yǔfǎ [yew-fah]	greedy (for money etc) tānxīn
语法	[tahn-hsin]
gram(me) kè [kur]	贪心
克	(for food) chán [chahn]
granddaughter (daughter's	馋
daughter) wàisūnnǚr [wai-sun-	green lǜsè(de) [lyew-sur(-dur)]
nyewr]	绿色的
外孙女儿	greengrocer's càiidiàn [tsai-dyen]
(son's daughter) sūnnǚr	菜店
孙女儿	
grandfather (maternal) wàigōng	
[wai-goong]	
外公	
(paternal) yéye [yur-yur]	
爷爷	

grey huīsè(de) [hway-sur(-dur)]
灰色的

grilled kǎo [kow]
烤

grocer's záhuòdiàn [dzah-hwör-dyen]
杂货店

ground: on the ground zài dì
shàng [dzai dee shahng]
在地上

ground floor yī lóu [loh]
一楼

group (tourist etc)
cānguāntuán [tsahn-gwahn-twahn]
参观团

(study, work etc) xiǎozú [hsyow-dzyew]
小组

guarantee (noun) bǎozhèng
[bow-jung]
保证

is it guaranteed? bǎo bù
bǎoxiū? [bow – hsyoh]
保不保修？

guest kèréν [kur-run]
客人

guesthouse bīnguǎn [bing-wahn]
宾馆

guide (tour guide) dǎoyóu [dow-yoh]
导游

guidebook dǎoyóu shǒucè

[shoh-tsur]
导游手册

guided tour yōu dǎoyóu de
yóulǎn [yoh – dur yoh-lahn]
有导游的游览

guitar jítā [jee-tah]
吉他

gum (in mouth) chǐyín [chur-yin]
齿龈

gym tiyùguǎn [tee-yoo-gwahn]
体育馆

H

hair tóufa [toh-fah]
头发

haircut lǐfa [lee-fah]
理发

hairdresser's lǐfàdiàn [dyen]
理发店

hairdryer diànchuiāfēng [dyen-chway-fung]
电吹风

hair spray pēnfājì
[pun-fah-jee]
喷发剂

half* (adj) bàn [bahñ]
半

(noun) yí bàn
一半

half an hour bàn xiǎoshí
[hsyow-shur]
半小时

Ha

half a litre	bàn shēng	[shung]	what has happened?	fāshēng
半升			le shénme shìr la?	[fah-shung lur shun-mur lah]
about half that	nàme duō yí		发生了什么事儿啦？	
bàn	[nah-mur dwor]		happy	kuàile
那么多一半			快乐	[kwai-lur]
half board	bàn shísù		I'm not happy about this	
	[shur-soo]		wǒ duì zhèige bù mǎnyì	
半食宿			[wor dway jay-gur boo mahng-yee]	
half-bottle	bàn píng		我对这个不满意	
半瓶			harbour	gángkǒu
half fare	bànfèi	[bahn-fay]		[gahng-koh]
半费			港口	
half price	bànjia	[bahn-jyah]	hard	yìng
半价			硬	
ham	huōtui	[hwor-tway]	(difficult)	nán
火腿			难	[nahng]
hamburger	hàn'bǎobāo		hardly: hardly ever	hěn shǎo
	[hahn-bow-bow]			[hun show]
汉堡包			很少	
hand	shǒu	[shoh]	hard seat	yìngxí
手				[ying-hshee]
handbag	shǒutíbāo	[shoh-tee-bow]	硬席	
手提包			hardware shop	wǔjīn
handkerchief	shǒujuànr	[shoh-jwahnr]		(shāng) diàn
手绢儿				[woo-jin (shahng) dyen]
hand luggage	shǒutí xíngli		五金(商)店	
	[shoh-tee hsing-lee]		hat	màozi
手提行李			帽子	[mow-dzur]
happen	fāshēng	[fah-shung]	hate (verb)	hèn
发生			恨	[hun]
what's happening?	zěnme		have*	yǒu
huí shìr?	[dzun-mur hway shur]		有	[yoh]
怎么回事儿？			can I have a-...? (asking for	

something) **qǐng gěi wǒ...** **hǎo ma?** [ching gay wor... how]

请给我 ... 好吗 ?

(ordering food) **qǐng lái..., hǎo ma?** [ching]

请来 ... 好吗 ?

(in shop) **wǒ xiǎng mǎi... [wor hsyahng]**

我想买 ...

do you have-...? nǐmen yǒu... ma? [nee-mun yoh... mah]

你们有 ... 吗 ?

what'll you have? nǐ xiǎng hē shénme? [hsyahng hur shun-mur]

你想喝什么 ?

I have to leave now wǒ děi zǒu le [wor day dzoh lur]

我得走了

do I have to-...? wǒ děi-... ma?

我得 ... 吗 ?

hayfever huāfēnrè [hwah-fun-rur]

花粉热

he* tā [tah]

他

head tóu [toh]

头

headache tóuténg [toh-tung]

头疼

hear tīngjian [ting-jyen]

听见

dialogue

can you hear me? nǐ néng tīngjiàn ma? [nung ting-jyen mah]

I can't hear you, could you repeat that? duìbuqǐ, tīngbujiàn, nǐ néng zài shuō yí biàn ma? [dway-boo-chee ting-boo-jyen – dzai shwor yee byen]

hearing aid zhùtīngqì [joo-ting-chee]

助听器

heart xīnzàng [hsin-dzahng]

心脏

heart attack xīnzàngbìng [–bing]

心脏病

heat rè [rur]

热

heater sànrèqì [sahn-rur-chee]

散热器

heating nuǎnqì [nwahn-chee]

暖器

heavy zhòng [joong]

重

heel (of foot) jiǎogēn

[jyow-gun]

脚跟

(of shoe) **xié hòugēn** [hsyeh]

鞋后跟

could you heel these? qǐng gěi wǒ dǎ hoùgēn, hǎo ma?

【ching gay wor dah – how mah】	herbs (for cooking) zuóliào
请给我打后跟好吗？	【dzwor-lyow】
heelbar xiūxiépù 【hsyoh-hsyeh-poo】	作料 (medicinal) cǎoyào 【tsow-yow】
修鞋铺	草药
helicopter zhíshēng fēijī 【jur-shung fay-jee】	here zhèr 【jer】
直升飞机	这儿
hello nǐ hǎo 【nee how】	here is/are... zhèr shì ... 【shur】
你好	这儿是 ...
(answer on phone) wéi 【way】	here you are gěi nǐ 【gay】
喂	给你
help bāngzhù 【bahng-joo】	hers* tāde 【tah-dur】
帮助	她的
help! jiùmìng! 【jyoh-ming】	that's hers zhè shì tāde 【jur-shur】
救命	这是她的
can you help me? nǐ néng	hey! hēi! 【hay】
bù néng bāngbāng wǒ? 【nung bahng-bahng wor】	嘿
你能不能帮帮我？	hi! (hello) ní hǎo! 【how】
thank you very much for your	你好
help xièxie níde bāngmáng	high gāo 【gow】
【hsyeh-hsyeh nee-dur】	高
谢谢你的帮忙	hill shān 【shahn】
helpful bāngle bú shǎo máng	山
【bahng-lur boo show mahng】	him* tā 【tah】
帮了不少忙	他
hepatitis gānyán 【gah-nyen】	hip túnbù 【tun-boo】
肝炎	臀部
her* tā 【tah】	hire (bike, car) zū 【dzoo】
她	租
that's her towel nà shì tāde	(guide, interpreter) gù
máojīn 【nah shur tah-dur	顾
mow-jin】	for hire chūzū 【choo-dzoo】
那是她的毛巾	出租
	where can I hire a bike? zài

när néng zū dào zìxíngchē?	honeymoon miyuè [mee-yew-eh]
【dzai nar nung zoo dow dzi-hsing-chur】	蜜月
在哪儿能租到自行车？	Hong Kong Xiānggǎng
his* tāde [tah-dur]	【hsyahng-gahng】
他的	香港
hit (verb) dǎ [dah]	hope xīwàng [hshee-wahng]
打	希望
hitch-hike dā biànchē [byen-chur]	I hope so wǒ xīwàng shì zhèi yàng [wor – shur jay yang]
搭便车	我希望是这样
hobby shihào [shur-how]	I hope not wǒ xīwàng bú shì zhèi yàng
嗜好	我希望不是这样
hole dòng [doong]	hopefully xīwàng rúcǐ [hshee-wahng roo-tsur]
洞	希望如此
holiday (public) jiàqì [jyah-chee]	horrible kěpà [kur-pah]
假期	可怕
(festival) jiéri [jyeh-ree]	horse mǎ [mah]
节日	马
on holiday dùjià [doo-jyah]	horse riding qí mǎ [chee]
度假	骑马
home jiā	hospital yīyuàn [yee-yew-ahn]
家	医院
at home (in my house etc) zài jiā	hospitality hào kè [how-kur]
【dzai】	好客
在家	thank you for your
we go home tomorrow (to country)	hospitality xièxie nín de
wǒmen míngtian huí guó [wor-mun ming-tyen hway gwor]	shèngqíng kuǎndài [hsyeh-hsyeh nin-dur shung-ching kwahn-dai]
我们明天回国	谢谢您的盛情款待
honest chéngshí [chung-shur]	hot rè [rur]
诚实	热
honey fēngmì [fung-mee]	
蜂蜜	

(spicy) là [lah]

辣

I'm hot wǒ juéde hěn rè [wor
jyew-eh-dur hun rur]

我觉得很热

it's hot today jīntiān hěn rè
[jin-tyen]

今天很热

hotel (small) lǚguǎn [lyew-
gwahn]

旅馆

(luxury) fàndiàn [fahn-dyen]

饭店

hour xiǎoshí [hsyow-shur]

小时

house fángzi [fahng-dzur]

房子

how zěnme [dzun-mur]

怎么？

how many? (if answer is likely
to be more than ten) duōshao?

[dwoh-show]

多少？

(if answer is likely to be ten or less)
jǐge? [jee-gur]

几个？

how do you do? nǐ hǎo

[how]

你好？

dialogues

how are you? nǐ hǎo ma?

[mah]

fine, thanks, and you?

hěn hǎo, nǐ ne? [hun –
nur]

how much is it? duōshao
qián? [chyen]

17 yuan shí qī kuài [shur
chee kwai]

I'll take it wǒ mǎi [wor]

humid cháo shī [chow-shur]

潮湿

hungry è [ur]

饿

are you hungry? nǐ èle ma?
[ur-lur mah]

你饿了吗？

hurry: I'm in a hurry wǒ hěn jí
de [wor hun jee dur]

我很急的

there's no hurry mǎnmàn lái
[mahn-mahn]

慢慢来

hurry up! kuài diǎnr! [kwai
dyenr]

快点儿

hurt (verb) téng [tung]

疼

it really hurts zhēn téng [jun
tung]

真疼

husband zhàngfu [jahng-foo]

丈夫

I wǒ [wor]

我

ice bīng

冰

with ice jiā bīngkuair [jyah

bing-kwair]

加冰块儿

no ice, thanks bù jiā

bīngkuair, xièxie [boo jyah bing-
kwair hsyeh-hsyeh]

不加冰块儿谢谢

ice cream bīngqlín [bing-

chee-lin]

冰淇淋

ice-cream cone dànjuǎnr

bīngqlín [dahn-jyew-ahnr]

蛋卷儿冰淇淋

ice lolly bīnggùnr [bing-gunr]

冰棍儿

idea zhǔyi [joo-yee]

主意

idiot shāguā [shah-gwah]

傻瓜

if rúguō [roo-gwor]

如果

ill bìngle [bing-lur]

病了

I feel ill wǒ juéde bù shūfu

[wor jyew-eh-dur]

我觉得不舒服

illness jǐbìng

疾病

imitation (leather etc) fāng

[fahng]

仿

immediately mǎshàng [mah-
shahng]

马上

important zhòngyào [joong-
yow]

重要

it's very important hěn

zhòngyào [hun joong-yow]

很重要

it's not important bú

zhòngyào

不重要

impossible bù kěnéng [kur-
nung]

不可能

impressive (building, view)

xióngwěi [hsyoong-way]

雄伟

improve tígāo [tee-gow]

提高

I want to improve my

Chinese wǒ xiǎng tígāo

wǒde Hán yǔ shuǐpíng [wor
hsyahng – wor-dur hah-yew shway-
ping]

我想提高我的汉语水平

in*: it's in the centre zài

zhōngjiān [dzai joong-jyen]

在中间

in my car zài wǒde chē li [wor-
dur chur lee]

在我的车里

in London zài Lúndūn
在伦敦
in two days from now liǎng
tiān zhī hòu [tyen jur hoh]
两天之后
in five minutes wǔ fēn
zhōng (zhī) nèi [fun joong (jur)
nay]
五分钟(之)内
in May zài wǔyuè
在五月
in English yòng Yīngyǔ
用英语
in Chinese yòng Hán yǔ
用汉语
is Mr Li in? Lǐ xiānsheng zài
ma? [hsyahng-shung dzai mah]
李先生在吗?
inch yǐngcùn [ying-tsun]
英寸
include bāokuò [bow-kwor]
包括
does that include meals? zhè
bāokuò fàn qián ma? [jur – fahn
chyen mah]
这包括饭钱吗?
is that included? nèige yě
bāokuò zài nèi ma? [nay-gur
yur]
那个也包括在内吗?
inconvenient bù fāngbiàn
[fahng-byen]
不方便
India Yìndù [yin-doo]
印度

Indian (adj) Yìndù
印度
indigestion xiāohuà bù liáng
[hsyow-hwah boo lyang]
消化不良
Indonesia Yìndùnixiāya [yin-
doo-nee-hshee-yah]
印度尼西亚
indoor pool shìnei
yóuyǒngchí [shur-nay yoh-
yoong-chur]
室内游泳池
indoors shìnei [shur-nay]
室内
inexpensive piányi [pyen-yee]
便宜
infection gǎnrǎn [gahn-rahn]
感染
infectious chuánrǎn [chwahn-
rahn]
传染
inflammation fāyán [fah-yen]
发炎
informal (clothes) suībiàn [sway-
byen]
随便
(occasion) fēi zhèngshì [fay jung-
shur]
非正式
information xiāoxi [hsyow-
hshee]
消息
do you have any information
about...? nǐ yǒu guānyú ...
de xiāoxi ma? [nee yoh gwahn-

yew dur – mah】

你有关于 ... 的消息吗 ?

information desk wènxùnchù

【wun-hsyewn-choo】

问讯处

injection dǎzhēn 【dah-jun】

打针

injured shòushāng 【shoh-shahng】

受伤

she's been injured tā

shòushāng le 【tah – lur】

她受伤了

inner tube (for tyre) nèitāi 【nay –】

内胎

innocent wúgū

无辜

insect kūnchóng 【kun-choong】

昆虫

insect bite chóngzi yǎo de

【choong-dzur yow dur】

虫子咬的

do you have anything for

insect bites? yǒu zhì chóng

yǎo de yào ma? 【yoh jur choong

yow dur yow mah】

有治虫咬的药吗 ?

insect repellent qūchóngjì

【chew-choong-jee】

驱虫剂

inside* zài-... lǐ 【dzai-... lee】

在 ... 里

inside the hotel zài lǚguǎn

lǐmiàn

在旅馆里面

let's sit inside wǒmen jìnqù

zuò ba 【wor-mun jin-chew dzwor

bah】

我们进去坐吧

insist: I insist wǒ jiānchí 【wor

jyen-chur】

我坚持

instant coffee sùróng kāfēi

【soo-roong kah-fay】

速溶咖啡

insulin yídǎosù 【yee-dow-soo】

胰岛素

insurance bǎoxiǎn 【bow-hsyen】

保险

intelligent cōngming 【tsoong-

ming】

聪明

interested: I'm interested in-...

wǒ duì... hěn gǎn xìngqù

【wor dway... hun gahn

hsing-chew】

我对 ... 很感兴趣

interesting yǒu yìsi 【yoh yee-sur】

有意思

that's very interesting hěn

yǒu yìsi 【hun】

很有意思

international guójì

【gwor-jee】

国际

Internet guójì wǎngluò 【gwor-

jee wahng-luo】

国际网罗

interpreter fānyì 【fahn-yee】

翻译

intersection (US) shízì lùkǒu

- 【shur-dzur loo-koh】
十字路口
- interval (at theatre) mùjiān xiūxi
【moo-jyen hsyoh-hshee】
幕间休息
- into: I'm not into... wǒ duì ...
bù gǎn xìngqù [wor dway ... boo
gahn hsing-chew] 我对 ... 不感兴趣
- introduce jièshào [jeh-show]
介绍
- may I introduce-...? wǒ lái
jièshào yíxià, zhèi wèi
shì... [wor – yee-hsyah jay-way
shur] 我来介绍一下这位是 ...
- invitation yāoqing
【yow-ching】
邀请
- invite yāoqing
邀请
- Ireland Ài'ěrlán [ai-er-lahn]
爱尔兰
- Irish Ài'ěrlán [ai-er-lahn]
爱尔兰
- I'm Irish wǒ shì Ài'ěrlán rén
【wor shur ai-er-lahn run】
我是爱尔兰人
- iron (for ironing) yùndǒu [yewn-
doh] 熨斗
- can you iron these for me?
qǐng nǐ bāng wǒ yùnyùn zhè
xié yīfú, hǎo ma? [ching nee
bahng wor yun-yun jur hsyeh yee-
- foo how mah]
请你帮我熨熨这些衣
服好吗？
- is* shì [shur]
是
- island dǎo [dow]
岛
- it tā [tah]
它
- it is..., it was ... shì... [shur]
是 ...
- is it...? shì... ma? [mah]
是 ... 吗？
- where is it? zài nǎr? [dzai]
在哪儿？
- Italian (adj) Yídàlì [yee-dah-lee]
意大利
- Italy Yídàlì
意大利
- itch: it itches yǎng
痒

J

- jacket jiākè [jah-kur]
茄克
- jade yù [yew]
玉
- jam guōjiàng [gwor-jyang]
果酱
- January yīyuè [yee-yew-eh]
一月
- Japan Rìběn [ree-bun]
日本

jar guànzi [gwahn-dzur]	shùnfēng! [shun-fung] 一路顺风
罐子	
jasmine tea mòlihuā chá [mor-lee hwah chah]	jug guàn [gwahn] 罐
茉莉花茶	a jug of water yí guànr shuǐ 一罐儿水
jaw xiàba [hsyah-bah]	July qīyuè [chee-yew-eh] 七月
下巴	jumper tāoshān [tow-shahn] 套衫
jazz juéshì yuè [jyeweh-shur yeweh]	junction (road) jiāochākǒu [jyow-chah-koh] 交叉口
爵士乐	jeans niúzǎikù [nyoh-dzai-koo] 牛仔裤
jealous jìdù 忌妒	June liùyuè [lyoh-yew-eh] 六月
jeans niúzǎikù [nyoh-dzai-koo] 牛仔裤	just (only just) jǐnjǐn 仅仅
jetty mǎtóu [mah-toh] 码头	(with numbers) zhǐ [jur] 只
jeweller's zhūbǎo (shāng)dìàn [joo-bow (shahng)-dyen] 珠宝(商)店	just two zhǐ yào liǎngge [yow] 只要两个
jewellery zhūbǎo 珠宝	just for me jiù wǒ yào [jyoh wor] 就我要
Jewish Yóutàiérén de [yoh-tai-run dur] 犹太人的	just here jiù zài zhèr [dzai jer] 就在这儿
job gōngzuò [goong-dzvor] 工作	not just now xiànzài bùxíng [hsyen-dzai boo-hsing] 现在不行
jogging pǎobù [pow-boo] 跑步	we've just arrived wǒmen gāng dào [wor-mun gahng dow] 我们刚到
to go jogging qù pǎobù [chew] 去跑步	
joke wánxiào [wahn-hsyow] 玩笑	
journey lǚxíng [lyew-sing] 旅行	
have a good journey! yílù	

K

keep liú [lyoh]

留

keep the change búyòng

zhǎo le [boo-yoong jow lur]

不用找了

can I keep it? wǒ kěyi

liúzhe ma? [wor kur-yee lyoh-jur mah]

我可以留着吗？

please keep it qǐng liúzhe ba
[ching – bah]

请留着吧

kettle shuǐhú [shway-hoo]

水壺

key yàoshi [yow-shur]

钥匙

the key for room 201,

please qǐng gěi wǒ èr líng

yāo fáng de yàoshi [ching

gay wor er ling yow fahng dur

yow-shur]

请给我二零一房的钥匙

keyring yàoshi quān [yow-shur
choo-en]

钥匙环

kidneys (in body) shènzàng

[shun-dzahng]

肾脏

(food) yāozi [yow-dzur]

腰子

kill shā [shah]

杀

kilo gōngjīn [goong-jin]

公斤

kilometre gōnglǐ [goong-lee]

公里

how many kilometres is it

to...? qù ... yǒu duōshao
gōnglǐ? [chew ... yoh dow-show]

去 ... 有多少公里？

kind (type) zhǒng [joong]

种

that's very kind nǐ zhēn hǎo

[nee jun how]

你真好

dialogue

which kind do you want? nǐ

yào nǎ yí zhǒng? [yow nah]

I want this/that kind wǒ

yào zhèi/nèi yì zhǒng [wor
yow jay/nay]

king guówáng [gwor-wahng]

国王

kiosk shòuhuótíng [shoh-hwör-
ting]

售货亭

kiss wěn [wun]

吻

kitchen chífáng [choo-fahng]

厨房

Kleenex® zhījīn [jur-jin]

纸巾

knee xīgài [hshee-gai]

膝盖

Ké

knickers sānjiǎokù [sahn-jyow-koo]
三角裤

knife dāozi [dow-dzur]
刀子

knock (verb) qiāo [chyow]
敲

knock over (object) dǎ fān [dah fahn]
打翻

(pedestrian) zhuàng dǎo [jwahng dow]
撞倒

know (somebody) rènshì [run-shur]
认识

(something, a place) zhīdao [jur-dow]
知道

I don't know wǒ bù zhīdao
我不知道

I didn't know that nà wǒ bù zhīdao [nah]
那我不知道

do you know where I can buy...? nǐ zhīdao wǒ zài nǎ néng mǎi dào ...? [wor dzai nar nung mai dow]
你知道我在哪儿能买到 ... ?

Korean (adj) Cháoxiān [chow-hsyen]
朝鲜

L

lacquerware qīqì [chee-chee]
漆器

ladies' room, ladies' toilets nǚ cèsuō [nyew tsur-swor]
女厕所

ladies' wear nǚzhuāng [nyew-jwahng]
女装

lady nǚshì [nyew-shur]
女士

lager píjiǔ [pee-jyoh]
啤酒

lake hú [hoo]
湖

lamb (meat) yánggròu [yang-roh]
羊肉

lamp dēng [dung]
灯

lane (motorway) chēdào [chur-dow]
车道

(small road) hútòng [hoo-toong]
胡同

language yǔyán [yew-yen]
语言

language course yǔyán kè [kur]
语言课

Laos Lǎowō [low-wor]
老挝

large dà [dah]
大

last (final) zuihòu [dzway-hoh]
最后
last week shàng xīngqī [shahng hsing-chee]
上星期
last Friday shàng xīngqī wǔ
上星期五
last night zuótīān wǎnshang [dzwor-tyen wahn-shahng]
昨天晚上
what time is the last train to Beijing? qù Běijīng de zuìhòu yì bān huōchē jǐ diǎn kāi? [chew – dur dzway-hoh yur bahns hwor-chur jee dyen]
去北京的最后一班火车几点开?
late (at night) wǎn [wahn]
晚
(delayed) chí [chur]
迟
sorry I'm late duìbuqǐ, wǒ lái wǎnle [dway-boo-chee wor lai wahn-lur]
对不起我来晚了
the train was late huōchē lái wǎnle [hwor-chur]
火车来晚了
we must go – we'll be late wömen děi zǒule láibujíle [wor-mun day dzoh-lur lai-boo-jee-lur]
我们得走了来不及了
it's getting late bù zǎole [dzow-lur]
不早了

later hòulái [hoh-lai]
后来
I'll come back later wǒ guò yǐhuǐr zài lái [wor gwor yee-hwayr dzai]
我过一会儿再来
see you later huítóujian [hway-toh-jyen]
回头见
later on hòulái
后来
latest zuìhòu [dzway-hoh]
最后
(most recent) zuìjìn [dzway-jin]
最近
by Wednesday at the latest zuìwǎn xīngqīsān
最晚星期三
laugh (verb) xiào [hsyow]
笑
laundry (clothes) xǐyī [hshee-yee]
洗衣
(place) xǐyīdiàn [-dyen]
洗衣店
lavatory cèsuǒ [tsur-swor]
厕所
law fǎlù [fah-lyew]
法律
lawyer lùshī [lyew-shur]
律师
laxative xièyào [hsyeh-hyow]
泄药
lazy lǎn [lahn]
懒

lead: where does this road
lead to? zhè tiáo lù tōng nǎr
 qù? [jur tyow loo toong nar
 chew]
 这条路通哪儿去？
leak: the roof leaks wūdǐng
 lóule [woo-ding loh-lur]
 屋顶漏了
learn xuéxí [hsyew-eh-hshee]
 学习
least: not in the least yìdiǎnr
 dōu bù [yee-dyenr doh bu]
 一点儿都不
at least zhishǎo [jee-show]
 至少
leather pígé [pee-gur]
 皮革
leave (depart) zǒu [dzoh]
 走
 I am leaving tomorrow wǒ
 míngtian zǒu [wor ming-tyen]
 我明天走
when does the bus for
Beijing leave? qù Běijīng de
 qìchē jǐ diǎn kāi? [chew – dur
 chee-chur jee dyen]
 去北京的汽车几点开？
may I leave this here? wǒ
 néng bǎ zhèige liú zài zhèr
 ma? [wor nung bah jay-gur lyoh
 dzai jer mah]
 我能把这个留在这儿
 吗？
he left yesterday tā shì
 zuótīān líkāi de [tah shur dzwor-

tyen lee-kai dur]
 他是昨天离开的
I left my coat in the bar wǒ
 ba wǒde dàyi liú zài jiǔbājān
 [bah wor-dur dah-yee lyoh dzai
 jyoh-bah-jyen]
 我把我的大衣留在酒
 吧间
there's none left shénme dōu
 búshèng [shun-mur doh boo-
 shung]
 什么都不剩
left zuǒ [dzwor]
 左
on the left zài zuōbiānr [dzai
 dzwor-byenr]
 在左边儿
to the left wǎng zuǒ [wahng]
 往左
turn left wǎng zuǒ guǎi [gwai]
 往左拐
left-handed zuópiězi [dzwor-
 pyeh-dzur]
 左撇子
left luggage (office) xíngli
 jícúnchù [hsing-lee jee-tsun-
 choo]
 行李寄存处
leg tuǐ [tway]
 腿
lemon níngméng [ning-mung]
 柠檬
lemonade níngméng qìshuǐ
 [chee-shwayr]
 柠檬汽水儿

lemon tea níngméngchá [n-chah] 柠檬茶	letter xìn [hsin] 信
lend jiè [jyeh] 借 will you lend me your-...? qǐng ba nǐde ... jiè gěi wǒ [ching bah nee-dur ... jyeh gay wor] 请把你的 ... 借给我 ?	do you have any letters for me? yǒu xìn, ma? [yoh hsin mah] 有信吗 ?
lens (of camera) jǐngtóu [jing-toh] 镜头	letterbox xìnxīāng [hsin- hsyahng] 信箱
less shǎo [show] 少 less than ... bǐ ... shǎo 比 ... 少 less expensive than ... bǐ ...	library túshūguǎn [too-shoo- gwahn] 图书馆
piányi [pyen-yee] 比 ... 便宜	lid gài [gair] 盖儿
lesson kè [kur] 课 let: will you let me know? nǐ dào shíhou gàosu wǒ, hǎo ma? [dow shur-hoh gow-soo wor how mah] 你到时候告诉我好吗 ?	lie (tell untruth) shuōhuǎng [shwor-hwahng] 说谎
I'll let you know wǒ dào shíhou gàosu nǐ 我到时候告诉你 let's go for something to eat chīfàn, ba [chur-fahn bah] 吃饭吧	lie down tǎng [tahng] 躺
let off: will you let me off at...? wǒ zài... xià, xíng ma? [dzai... hsyah hsing] 我在 ... 下行吗 ?	life shēnghuó [shung-hwor] 生活
	lifebelt jiùshēngquān [jyo-h- shung-choo-en] 救生圈
	lifeguard jiùshēngyuán [jyo-h- shung-yew-ahn] 救生员
	life jacket jiùshēngyī [jyo-h- shung-yee] 救生衣
	lift (in building) diàntī [dyen-tee] 电梯
	could you give me a lift? nǐ néng bù néng ràng wǒ dāge

chē? [nung – rahng wor dah-gur chur]

你能不能让我搭个车？

light (noun) dēng [dung]

灯

(not heavy) qīng [ching]

轻

do you have a light? (for cigarette) nǐ yǒu huǒ ma? [nur yoh hwor mah]

你有火吗？

light bulb dēngpào [dung-pow]

灯泡

I need a new light bulb wǒ xūyào yíge xīn dēngpào [wor hsyoo-yow yee-gur hsin]

我需要一个新灯泡

lighter (cigarette) dǎhuōjī [dah-hwör-jee]

打火机

lightning shǎndiàn [shahn-dyen]

闪电

like xǐhuan [hshee-hwahn]

喜欢

I like it wǒ xǐhuan [wor]

我喜欢

I don't like it wǒ bù xǐhuan

我不喜欢

I like you wǒ xǐhuan nǐ

我喜欢你

do you like-...? nǐ xǐhuan-... ma? [mah]

你喜欢 ... 吗？

I'd like a beer wǒ xiǎng hē

yèpíng píjiǔ [hsyahng hur yee-ping]

我想喝一瓶啤酒

I'd like to go swimming wǒ xiǎng qù yóuyǒng

我想去游泳

would you like a drink? nǐ xiǎng hē diànr shénme ma? [hur dyenr shun-mur]

你想喝点儿什么吗？

would you like to go for a walk? nǐ xiǎng bu xiǎng qù zǒuyizǒu? [chew dzoh-yee-dzoh]

你想不想去走一走？

what's it like? tā xiàng shénme? [tah]

它象什么？

I want one like this wǒ yào tónglèide [yow toong-lay-dur]

我要同类的

line xiàn [hsyen]

线

could you give me an outside

line? qǐng gěi wǒ wài xiàin, hǎo ma? [ching gay wor wai-hsyen how dzwaymah]

请给我外线好吗？

lips zuǐchún [dzway]

嘴唇

lip salve chúnghāo [chun-gow]

唇膏

lipstick kǒuhóng [koh-hoong]

口红

listen tīng

听

litre	shēng	【shung】	
升			
little	xiǎo	【hsyow】	
小			
just a little, thanks	jiù yìdiǎnr,		
xièxie	【jyoh yee-dyenr hsyeh-hsyeh】		
就一点儿谢谢			
a little milk	yìdiǎnr níunǎi		
【nyoh-nai】			
一点儿牛奶			
a little bit more	duō yìdiǎnr		
【dwar yee-dyenr】			
多一点儿			
live (verb)	zhù	【joo】	
住			
we live together	wǒmen zhù		
zài yìqǐ	【wor-mun joo dzai yee-chee】		
我们住在一起			

dialogue

where do you live? nǐ zhù zài nǎr? 【joo dzai】
I live in London wǒ zhù zài Lúndūn 【wor】

lively (person)	huópo	
【hwor-por】		
活泼		
(town)	rènao	【rur-now】
热闹		
liver (in body, food)	gān	【gahn】
肝		

lobby (in hotel)	qiántīng	【chyen-ting】
前厅		
lobster	lóngxiā	【loong-hsyah】
龙虾		
local	difāngde	【dee-fahng-dur】
地方的		
lock	suǒ	【swor】
锁		
it's locked	suǒshang le	【swor shahng lur】
锁上了		
lock out: I've locked myself out	wǒ bǎ zìjǐ suǒ zài ménwài le	【wor bah dzur-jee swor dzai mun-wai lur】
我把自己锁在门外了		
locker (for luggage etc)	xiǎochúguì	【hsyow-choo-gway】
小橱柜		
London	Lúndūn	
伦敦		
long	cháng	【chahng】
长		
how long does it take?	yào duōcháng shíjian?	【yow dwor-chahng shur-jyen】
要多长时间？		
how long will it take to fix it?	bǎ zhěige dōngxi xiǔlí hǎo	
	yào duōcháng shíjian?	【bah jay-gur doong-hshee hsyoolee hao】
把这个东西修理好要		
多长时间？		
a long time	hěn cháng shíjian	

【hun】	I'm looking forward to it wǒ pànwàng 【wor-pahng-wahng】
很长时间 one day/two days longer	我盼望
yí liǎng tiān duō 【tyen dwor】	松
一／两天多	loose (handle etc) sōng 【soong】
long-distance call	卡车
chángtú	lose diū 【dyoh】
长途电话	丢
look: I'm just looking, thanks	I'm lost wǒ mílùle 【wor mee-loo-lur】
wǒ zhǐshì kàn yìkàn, xièxie 【wor jur-shur kahn-yee-kahn hsyeh-hsyeh】	我迷路了
我只是看一看谢谢	I've lost my bag wǒ bǎ
you don't look well	dai zi diūle 【bah dai-dzur dyoh-lur】
kànqǐlái, ní shèntǐ bù shūfú	我把带子丢了
【kahn-chee-lai nee shun-tee boo shoo-foo】	lost property (office) shīwù
看起来你身体不舒服	zhāolǐng chù 【shur-woo jow-ling choo】
look out!	失物招领处
xǐaoxīn! 【hsyow-hsin】	lot: a lot, lots hěnduō 【hun-dwör】
小心	很多
can I have a look?	not a lot bù duō
kěyi	不多
kānkan ma?	a lot of people hěnduō rén
【kur-yee kahn-kahn mah】	【run】
可以看看吗？	很多人
look after	a lot bigger dà de duō 【dah dur】
zhàokàn 【jow-kahn】	大得多
照看	I like it a lot wǒ hén xǐhuan
look at	【wor hun hshee-hwahn】
kàn 【kahn】	我很喜欢
看	loud dàshēng de 【dah-shung dur】
look for	大声的
zhǎo 【jow】	
找	
I'm looking for... wǒ zhǎo ...	
【wor jow】	
我找 ...	
look forward to	
pànwàng 【pahn-wahng】	
盼望	

lounge (in house) kètīng [kur-ting]
客厅
(in hotel) xiūxishì [hsyoh-hshee-shur]
休息室
love (noun) liánài [lyen-ai]
恋爱
(verb) ài
爱
I love China wǒ ài Zhōngguó [wor ai joong-gwɔr]
我爱中国
lovely (person) kěài [kur-ai]
可爱
(thing) hěn hǎo [hun how]
很好
low (bridge) dī
低
(prices) piányide [pyen-yee-dur]
便宜的
luck yùnqi [yewnn-chee]
运气
good luck! zhù nǐ shùnlì! [joo nee shun-lee]
祝你顺利
luggage xíngli [hsing-lee]
行李
luggage trolley xínglichē [—chur]
行李车
lunch wǔfàn [woo-fahn]
午饭
luxurious háohuá [how-hwah]
豪华

luxury (comfort etc) gāojí [gow-jee]
高级
(extravagance) shēchǐ [shur-chee]
奢侈
lychee lízhī [lee-jur]
荔枝

M

machine jīqì [jee-chee]
机器
magazine zázhì [dzah-jur]
杂志
maid (in hotel) nǚ fúwùyuán [nyew foo-woo-yew-ahn]
女服务员
mail (noun) yóujiàn [yoh-jyen]
邮件
(verb) jì
寄
is there any mail for me? yǒu wòde xìn ma? [yoh wor-dur hsin mah]
有我的信吗？
see postal service
mailbox xìnxìang [hsin-hsyahng]
信箱
main zhǔyào de [joo-yow dur]
主要的
main course zhǔcài [joo-tsai]
主菜
main post office dà yóujú [dah

yoh-joo】 大邮局	dzur】 柑子
main road dàlù 【dah-loo】 大路	many hěn duō 【hun dwor】 很多
make (brand name) pái 牌	not many bù duō 不多
(verb) zhìzào 【jur-dzow】 制造	map dìtú 地图
I make it 10 yuan, OK? wǒ suàn shí kuài qián, hǎo ma? 【wor swahn shur kwai chyen how mah】 我算十块钱好吗？	March sānyuè 【sahn-yew-eh】 三月
what is it made of? zhè shì yòng shénme zào de? 【jur shur yoong shun-mur dzow dur】 这是用什么造的？	margarine rénzào húangyóu 【run-zow hwahng-yoh】 人造黄油
make-up huàzhuāngpǐn 【hwah-jwahng-pin】 化妆品	market shìchǎng 【shur-chahng】 市场
Malaysia Mǎláixīyà 【mah-lai-hshee-yah】 马来西亚	married: I'm married wǒ jiéhūnle 【wor jyeh-hun-lur】 我结婚了
man nánrén 【nahnn-run】 男人	are you married? nǐ jiéhūnle ma? 【nee jyeh-hun-lur mah】 你结婚了吗？
manager jīnglǐ 经理	martial arts wǔshù 武术
can I see the manager? kěyì jiànjian jīnglǐ ma? 【kur-yee jyen-jyen – mah】 可以见见经理吗？	mascara jiémáogāo 【jyeh-mow-gow】 睫毛膏
Mandarin Pǔtōnghuà 【poo-toong-hwah】 普通话	match (sport) bǐsài 比赛
mandarin orange gānzi 【gahn-	football match zúqiú sài 【dzoo-chyoh】 足球赛
	matches huǒchái 【hwor-】 火柴
	material (fabric) bù 布

matter: it doesn't matter méi guānxi [may gwahn-hshee]
没关系
what's the matter? zěnmele? [dzun-mur-lur]
怎么了?
mattress chuángdiàn [chwahng-dyen]
床垫
May wǔyuè [woo-yew-eh]
五月
may: may I have another one?
qǐng zài lái yīge [ching dzai lai yee-gur]
请再来一个
may I come in? wǒ néng jìnlái ma? [wor nung jin-lai mah]
我能进来吗?
may I see it? wǒ néng kàn ma? [kahn]
我能看吗?
may I sit here? wǒ néng zuò zhèr ma? [zwar jer]
我能坐这儿吗?
maybe kěnéng [kur-nung]
可能
me* wǒ [wor]
我
that's for me zhè shì wǒde [jer shur wor-dur]
这是我的
send it to me qǐng sòng gěi wǒ [ching soong gay]
请送给我

me too wǒ yě [yur]
我也
meal fàn [fahn]
饭

dialogue

did you enjoy your meal? chīde hái hǎo ma? [chur-dur hai how mah]
it was excellent, thank you hěn hǎo, xièxie [hun how hsyeh-hsyeh]

mean: what do you mean? nǐ zhǐde shì shénme? [nee jur-dur shur shun-mur]
你指的是什么?

dialogue

what does this word mean? zhěige cí shì shénme yìsi? [jay-gur tsur – yee-sur]
it means... in English yòng yīngwen shì ... de yìsi [yoong ying-wun – dur]

meat ròu [roh]
肉
medicine (Western) xīyào [hshee-yow]
西药
(Chinese) zhōngyào [joong-yow]
中药

- medium** (adj: size) zhōngděng
[joong-dung]
中等
- medium-rare** (steak) bànhshēng
de [bahn-shung dur]
半生的
- medium-sized** zhōnghào
[joong-how]
中号
- meet** pèngjiàn [pung-jyen]
碰见
- nice to meet you** jiàndào nǐ
hěn gāoxìng [jyen-dow nee hun
gow-hsing]
见到你很高兴
- where shall I meet you?** wǒ
zài nǎr jiàn nǐ? [wor dzai-nar
jyen]
我在哪儿见你？
- meeting** huì(yì) (hway-yee)
会(议)
- melon** guā [gwah]
瓜
- men** nánde [nahndur]
男的
- mend** (machine, bicycle) xiūlǐ
[hsyoh-lee]
修理
- (clothes) féngbǔ [fung-boo]
缝补
- could you mend this for me?**
qǐng gěi wǒ xiūlǐ yíxià hǎo
ma? [ching gay wor - yee-hsyah
how mah]
请给我修理一下好吗？
- men's room** nán cèsuǒ [nahns
tsur-swor]
男厕所
- menswear** nánzhuāng [nahnj
jwahng]
男装
- mention** shuōdào [shwor-dow]
说到
- don't mention it** búyòng kèqi
[boo-yoong kur-chee]
不用客气
- menu** cǎidānr [tsai-dahr]
菜单儿
- may I see the menu, please?**
qǐng lái cǎidānr, hǎo ma?
[ching lai tsai-dahr - how mah]
请来菜单儿好吗？
- see menu reader page 244**
- message** xìnr [hsinr]
信儿
- are there any messages for
me?** yǒu wǒde xìn shénmede
ma? [yoh wor-dur hsin shun-mur
dur mah]
有我的信什么的吗？
- I want to leave a message
for...** wǒ xiǎng gěi ... liúge
xìnr [hsyahng gay ... lyoh-gur]
我想给 ... 留个信儿
- metal** jīnshǔ [jin-shoo]
金属
- metre** mǐ
米
- midday** zhōngwǔ [joong-woo]
中午

- at midday zhōngwǔ
中午
- middle*: in the middle zài
zhōngjiān [dzai joong-jyen]
在中间
- in the middle of the night yèlì
[yur-lee]
夜里
- the middle one zhōngjiānde
[joong-jyen-dur]
中间的
- midnight bānyè [bahn-yur]
半夜
- at midnight bānyè [bahn-yur]
半夜
- might: I might ... yěxǔ ... [yur-hsoo]
也许
- I might not ... yěxǔ bù ...
也许不 ...
- mild (taste) wèidàn
[wei-dahn]
味淡
- (weather) nuǎnhuo [nwahn-hwor]
暖和
- mile yǐnglǐ
英里
- milk niúnǎi [nyoh-nai]
牛奶
- millimetre háomǐ [how-mee]
毫米
- mind: never mind méi guānxi
[may gwahn-hshee]
没关系
- I've changed my mind wǒ

gǎibiàn zhǔyì le [wor gai-byen
joo-yeer lur]
我改变主意了

dialogue

do you mind if I open the window? wǒ kāi chuāng,
xíngbùxíng? [chwahng hsing-
boo-hsing]
no, I don't mind xíng
[hsing]

mine*: it's mine shì wǒde [shur
wor-dur]
是我的

mineral water kuàngquánshuǐ
[kwahng-choo-en-shway]
矿泉水儿

Ming Tombs shísānlíng [shur-sahn-ling]
十三陵

minute fēn(zhōng) [fun(-joong)]
分(钟)

in a minute yǐnhuǐr [yee-hwayr]
一会儿

just a minute děng yǐnhuǐr
[dung]
等一会儿

mirror jīngzǐ [jing-dzur]
镜子

Miss xiǎojiě [hsyow-jyeh]
小姐

miss: I missed the bus wǒ méi
gǎnshàng chē [wor may gahn-]

shahng chur】 我没赶上车	joong】 就一分钟
missing: my-... is missing wōde ... diūle 【wor-dur ... dyoh-lur】 我的 ... 丢了	monastery (Buddhist) sìyuàn 【sur-yew-ahn】 寺院
there's a suitcase missing yíge yīxiāng diūle 【yee-gur yee- hsyahng dyoh-lur】 一个衣箱丢了	Monday xīngqīyī 【hsing-chee- yee】 星期一
mist wù 雾	money qián 【chyen】 钱
mistake cuò(wù) 【tswor-】 错(误)	Mongolia Ménggǔ 【mung-goo】 蒙古
I think there's a mistake zhèr yǒuge cuòr 【jer yoh-gur】 这儿有个错儿	Mongolian (adj) Ménggǔ 蒙古
sorry, I've made a mistake dùibùqǐ, wǒ nòngcùole 【dway-boo-chee wor noong-tswor- lur】 对不起我弄错了	monk sēng 【sung】 僧
misunderstanding wùhuì 【woo-hway】 误会	month yuè 【yew-eh】 月
mobile phone shǒutí dianhua 【shoh-tee dyen-hwah】 手提电话	monument jìniànbēi 【jin-yen- bay】 纪念碑
modern xiàndài 【hsyen-dai】 现代	moon yuèliang 【yew-eh-lyang】 月亮
moisturizer cāliányóu 【tsah- lyen-yoh】 擦脸油	more* gèng duō 【gung dwor】 更多
moment: I won't be a moment jiù yifēn zhōng 【jyoh yee-fun	can I have some more water, please? qǐng zài lái diǎnr shuǐ? 【ching dzai lai shway】 请再来点儿水?
	more expensive gèng guì 【gung gwai】 更贵
	more interesting than ... bǐ ... gèng yǒu xìngqù 【yoh hsing-

chew] 比 ... 更有兴趣
 more than 50/100 wǔshí/yǐbāi duō 五十／一百多
 more than that one bǐ nèige duō [nay-gur] 比那个多
 a lot more duōde duō [dwor-dur] 多得多

dialogue

would you like some more?
 nǐ hái yào diānr shénme ma? [yow dyenr shun-mur mah]
 no, no more for me, thanks
 búyào, xièxie [boo-yow hsyeh-hsyeh]
 how about you? nǐ ne? [nee-nur]
 I don't want any more,
 thanks wǒ bú zài yàole, xièxie [wor boo dzai-yow-lur]

Mo

morning zǎoshang [dzow-shahng]
 早上
 this morning jīntiān zǎoshang [jin-tyen dzow-shahng]
 今天早上
 in the morning zǎoshang [dzow-shahng]
 早上

mosquito wénzi [wun-dzur] 蚊子
 mosquito net wénhàng [wun-jahng] 蚊帐
 mosquito repellent qūwénjì [chew-wun-jee] 驱蚊剂
 most*: I like this one most of all wǒ zuì xǐhuān zhèige [wor dzway hshee-hwahn jay-gur]
 我最喜欢这个
 most of the time dàbùfen shíjiān [dah-boo-fun shur-jyen]
 大部分时间
 most tourists dà duōshù lǚyóuzhe [dah dwor-shoo]
 大多数旅游者
 mostly dàduō [dah-dwor]
 大多
 mother mǔqīn [moo-chin]
 母亲
 mother-in-law pòpo [por-por]
 婆婆
 motorbike mótuōchē [mor-twör-chur]
 摩托车
 motorboat qìting [chee-ting]
 汽艇
 mountain shān [shahn]
 山
 in the mountains zài shānlǐ [dzai shahn-lee]
 在山里
 mountaineering dēngshān

【dung-shahn】	much duō 【dwoə】
登山	多
mouse láoshǔ 【low-shoo】	much better/worse hǎo/huài
老鼠	de duō 【dur】
moustache xiǎo húzi 【hsyow	好／坏得多
hoo-dzur】	not (very) much bù hěn duō
小胡子	不很多
mouth zuǐ 【dzway】	I don't want very much wǒ
嘴	búyào tài duō 【wor boo-yow】
move: he's moved to another room tā bāndào lingwài yí	我不要太多
jīan qùle 【tah bahn-dow ling-wai	mug (for drinking) bēi 【bay】
yee jyen choo-lur】	杯
他搬到另外一间去了	I've been mugged wǒ gěi rén
could you move it? qǐng	qiǎngle 【gay run chyang-lur】
nín nuó yíxià, hǎo ma?	我给人抢了
【ching nin nwor yee-hsyah how mah】	mum māma 【mah-mah】
请您挪一下好吗？	妈妈
could you move up a little?	museum bówùguǎn 【bor-woo-
qǐng wǎng qían nún yíxià,	gwahn】
hǎo ma? 【wahng chyen nwor yee-	博物馆
hsyah】	mushrooms mógu
请往前挪一下好吗？	【mor-goo】
movie diànyǐng 【dyen-ying】	蘑菇
电影	music yīnyuè 【yin-yew-eh】
movie theater diànyǐng yuàn	音乐
【dyen-ying yew-ahn】	Muslim (adj) mùsīlín 【moo-
电影院	sur-lin】
Mr xiānsheng 【hsyen-shung】	穆斯林
先生	must*: I must wǒ bìxū 【wor
Mrs fùren 【foo-run】	bee-hsyew】
夫人	我必须
Ms nǚshì 【nyew-shur】	I mustn't drink alcohol wǒ
女士	búhuì hē jiù 【wor-booh-hway hur
	jyoh】
	我不会喝酒

my* wǒde [wor-dur]
我的
myself: I'll do it myself wǒ zìjǐ
lái [wor dzur-jee]
我自己来
by myself wǒ yíge rén [yee-gur
run]
我一个人

nappy niǎobù [nyow-boo]
尿布
narrow (street) zhǎi [jai]
窄
nasty (person) rāng rén tǎoyàn
[rahng run tow-yen]
让人讨厌
(weather, accident) zāotòule
[dzow-toh-lur]
糟透了

N

nail (finger) zhǐjiā [jur-jyah]
指甲
(metal) dīngzì [ding-dzur]
钉子
nail varnish zhǐjiā yóu [jur-jyah
yoh]
指甲油
name míngzì [ming-dzur]
名子
my name's John wǒde
míngzì jiào John [wor-dur
– jyow]
我的名子叫 John
what's your name? nǐ
jiào shénme? [nee –
shun-mur]
你叫什么？
what is the name of this
street? zhèi tiào lù jiào
shénme? [jay tyow]
这条路叫什么？
napkin cānjīn [tsahn-jin]
餐巾

national (state) guójia [gwor-
jyah]
国家
(nationwide) quánguó [choo-en-
gwor]
全国
nationality guójí [gwor-jee]
国籍
(for Chinese minorities) shǎoshù
mínzú [show-shoo min-dzoo]
少数民族
natural zìrán [dzur-rahn]
自然
near jìn
近
near the ... lí... hěnjìn [hun-
jin]
离 ... 很近
is it near the city centre?
lí-shì zhōngxīn jìn ma? [shur
joong-hsin jin mah]
离市中心近吗？
do you go near the Great
Wall? nǐ zài-Chángchéng
fǔjìn tíngchē ma? [nee dzai

chahng-chung foo-jin ting-chur
mah]
你在长城附近停车吗 ?
where is the nearest-...?
zuijìn de... zài nǎr? [dzway-jin
dur... dzae nar]
最近的 ... 在哪儿 ?
nearby fūjin [foo-jin]
附近
nearly chàbuduō [chah-boo-
dwor]
差不多
necessary bìyào(de) [bee-yow(-
dur)]
必要(的)
neck bózi [boh-dzur]
脖子
necklace xiàngliàn [hsyahng-
lyen]
项链
necktie lǐngdài
领带
need: I need-... wǒ xūyào-...
[wor hsyew-yow]
我需要
do I need to pay? wǒ yīnggāi
fùqián ma? [foo-chyen mah]
我应该付钱吗 ?
needle zhēn [jun]
针
neither: neither (one) of them
liǎngge dōu bù [lyang-gur doh]
两个都不
Nepal Níbóér [nee-bor-er]
尼泊尔

Nepali (adj) Níbóér
尼泊尔
nephew zhízǐ [jur-dzur]
侄子
net (in sport) wǎng [wahng]
网
network map jiāotōngtú [jyow-
toong-too]
交通图
never (not ever) cónglái bù
[tsoong-lai]
从来不
(not yet) hái méiyou [may-yoh]
还没有

dialogue

have you ever been to
Beijing? nǐ qùguo Běijīng
méiyou? [chew-gwor – may-
yoh]
no, never, I've never
been there cónglái méiqù
[tsoong-lai may-chew]

new xīn [hsin]
新
news (radio, TV etc) xīnwén
[hsin-wun]
新闻
newspaper bào(zhǐ) [bow(-jur)]
报(纸)
New Year xīnnián [hsin-nyen]
新年
Chinese New Year chūnjié

【chun-jyeh】	(looks, view etc) hǎokàn 【how-kahn】
春节	好看
Happy New Year! xīnnián	(person) hǎo 【how】
hǎo! 【how】	好
新年好	niece zhínǚ 【jin-yew】
(Chinese) gōnghè xīnxi! 【goong-hur hsin-hshee】	侄女
恭贺新禧	night yè 【yur】
New Year's Eve: Chinese New Year's Eve chúxī 【choo-hshee】	夜
除夕	at night yèlì 【yur-lee】
New Zealand Xīnxīlán 【hsin-see-lahn】	夜里
新西兰	good night wǎn ān 【wahn ahn】
New Zealander: I'm a New Zealander wǒ shì xīnxīlánren 【-run】	晚安
我是新西兰人	
next xià yíge 【hsyah yee-gur】	
下一个	
the next street on the left	do you have a single room for one night? yǒu yítiān de dānrén jiān ma? 【yoh yee-tyen dur dahn-run jyen mah】
zǔobiānr díyì tiáo lù 【dzwor-byenr dee-yee tiao】	yes, madam yǒu 【yoh】
左边儿第一条路	how much is it per night? yìwǎn yào duōshaoqíán? 【yee-wahn yow dwor-show-chyen】
at the next stop xià yízhàn 【hsyah yee-jahn】	it's 30 yuan for one night yìwǎn yào sānshí kuài qián 【sahn-shur – chyen】
下一站	thank you, I'll take it xíng 【hsing】
next week xià(ge) xīngqī 【hsyah(-gur) hsing-chee】	
下(个)星期	
next to ... zài... pángbiān 【dzai... pahng-byen】	
在...旁边	
nice (food) hǎochī 【how-chur】	nightclub yèzōnghwì 【yur-dzoong-hway】
好吃	夜总会

dialogue

do you have a single room for one night? **yǒu yítiān de dānrén jiān ma?** 【yoh yee-tyen dur dahn-run jyen mah】

yes, madam **yǒu** 【yoh】

how much is it per night? **yìwǎn yào duōshaoqíán?** 【yee-wahn yow dwor-show-chyen】

it's 30 yuan for one night **yìwǎn yào sānshí kuài qián** 【sahn-shur – chyen】

thank you, I'll take it **xíng** 【hsing】

no* bù 不	chahng(-dur)】 正常(的)
I've no change wǒ méiyou líng qián 【wor may-yoh – chyen】 我没有零钱	north běi 【bay】 北
no way! bù xíng! 【hsing】 不行	in the north běibian 【bay-byen】 北边
oh no! (upset) tiān na! 【tyen nah】 天哪	to the north wǎng běi 【wahng】 往北
nobody méirén 【may-run】 没人	north of Rome Luómǎ běi 罗马北
there's nobody there méirén zài nàr 【dzai】 没人在那儿	northeast dōngběi 【doong-bay】 东北
noise zàoyīn 【dzow-yin】 噪音	northern běibiān 【bay-byen】 北边
noisy: it's too noisy tài chǎole 【chow-lur】 太吵了	Northern Ireland Běi Ài'ěrlán 【bay ai-er-lahn】 北爱尔兰
non-alcoholic bù hán jiǔjīng de 【hahn jyoh-jing dur】 不含酒精的	North Korea Běi Cháoxiǎn 【bay chow-hsyen】 北朝鲜
none shénme yě méiyou 【shun-mur yur may-yoh】 什么也没有	northwest xīběi 【hshee-bay】 西北
noon zhōngwǔ 【joong-woo】 中午	Norway Nuówēi 【nwor-way】 挪威
at noon zhōngwǔ 中午	Norwegian (adj, language) Nuówēiyǔ 挪威语
no-one méirén 【may-run】 没人	nose bízi 【bee-dzur】 鼻子
nor: nor do I wǒ yě bù 【wor yur】 我也不	not* bù 不
normal zhèngcháng(de) 【jung-	no, I'm not hungry wǒ bú è 【wor bway】 我不饿

I don't want any, thank you	now xiànzài [hsyen-dzai]
búyào, xièxie [boo-yow hsyeh-hsyeh]	现在
不要谢谢	number hàomǎ [how-mah]
it's not necessary búbìyào	号码
不必要	(figure) shùzì [shoo-dzur]
I didn't know that wǒ bù zhīdào [wor boo jur-dow]	数字
我不知道	I've got the wrong number
not that one, this one búyào	wǒ dǎcuòle [wor dah-tswor-lur]
nèige, yào zhèige [nay-gur yow jay-gur]	我打错了
不要那个要这个	what is your phone number?
note (banknote) chāopiào [chow-pyow]	nǐde diànhuà hàomǎ shì duōshao? [nee-dur dyen-hwah shur dwor-show]
钞票	你的电话号码是多少？
notebook bìjiběn [bee-jee-bun]	number plate chēpái [chur-pai]
笔记本	车牌
nothing méiyou shénme [may-yoh shun-mur]	nurse hùshi [hoo-shur]
没有什么	护士
nothing for me, thanks wǒ shénme dōu bú yào, xièxie [wor – doh boo yow hsyeh-hsyeh]	nut (for bolt) luósī [lwor-sur]
我什么都不要谢谢	螺丝
nothing else, thanks qítade búyào, xièxie [chee-tah-dur boo-yow]	nuts (chestnuts) lìzi [lee-dzur]
其他的不要谢谢	栗子
novel (noun) xiǎoshuō [hsyw-shwor]	(hazelnuts) zhēnzi [jun-dzur]
小说	榛子
November shíyíyuè [shur-yee-yew-eh]	(walnuts) hétao [hur-tow]
十一月	核桃

O

occupied (US) yōurén [yoh-run]
有人
o'clock* diǎnzhōng [dyen-jong]
点钟

October shíyuè [shur-yew-eh]	ointment yàogāo [yow-gow]
十月	药膏
odd (strange) qíguài [chee-gwai]	OK hǎo [how]
奇怪	好
of* de [dur]	are you OK? hái hǎo ma?
的	[mah]
off (lights, machine) guān shangle	还好吗？
[gwahn shahng-lur]	I feel OK hěn hǎo [hun]
关上了	很好
it's just off ... (street etc) lí ...	is that OK with you? xíng bù
bùyuán [boo-ywahn]	xíng? [hsing]
离 ... 不远	行不行？
we're off tomorrow wǒmen	is it OK to-...? wó kěyi ...?
míngtian zǒu [wor-mun ming-	[wor kur-yee]
tyen dzoh]	我可以 ... ?
我们明天走	that's OK, thanks xíngle
office (place of work)	xièxie [hsing-lur hsyeh-hsyeh]
bàngōngshì [bahn-goong-shur]	行了谢谢
办公室	is this train OK for-...? zhè
often jīngcháng [jing-chahng]	liè huochē qù ... ma? [jer lyeh
经常	hwor-chur chew ... mah]
not often bù jīngcháng [boo	这列火车去 ... 吗？
jing-chahng]	old (person) lǎo [low]
不经常	老
how often are the buses?	(thing) jiù [jyoh]
yíge zhōngtóu duōshao	旧
qìchē? [yee-gur joong-toh dwor-	
show chee-chur]	
一个钟头多少汽车？	
oil (for car) yóu [yoh]	
油	
vegetable oil cài yóu [tsai-yoh]	
菜油	
oily (food) yóunì [yoh-nee]	
油腻	

dialogue

how old are you? nín
 duō dà niánling? [dwar dah
 nyen-ling]
 (to an old person) nín duō dà
 niánjì le? [dwar dah nyen-jee
 lur]

(to a child) **ni jǐsuì le?** [jee-sway lur]
 I'm 25 **wǒ èrshíwǔ suì** [wor-sway]
 and you? **nǐ ne?** [nur]

old-fashioned **guòshí(de)**
 【gwor-shur(-dur)】
 过时(的)
 (person) **shǒujiù(de)** [shoh-jyoh(-dur)]
 守旧(的)
old town (old part of town)
jiùchéng [jyoh-chung]
 旧城
omelette **chǎojīdàn** [chow-jee-dahn]
 炒鸡蛋
on*: on ... (on top of) **zài...**
shàngmian [dzai... shahng-myen]
 在...上面
on the street **zài-lùshàng**
 在路上
on the beach **zài-hǎitān**
shàng
 在海滩上
is it on this road?
zài-zhètáiolù ma? [jur-tyow-loo-mah]
 在这条路吗?
on the plane **zài-fēijī shàng**
 在飞机上
on Saturday **xīngqī liù** [lyoh]
 星期六

on television **zài diànshìshàng**
 在电视上
I haven't got it on me **wǒ méi dài zài shēnshang** [wor may dai dzai shun-shahng]
 我没带在身上
this one's on me (drink) **wǒ fuqián** [wor foo-choo-en]
 我付钱
the light wasn't on **dēng méi kāi** [dung may]
 灯没开
what's on tonight? **jǐntiān wǎnshang yǒu shénme**
 今天晚上有什么活动?
once (one time) **yícì** [yee-tsur]
 一次
at once (immediately) **mǎshàng**
 [mah-shahng]
 马上
one* **yī** [yur]
 一
the white one **báisè de** [bai-sur-dur]
 白色的
one-way ticket **dānchéng piào**
 [dahn-chung pyow]
 单程票
onion **yángcōng** [yang-tsoong]
 洋葱
only **zhí yǒu** [jur yoh]
 只有
only one **zhí yǒu yíge** [yee-

gur】

只有一个

it's only 6 o'clock cái liùdiǎn

【tsai lyoh-dyen】

才六点

I've only just got here wǒ

gāng dào le 【wor gahng dow lur】

我刚到了

on/off switch kāiguān 【kai-

gwahn】

开关

open (adj) kāi(de) 【kai(-dur)】

开(的)

(verb) kāi

开

when do you open? nǐmen

shénme shíhou kāiménr?

【nee-mun shun-mur shur-hoh kai-

munr】

你们什么时候开门儿?

I can't get it open wǒ dǎbúkāi

【wor dah-boo--kai】

我打不开

in the open air zài shìwài 【dzai shur-wai】

在室外

opening times yíngyè shíjiān

【ying-yur shur-jyen】

营业时间

opera gējù 【gur-jyew】

歌剧

operation (medical) shǒushù

【shoh-shoo】

手术

operator (telephone) zǒngjī

【dzoong-jee】

总机

opposite: the opposite

direction xiāngfān de

fāngxiàng 【hsyahng-fahn dur

fahng-hsyahng】

相反的方向

the bar opposite zài duìmianr

de jiǔba 【dzai dway-myenr dur】

在对面儿的酒吧

opposite my hotel zài wǒ

fāndiàn duìmianr

在我饭店对面儿

optician yānjìngdiàn 【yen-jing-dyen】

眼镜店

or (in statement) huòzhě 【hwor-jur】

或者

(in question) háishi 【hai-shur】

还是

orange (fruit) júzi 【joo-dzur】

橘子

(colour) júhuángsè 【jyew-sur】

橘黄色

orange juice (fresh) xiānjúzhī

【hsyen-jyew-jur】

鲜橘汁

(fizzy) júzi qǐshuǐ 【jyew-dzur

chee-shway】

橘子汽水

(diluted) júzishuǐr 【jyew-dzur-shway】

橘子水儿

order: can we order now? (in

restaurant) wǒmen kěyi diǎncài ma? [wor-mun kur-yee dyen-tsai mah]

我们可以点菜吗？

I've already ordered, thanks yǐjing diǎn le, xièxie [yee-jing dyen lur hsyeh-hsyeh]

已经点了谢谢

I didn't order this wǒ méiyǒu diǎn zhèige cài [wor may-yoh dyen jay-gur tsai]

我没有点这个菜

out of order huàile [hwai-lur]
坏了

ordinary pǔtōng [poo-toong]
普通

other qítā [chee-tah]

其他

the other one lìng yíge [yee-gur]

另一个

the other day zuìjìn
[dzway-jin]

最近

I'm waiting for the others wǒ děngzhe qíyúde [wor dung- jer chee-yoo-dur]

我等着其余的

do you have any others?

(other kinds) hái yǒu biéde ma?
[yoh byeh-dur mah]

还有别的吗？

otherwise yàobùrán [yow-boor- ahn]

要不然

our/ours* wǒmende [wor-mun- dur]

我们的

out: he's out tā chūqule [taoh-choo-chew-lur]

他出去了

three kilometres out of town lí shìqū sān gōnglì [shur-chew- -goong-lee]

离市区三公里

outdoors lùtiān [loo-tyen]

露天

outside* wài mian

[wai-myen]

外面

can we sit outside? wǒmen

kěyi dào wài mian qù zuò ma?
[wor-mun kur-yee dow wai-myen chew dzwor mah]

我们可以到外面去坐
吗？

oven kǎoxiāng [kow-syang]

烤箱

over: over here zài zhèr [dzai

jer]

在这儿

over there zài nàr

在那儿

over 500 wǔbāi duō [dwor]

五百多

it's over wánle [wahn-lur]

完了

overcharge: you've

overcharged me nǐ duōshōule

wǒde qián [dwor-shoh-lur wor-

dur chyen]	packet: a packet of
你多收了我的钱	cigarettes yìbāo yān [yee-bow yen]
overland mail lùshāng yóudì	—包烟
【loo-shahng yoh-dee】	paddy field dàotián [dow-tyen]
陆上邮递	稻田
overnight (travel) guòyè [gwor-yur]	page (of book) yè [yur]
过夜	页
overtake chāoguò [chow-gwor]	could you page Mr-...? nǐ
超过	néng jiào yíxía... xiānsheng ma? [nung jyow yee-hsyah-... hsyen-shung mah]
owe: how much do I owe you?	你能叫一下 ... 先生吗 ?
yígòng duōshao qián? [yee-goong dwor-show chyen]	pagoda tǎ [tah]
一共多少钱 ?	塔
own: my own-... wǒ zìjide-...	pain téng [tung]
【wor dzur-jur-dur】	疼
我自己的 ...	I have a pain here wǒ zhèr
are you on your own? jiù nǐ	téng [wor jer]
yíge rén ma? [jyoh nee yee-gur run mah]	我这儿疼
就你一个人吗 ?	painful téng
I'm on my own jiù wǒ yíge	疼
rén [jyoh wor yee-gur run]	painkillers zhǐténgyào [jur-tung-yow]
就我一个人	止疼药
P	painting huà [hwah]
pack (verb) shōushi [shoh-shur]	画
收拾	(oil) yóuhuà [yoh-hwah]
package (parcel) bāoguǒ [bow-gwɔ̄]	油画
包裹	(Chinese) guóhuà [gwor-hwah]
packed lunch héfàn [hur-fahn]	国画
盒饭	pair: a pair of... yíduìr...
	【yee-dwayr】
	一对儿 ...
	Pakistani (adj) Bājisītān [bah-

jee-sur-tahn】 巴基斯坦	pardon (me)? (didn't understand/ hear) nǐ shuō shénme? 【shwor shun-mur】 你说什么 ?
palace gōngdiàn 【goong-dyen】 宫殿	parents fùmǔ 父母
pale cāngbái 【tsahng-bai】 苍白	park (noun) gōngyuán 【goong- yew-ahn】 公园
pale blue dàn lánsè 【dahn lahn- sur】 淡蓝色	(verb) tíngchē 【ting-chur】 停车
panda dà xióngmāo 【dah hsyoong-mow】 大熊猫	can I park here? wǒ néng zài zhèr tíngchē ma? 【wor nung dzai- jer ting-chur mah】 我能在这儿停车吗 ?
pants (underwear: men's) kùchǎ 【koo-chah】 裤衩	parking lot tíngchē chǎng 【ting- chur chahng】 停车场
(women's) xiǎo sānjiǎokù 【hsyow sahn-jyow-koo】 小三角裤	part (noun) bùfen 部分
(US: trousers) kùzi 【koo-dzur】 裤子	partner (boyfriend, girlfriend etc) bànr 【bahnr】 伴儿
pantyhose liánkùwà 【lyen-koo- wah】 连裤袜	party (group) tuántǐ 【twahn-tee】 团体
paper zhǐ 【jur】 纸	(celebration) wǎnhuì 【wahn- hway】 晚会
(newspaper) bàozhǐ 【bow-jur】 报纸	passenger chéngkè 【chung-kur】 乘客
a piece of paper yìzhāng zhǐ 【yee-jahng jur】 一张纸	passport hùzhào 【hoo-jow】 护照
paper handkerchiefs zhījīn 【jur-jin】 纸巾	past*: in the past guòqu 【gwor- chew】 过去
parcel bāoguǒ 【bow-gwor】 包裹	

just past the information
 office gāng jīngguò
 wènxùnchū [gahng jing-gwɔr
 wun-hsun-choo]
 刚经过问讯处
 path xiǎolù [hsyow-loo]
 小路
 pattern túàn [too-ahn]
 图案
 pavement rénxíng dào [run-
 hsing dow]
 人行道
 pavilion tíngzǐ [ting-dzur]
 亭子
 pay (verb) fù qián [foo(-chyen)]
 付钱
 can I pay, please? suànzhang
 ba? [swahn-jahng bah]
 算帐吧?
 it's already paid for zhèige
 yǐjīng fuqián le [jay-gur yee-jing
 foo-chyen lur]
 这个已经付钱了

dialogue

who's paying? shuí fuqián?
 [shway foo-chyen]
 I'll pay wǒ fuqián [wor foo-
 chyen]
 no, you paid last time, I'll
 pay bù, nǐ shì zuìhòu yíci
 fude, wǒ fuqián [shur dzway-
 hoh yee-tsru foo-dur]

payphone jīfei diànhuà [jee-fay
 dyen-hwah]
 计费电话
 peaceful ānjìng [ahn-jing]
 安静
 peach táozi [tow-dzur]
 桃子
 peanuts huāshēng [hwah-
 shung]
 花生
 pear lí
 梨
 peculiar (taste, custom) guài
 [gwai]
 怪
 pedestrian crossing rénxíng
 héngdào [run-hsing hung-dow]
 人行横道
 Peking Opera Jīngjù [jing-jew]
 京剧
 pen gāngbì [gahng-bee]
 钢笔
 pencil qiānbì [chyen-bee]
 铅笔
 penfriend býǒu [bee-yoh]
 笔友
 penicillin pánníxílin [pahn-nee-
 see-lin]
 盘尼西林
 penknife qiānbìdāo [chyen-
 bee-dow]
 铅笔刀
 pensioner lǐng yáglǎojīn de
 rén [yang-low-jin dur run]
 领养老金的人

people rénmín [run-min]	perhaps kěněng [kur-nung]
人民	可能
the other people in the hotel fàndiàn li de qítā kèréń [lee dur chee-tah ker-run]	perhaps not kěněng bù
饭店里的其他客人	可能不
too many people rén tài duō le [run tai dwor-lur]	period (of time) shíqī
人太多了	[shur-chee]
People's Republic of China Zhōnghuá Rénmín Gònghéguó [joong-hwah run- min goong-hur-gwor]	时期
中华人民共和国	(menstruation) yuèjīng [yew-eh- jing]
pepper (spice) hújiāo [hoo- jyow]	月经
胡椒	permit (noun) xǔkě zhèng
(vegetable, red) shìzijiāo [shur- dzur-jyow]	[hsyw-kur jung]
柿子椒	许可证
per: per night měi wǎn [may wahn]	person rén [run]
每晚	人
how much per day? yǐtiān yào duōshao qián? [yee-tyen yow dwor-show chyen]	personal stereo fàngyīnjī
一天要多少钱？	[fahng-yin-jee]
... per cent bǎifēn zhī... [bai- fun jur]	放音机
百分之 ...	petrol qìyóu [chee-yoh]
perfect wánměi [wahn-may]	汽油
完美	petrol can yóutǒng [yoh-toong]
perfume xiāngshuǐ [hsyahng- shway]	油桶
香水儿	petrol station jiāyóu zhàn [jyah- yoh jahn]
	加油站
	pharmacy yàodiàn [yow-dyen]
	药店
	Philippines Fēilùbīn [fay-lew-bin]
	菲律宾
	phone (noun) diànhuà [dyen- hwah]
	电话
	(verb) dǎ diànhuà [dah]
	打电话
	phone book diànhuà bù [dyen- buh]

hwah】	piece kuàir [kwair]
电话簿	块儿
phone box diànhuàtíng	a piece of... yíkuàir-... [yee-kwair]
电话亭	一块儿 ...
phonecard diànhuàkǎ [dyen-hwah-kah】	pig zhū [joo]
电话卡	猪
phone number diànhuà hàomǎ [how-mah】	pill bìyùnyào [bee-yewm-yow]
电话号码	避孕药
photo zhàopiàn [jow-pyen】	I'm on the pill wǒ chī
照片	bìyùnyào [wor chur bee-yew-nyow】
could you take a photo of us, please? qǐng gěi wǒ zhàozhāng xiàng [ching gay-wor jow-jahng hsyahng】	我吃避孕药
请给我照张相	pillow zhèntou [jun-toh】
phrasebook duìhuà shōucè [dway-hwah shoh-tsur】	枕头
对话手册	pillow case zhěntào [jun-tow】
piano gāngqín [gahng-chin】	枕套
钢琴	pin (noun) biézhēn [byeh-jun】
pickpocket páshǒu [pah-shoh】	别针
扒手	pineapple bōluó [bor-lwor】
pick up: will you be there to pick me up? nǐ lái jiē wó hǎo ma? [ni lai jyeh wor how mah】	菠萝
你来接我好吗 ?	pineapple juice bōluózhī [bor-lwor-jur】
picnic (noun) yēcān [yur-tsahn】	菠萝汁
野餐	pink fēnhóng [fun-hoong】
picture (painting) huà [hwah】	粉红
画	pipe (for smoking) yāndǒu [yen-doh】
(photo) zhàopiàn [jow-pyen】	烟斗
照片	(for water) guǎnzi [gwahn-dzur】

place (noun) dìfāng [dee-fahng]	run yew-kwai 地方 令人愉快
at your place zài nǐde jiā [dzai nee-dur jyah]	please qǐng [ching] 在你的家 请
plane fēijī [fay-jee]	yes, please hǎo, xièxie [how hsyeh-hsyeh] 飞机 好谢谢
by plane zuò fēijī [dzwor]	could you please-...? qǐng 坐飞机 nín-..., hǎo ma? [mah] 植物 请您 ... 好吗 ?
plant zhíwù [jur-woo]	please don't qǐng nín-bù 植物 请您不
plasters xiàngpí gāo [syang-pee gow]	pleased: pleased to meet you 橡皮膏 hěn gāoxìng jiànđào nǐ [hun gow hsing jyen dow] 塑料 很高兴见到你
plastic sùliào [soo-lyow]	pleasure: my pleasure méi shìr 塑料 [may shur] 事儿
plastic bag sùliàodài	plenty: plenty of... xǔduō -... 塑料袋 [hsyew-dwor] 许多
plate pánzi [pahn-dzur]	there's plenty of time hǎo duō 盘子 shíjian [how dwor shur-jyen] 站台 好多时间
platform zhàntái [jahn-tai]	that's plenty, thanks gòule, 站台 xièxie [goh-lur hsyeh-hsyeh] which platform is it for Beijing? wǎng Běijīng de huǒchē cóng jǐhào zhàntái kāichū? [wahng - dur hwor-chur tsoong jee-how jahn-tai kai-choo] 往北京的火车从几号 站台开出 ?
play (verb) wánr [wahnr]	够了谢谢 play (noun: in theatre) huàjù [hwah-jew]
玩儿	plug (electrical) chātóu [chah-toh] 话剧 (in sink) sāizi [sai-dzur]
(noun: in theatre) huàjù [hwah-jew]	塞子 plum lǐzi [lee-dzur]
话剧	李子
pleasant língrénn yúkuài [ling-	

plumber	guǎnzigōng	[gwahn-dzur-goong]	【yoh-yoong-chur】
管子工			游泳池
p.m.	xiàwǔ	[hsyah-woo]	poor (not rich) qióng
下午			[chyoong]
pocket	kǒudài	[koh-dair]	穷
口袋儿			(quality) lièzhì
point: two point five	èr dián		[lyeh-jur]
wǔ	[dyen]		劣质
二点五			pop music
there's no point	bù zhídé	[jur-dur]	liúxíng yīnyuè
不值得			[lyoh-hsing yin-yew eh]
poisonous	yǒudúde	[yoh-doo-dur]	流行音乐
有毒的			pop singer
police	jǐngchá	[jing-chah]	liúxíng gēshǒu
警察			[gur-shoh]
call the police!	kuài jiào		流行歌手
jǐngchá!	[kwai jyow jing-chah]		pork
快叫警察			zhūròu
policeman	jǐngchá	[jing-chah]	[joo-roh]
警察			猪肉
police station	pái chūsuo	[pai-choo-swor]	port (for boats)
派出所			gángkǒu
polish (for shoes)	xiéyóu	[hsyeh-yoh]	[gahng-koh]
鞋油			港口
polite	kèqi	[kur-chee]	porter (in hotel)
客气			ménfāng
polluted	wūrǎnle de	[woo-rahn-lur dur]	[mun-fahng]
污染了的			门房
pool (for swimming)	yóuyǒngchí		possible
			kěnéngr
			可能
			is it possible to-...? kěyí...ma?
		[yoh]	可以 ... 吗 ?
			as... as possible
			jǐn kěnéngr
			尽可能
			post (noun: mail)
			yóujiàn
			[yoh-jyen]
			邮件
			(verb) jì
			[jee]
			寄
			could you post this letter
			for me?
			qǐng bāng wǒ bǎ
			zhèifēng xìn jìzōu, hǎo ma?

【ching bahng wor bah jay-fung hsin jee-dzoh how mah】	Zhōngwén [wor hsyahng lyen-hshee jyang joong-wun]
请帮我把这封信寄走好吗？	我想练习讲中文
postbox xìnxīāng [hsin-hsyahng]	prawn crackers xiābing [hsyah-bing]
信箱	虾饼
postcard míngxìnpiàn [ming-hsin-pyen]	prawns duìxiā [dway-hsyah]
名信片	对虾
poster zhāotiē [jow-tyeh]	prefer: I prefer-... wǒ gèng xǐhuan-... [wor gung see-hwahn]
招贴	我更喜欢 ...
poste restante dàilǐng yóujìan [yoh-jyen]	pregnant huáiiyùn [hwai-yewnn]
待领邮件	怀孕
post office yóujú [yoh-jew]	prescription (for medicine) yàofāng [yow-fahng]
邮局	药方
potato tǔdòu [too-doh]	present (gift) lǐwù
土豆	礼物
potato chips (US) zhá tǔdòupiàn [jah too-doh-pyenn]	president (of country) zóngtǒng [dzoong-toong]
炸土豆片儿	总统
pound (money) yīngbàng [ying-bahng]	pretty piàoliang [pyow-lyang]
英镑	漂亮
(weight) bàng [bahng]	it's pretty expensive tài guìle [gway-lur]
磅	太贵了
power cut tíngdiàn [ting-dyen]	price jiàgé [jyah-gur]
停电	价格
power point diànyuán chāzuò [dyen-yew-ahn chah-dzwor]	prime minister shǒuxiàng [shoh-hsyahng]
电源插座	首相
practise: I want to practise my Chinese wǒ xiǎng liànxí jiǎng	printed matter yìnshuāpǐn [yin-shwah-pin]
	印刷品

prison jiānyù [jyen-yew]	puncture (noun) pǎoqì [pow-chee]
监狱	跑气
private sīrén(de)	purple zǐ [dzur]
【sur-run(-dur)】	紫
私人(的)	purse (for money) qiánbāo
private bathroom	【chyen-bow】
sīrén(de)yùshì [-yoo-shur]	钱包
私人(的)浴室	(US: handbag) shǒutíbāo [shoh-tee-bow]
probably dàgài [dah-gai]	手提包
大概	push tuī [tway]
problem wèntí [wun-tee]	推
问题	put fàng [fahng]
no problem! méi wèntí! [may]	放
没问题	where can I put...? wǒ bǎ...
programme (theatre) jiémùdānr	fàng zai nǎr? [wor bah-- dzai]
【jyeh-moo-dahn】	我把 ... 放在哪儿 ?
节目单儿	could you put us up for the
pronounce: how is this	night? wǒmen kěyì zài zhèr
pronounced? zhèige zì zěnme	guò yíyè ma? [wor-mun kur-yeer - jer gwor yee-yur mah]
fāyīn? [jay-gur dzur dzun-mur	我们可以在这儿过一夜
fah-yin]	吗 ?
这个字怎么发音 ?	pyjamas shuìyī [shway-yee]
Protestant xīnjìàotú [hsin-jyow-too]	睡衣
新教徒	
public convenience gōnggòng	
cèsuo [goong-goong tsur-swor]	
公共厕所	
public holiday gōngjià [goong-jyah]	
公假	
pull lá [lah]	
拉	
pullover tàoshān [mow-bay-hsin]	
套衫	

Q

quality zhìliàng [jur-lyang]
质量
quarter sì fēn zhī yī [sur fun jur yee]
四分之一

Q

question wèntí [wun-tee]
问题
queue (noun) duì [dway]
队
quick kuài [kwai]
快
that was quick zhēn kuài [jun]
真快
what's the quickest way
there? něitiáo lù zuì jìn? [nay-tyow loo zway]
哪条路最近?
quickly hěn kuài di [hun kwai]
很快的
quiet (place, hotel) ānjìng [ahn-jing]
安静
quite (fairly) xiāngdāng [hsyahng-dahng]
相当
that's quite right duì jíle
[dway-jee-lur]
对极了
quite a lot xiāngdāng duō
[hsyahng-dahng dwor]
相当多

R

rabbit (meat) tùzi [too-dzur]
兔子
race (for runners, cars) bísài
[bee-sai]
比赛
racket (tennis, squash) qiúpāi
[chyoх-pai]
球拍
radiator (in room) nuǎnqì
[nwahn-chee]
暖器
(of car) sànrèqì
[sahn-rur-chee]
散热器
radio shōuyīnjī [shoh-yin-jee]
收音机
on the radio zài shōuyīnjǐlǐ
[dzai – lee]
在收音机里
rail: by rail zuò huǒchē [dzwor-hwör-chur]
坐火车
railway tiělù [tyeh-loo]
铁路
rain (noun) yǔ [yew]
雨
in the rain zài yǔlǐ [dzai yew-lee]
在雨里
it's raining xià yǔ le [hsyah yew-lur]
下雨了
raincoat yǔyī [yew-yee]
雨衣
rape (noun) qiángjiān [chyang-jyen]
强奸
rare (uncommon) xīyōu [hshee-yoh]
稀有

- (steak) nèn diǎnr [nun dyenr]
嫩点儿
- rash (on skin) pízhěn [pee-jun]
皮疹
- rat láoshǔ [low-shoo]
老鼠
- rate (for changing money)
duihuàn lǜ [dway-hwahn-lyew]
兑换率
- rather: it's rather good búcuò
[boo-tswor]
不错
- I'd rather... wǒ nìngkě... [wor ning-kur]
我宁可 ...
- razor (wet) tīxúdāo [tee-hsyew-dow]
剃须刀
- (electric) diàntidāo [dyen-tee-dow]
电剃刀
- razor blades tīxú dāopiàn [tee-hsyew dow-pyen]
剃须刀片
- read (book) kànsū [kahn-shoo]
看书
- (newspaper) kànbào [kahn-bow]
看报
- ready zhǔnbèi hǎole [jun-bay how-lur]
准备好了
- are you ready? zhǔnbèi hǎole ma? [mah]
准备好了吗 ?
- I'm not ready yet wǒ hái
收据

méi hǎo ne [wor hai may how nur]
我还没好呢

dialogue

- when will it be ready?
(repair etc) shénme shíhou
xiūwánle? [shun-mur shur-hoh hsyo-wahn-lur]
it should be ready in a couple of days liǎngtiān jiù hǎole [lyang-tyen jyoh how-lur]

real (genuine) zhēn de [jun dur]
真的

really zhēnde [jun-dur]
真的

I'm really sorry zhēn duìbuqǐ [jun dway-boo-chee]
真对不起

that's really great bàngjíle [bahng-jee-lur]
棒极了

really? (doubt) shì ma? [shur mah]
是吗 ?

(polite interest) zhēnde ma? [mah]
真的吗 ?

reasonable (prices etc) héli [hur-lee]
合理

receipt shōujù [shoh-jyew]
收据

recently zuìjìn [dzway-jin]	region dìqū [dee-chew]
最近	地区
reception (in hotel) fúwùtái [foo-woo-tai]	registered: by registered mail guàhào xìn [gwah-how-hsin]
服务台	挂号信
(for guests) zhāodàihuì [jow-dai-hway]	registration number chēhào [chur-how]
招待会	车号
reception desk zǒng fúwùtái [dzoong foo-woo-tai]	religion zōngjiào [dzoong-jiow]
总服务台	宗教
receptionist fúwùyuán [foo-woo-yew-ahn]	remember: I don't remember wǒ jìbude le [wor jee-boo-dur lur]
服务员	我记不得了
recognize rènshí [run-shur]	I remember wǒ jìdé [wor jee-dur]
认识	我记得
recommend: could you recommend-...? qǐng nín tuījiàn-..., hǎo ma? [ching nin tway-jyen... how mah]	do you remember? nǐ jìde ma? [nee jee-dur mah]
请您推荐 ... 好吗 ?	你记得吗 ?
red hóngsède [hoong-sur-dur]	rent (noun: for apartment etc) fángzū [fahng-dzoo]
红色的	房租
red wine hóng pútaojiǔ [hoong poo-tow-jyoh]	(verb: car etc) chūzū [choo-dzoo]
红葡萄酒	出租
refund (noun) tuíkuǎn [tway-kwahn]	to rent chūzū
退款	出租
can I have a refund? qǐng nín ba qián tuì gěi wǒ hǎo ma? [ching nin bah chyen tway gay wor how mah]	I'd like to rent a bike wǒ xiǎng zū yīliàng zìxíng chē [wor hsyahng dzoo yee-lyang dzur-hsing chur]
请您把钱退给我好吗 ?	我想租一辆自行车
	repair (verb) xiūlì [hsyoh-lee]
	修理
	can you repair it? nǐ kěyi

xiūxiu ma? [kur-yee hsyoh-hsyoh mah]
你可以修修吗？

repeat chónghù [choong-foo]
重复

could you repeat that? qǐng
nǐ zài shuō yíbiān, hǎo ma?
[ching nee dzai shwor yee-byen how
mah]

请你再说一遍好吗？

reservation yùdìng [yew-ding]
预订

I'd like to make a reservation
for a train ticket wǒ xiǎng
yùdìng huochēpiào [wor
hsyahng yew-ding
hwor-chur-pyow]

我想预订火车票

dialogue

I have a reservation wǒ
yǐjing yùdìng le [yee-jing
-lur]
yes sir, what name,
please? hǎo, nín guì xìng?
[how nin gway hsing]

reserve (verb) yùdìng [yew-ding]
预订

dialogue

can I reserve a table for
tonight? wǒ kěyì dìng ge

jǐntian wǎnshàng de zuò
ma? [kur-yee ding gur jin-tyen
wah-shahng dur dzwor mah]

yes madam, for how many
people? hǎo, yígòng jǐge
rénn? [how yee-goong jee-gur
run]

for two liǎngge rénn [lyang-
gur run]

and for what time? jǐdiǎn
zhōng? [jee-dyen joong]

for eight o'clock bā diǎn
zhōng [bah dyen]

and could I have your
name, please? hǎo, nín
guì xìng? [how nin gway
hsing]

rest: I need a rest wǒ xūyào
xiūxi yíxià [wor hsyew-yow
hsyoh-hshee yee-hsyah]

我需要休息一下
the rest of the group tāmen
biéde rénn [tah-mun byeh-dur]

他们别的人

restaurant cāntīng [tsahn-ting]
餐厅

(big) fāndiàn [fahn-dyen]

饭店

(small) fānguǎnr [fahn-gwahnr]

饭馆儿

(Western-style) xīcāntīng [hshee-
tsahn-ting]

西餐厅

restaurant car cānché [tsahn-

chur】	right (correct) duì [dway]
餐车	对
rest room cèsuǒ [tsur-swor]	(not left) yòu (biānr) [yoh(-byenr)]
厕所	右(边儿)
retired: I'm retired wǒ tuìxīule [wor tway-hsyoh-lur]	you were right nǐ duìle [nee dway-lur]
我退休了	你对了
return: a return to... dào ... de	that's right duì le
lái hui piaò [dow-... dur lai-hway pyow]	对了
到 ... 的来回票	this can't be right zhè búduì [jur boo-dway]
return ticket lái hui piaò	这不对
来回票	right! duì!
reverse charge call duifāng	对
fúkuǎn [dway-fahng]	is this the right road for...?
foo-kwahn】	qù..., zhème zǒu duì ma? [chew-... jur-mur dzoh dway mah]
对方付款	去 ... 这么走对吗 ?
revolting ràng rén ěxīn [rahng run ur-hsin】	on the right zài yóubiānr [dzai]
让人恶心	在右边儿
rice (cooked) mǐfàn [mee-fahn】	turn right wǎng yòu guǎi [wahng yoh gwai]
米饭	往右拐
(uncooked) dàmǐ [dah-mee】	ring (on finger) jièzhī [jyeh-jur]
大米	戒指
rice bowl fānwǎn [fahn-wahn】	I'll ring you wǒ géi ní dǎ diànhuà [wor gay nee dah dyen- hwah】
饭碗	我给你打电话
rice field dàotián [dow-tyen】	ring back zài dǎ diànhuà [dzai]
稻田	再打电话
rice wine míjiǔ [mee-jyoh】	ripe (fruit) shú [shoo】
米酒	熟
rich (person) yōuqián [yoh-chyen】	rip-off: it's a rip-off zhè shì
有钱	
ridiculous kěxiàode [kur-hsyow- dur】	
可笑的	

qiāozhúgàng 『jur shur chyow-joo-gahng』	room (hotel) fángjiān 『fahng-jyen』
这是敲竹杠 rip-off prices qiāozhúgàng de jià 『chyow-joo-gahng dur jyahr』	房间 (space) kōngjiān 『koong-jyen』
敲竹杠的价儿 riskī màoxiǎn 『mow-hsyen』	空间 in my room zài wǒ fángjiānlì 『dzai』
冒险 river hé 『hur』	在我房间里
河 RMB rénmínbì 『run-min-bee』	room service sòng fàn fúwù 『soong fahn foo-woo』
人民币 road lù	送饭服务
路 is this the road for...? zhèi	rope shéngzī 『shung-dzur』
tiáo lù wǎng ... qù? 『jay tyow loo wahng ... chew』	绳子
这条路往 ... 去 ?	roughly (approximately) dàyuē 『dah-yew-eh』
rob: I've been robbed wǒ bēi rén qiǎngle 『wor bay run chyang-lur』	大约
我被人抢了	round: it's my round gāi wǒ mǎi le 『gai wor mai lur』
rock yánshí 『yen-shur』	该我买了
岩石 (music) yáogǔn yuè 『yow-gun yew-eh』	round trip ticket láihuí piào 『lai-hway pyow』
摇滚乐	来回票
on the rocks (with ice) jiā bīngkuài 『jyah bing-kwair』	route lùxiàn 『loo-hsyen』
加冰块儿	路线
roll (bread) miàn bāo juǎnr 『myen-bow jyew-ahnr』	what's the best route? něitiáo lùxiàn zuì hǎo? 『nay-tyow loo-hsyen dzway how』
面包卷儿	哪条路线最好 ?
roof fángdǐng 『fahng-ding』	rubber (material) xiàngjiāo 『hsyahng-jyow』
房顶	橡胶

Ru

(poor-quality goods) **feiwù** 〔fay-woo〕
废物
rubbish! (nonsense) **fēihuà!** 〔fay-hwah〕
废话
rucksack **bèibāo** 〔bay-bow〕
背包
rude **bù lǐmào** 〔lee-mow〕
不礼貌
ruins **feixū** 〔fay-hsyew〕
废墟
rum **lángmújiǔ** 〔lahng-moo-jyoh〕
朗姆酒
rum and Coke® **kěkoukělè jiā**
lángmújiǔ 〔kur-koh-kur-lur jyah
lahng-moo-jyoh〕
可口可乐加朗姆酒
run (verb: person) **pǎo** 〔pow〕
跑
how often do the buses run?
gōnggòng qìchē duóchang
shíjian yítàng? 〔goong-goong
chee-chur dwor-chahng shur-jyen
yee-tahng〕
公共汽车多长时间一
趟？
Russia **Éguó** 〔ur-gwor〕
俄国
Russian (adj) **Éguó**
俄国

S

saddle (for horse) **ānzi**
〔ahn- dzur〕
鞍子
safe (not in danger) **píng'ān**
平安
(not dangerous) **ānquán** 〔ahn-choo-en〕
安全
safety pin **biézhēn** 〔byeh-jun〕
别针
sail (noun) **fān** 〔fahn〕
帆
salad **shālà** 〔shah-lah〕
沙拉
salad dressing **shālà yóu** 〔yoh〕
沙拉油
sale: for sale **chūshòu** 〔choo-shoh〕
出售
salt **yán** 〔yahn〕
盐
same: the same **yíyàng** 〔yee-yang〕
一样
the same as this **gēn zhèige**
yíyàng 〔gun jay-gur yee-yang〕
跟这个一样
the same again, please **qǐng**
zài lái yíge 〔ching dzai lai yee-gur〕
请再来一个
it's all the same to me **wǒ wú**

suōwèi [wor woo swor-way]	schedule (US: train) lièchē shíkè
我无所谓	biǎo [lyeh-chur shur-kur byow]
sandals liángxié [lyang-hsyeh]	列车时刻表
凉鞋	scheduled flight bānjī [bahnb-jee]
sandwich sānmíngzhì [sahn-ming-jur]	班机
三明治	school xuéxiào [hsyew-eh-hsyow]
sanitary napkins/towels	学校
wèishēngjīn [way-shung-jin]	scissors: a pair of scissors
卫生巾	yìbá jiānzi [yee-bah jyen-dzur]
Saturday xīngqīliù [hsing-chee-lyoh]	一把剪子
星期六	scotch wēishìjì [way-shur-jee]
say (verb) shuō [shwor]	威士忌
说	Scotch tape® tòumíng jiāodài
how do you say----in	[toh-ming jyow-dai]
Chinese? yòng Zhōngwén	透明胶带
zěnme shuō---? [yoong joong-wun dzun-mur shwor]	Scotland Sūgélán
用中文怎么说 ... ?	苏格兰
what did he say? tā shuō	Scottish Sūgélán [soo-gur-lahn]
shénme? [tah – shun-mur]	苏格兰
他说什么？	I'm Scottish wǒ shi
he said tā shuō [tah]	Sūgélánren [wor shur –run]
他说	我是苏格兰人
could you say that again?	scrambled eggs chǎo jídàn
qǐng zài shuō yǐbiān [ching dzai – yee-byen]	[chow jee-dahn]
请再说一遍	炒鸡蛋
scarf (for neck) wéijīn [way-jin]	sea hǎi
围巾	海
(for head) tóujīn [toh-jin]	by the sea zài hǎibiānr [dzai hai-byenr]
头巾	在海边儿
scenery fēngjǐng [fung-jing]	seafood hǎiwèi [hai-way]
风景	海味

【too-jahng】

图章

seasick: I feel seasick wǒ

yūnchuánle 【wor yewn-chwahn-lur】

我晕船了

I get seasick wǒ yūnchuán

【wor yewn-chwahn】

我晕船

seat zuòwei 【dzwor-way】

座位

is this seat taken? yǒu rén

ma? 【yoh run mah】

有人吗？

second (adj) dièrge 【dee-er-gur】

第二个

(of time) miǎo 【myow】

秒

just a second! zhè jiù dé! 【jur
jyoh dur】

这就得

second class (travel etc) èr děng

【er dung】

二等

(hard sleeper) yìngwò

【ying-wor】

硬卧

second-hand jiù(de) 【jyoh(-dur)】

旧(的)

see kānjiān 【kahn-jyen】

看见

can I see? wǒ kěyǐ kànkan

ma? 【wor kur-yee kahn-kahn mah】

我可以看看吗？

have you seen-...? nǐ

kàndàole-...-ma? 【kahn-dow-lur
mah】

你看到了 ... 吗？

I saw him this morning wǒ
jīntian zǎoshang kānjiān tā le
【wor jin-tyen dzow-shahng kahn-
jyen tah lur】

我今天早上看见他了

see you! zàijiàn! 【dzai-jyen】

再见

I see (I understand) wǒ míngbai
le 【wor ming-bai lur】

我明白了

self-service zìzhù 【dzur-joo】

自助

sell mài

卖

do you sell-...? nǐ mài bu

mài-...?

你卖不卖 ... ?

Sellotape® tóumíng jiāobù

【toh-ming jyow-boo】

透明胶布

send sòng 【soong】

送

(by post) jì

寄

I want to send this to England

wǒ xiǎng ba zhèige jì dào

Yīngguó qù 【wor syahng bah

jay-gur jee dow ying-gwor chew】

我想把这个寄到英国去

senior citizen lǎoniánren 【low-

nyen-run】

老年人

separate fēnkāi [fun-kai]	shake: let's shake hands wǒmen wòwo shǒu ba [wor-
分开 fēn 分离	mun wor-wor shoh bah] 我们握手吧
separately (pay, travel) fēnkāi de	shallow (water) qiǎn [chyen] 浅
分开地 分离地	shame: what a shame! zhēn kěxī! [jun kur-hshee] 真可惜
September jiǔyuè [jyoh-yew-eh] 九月	shampoo (noun) xǐfāqì [hshee- fah-chee] 洗发剂
serious (problem, illness) yánzhòng(de) [yen-joong(-dur)] 严重(的)	share (verb: room, table etc) héyòng [hur-yoong] 合用
service charge (in restaurant) xiǎofei [hsyow-fay] 小费	sharp (knife) jiānrui [jyen-rway] 尖锐
serviette cānjīn [tsahn-jin] 餐巾	(pain) ruì [rway] 锐
set menu fēnrfān [funr-fahn] 份儿饭	shaver diàndòng tìxū dāo [dyen-doong tee-hsyew dow] 电动剃须刀
several jǐge [jee-gur] 几个	shaving foam guā hú pàomò [gwah hoo pow-mor] 刮胡泡沫
sew féng [fung] 缝	shaving point diàntìdāo chāxiāo [dyen-tee-dow chah- hsyow] 电剃刀插销
could you sew this-...-back on? qǐng nín bāng wǒ bā zhèige-...-fénghuíqu, hǎo ma? [ching nin bahng wor bah jay- gur ... fung-hway-chew how mah] 请您帮我把这个 ... 缝回 去好吗 ?	she* tā [tah] 她 is she here? tā zài ma? [dzai mah] 她在吗 ?
sex (male/female) xìngbié [hsing- byeh] 性别	
sexy xìnggǎn [hsing-gahn] 性感	
shade: in the shade zài yīnliáng chù [dzai yin-lyang] 在阴凉处	

sheet (for bed) bèidān [bei-dahn]	shopping: I'm going shopping wǒ qù mǎi dōngxi [wor chew mai doong-hshee]
被单	我去买东西
shelf jiàzi [jyah-dzur]	shore (of sea, lake) àn [ahn]
架子	岸
shellfish bēilèi [bay-lay]	short (person) ǎi
贝类	矮
ship chuán [chwahn]	(time, journey) duǎn [dwahn]
船	短
by ship zuò chuán [dzwor]	shorts duǎnkù [dwahn-koo]
坐船	短裤
shirt chènyī [chun-yee]	should: what should I do? wǒ
衬衣	gāi zěnme bàn? [wor gai dzun-mur bahn]
shock: I got an electric shock from the-...- wǒ pèngzhe...-ér chùdiàn [wor pung-jur - dyen]	我该怎么办 ?
我碰着 ... 而触电	you should-...-nǐ
shocking jīngrénde [jing-run-dur]	yīnggāi-...- [ying-gai]
惊人的	你应该 ...
shoe xié [hsyeh]	you shouldn't-...-nǐ bù
鞋	yīnggāi-...
a pair of shoes yìshuāng xié [yee-shwahng]	你不应该 ...
一双鞋	he should be back soon guò yíhuìr, tā yīng zài huílai [gwor yee-hwayr tah ying dzai hway-lai]
shoelaces xiédài [hsyeh-dai]	过一会儿他应再回来
鞋带	shoulder jiānbǎng [jyen-bahng]
shoe polish xiéyóu [hsyeh-yoh]	肩膀
鞋油	shout (verb) hǎn [hahn]
shoe repairer xiūxiéjiàng [hsyoh-hsyeh-jyang]	喊
修鞋匠	show (in theatre) biáoyǎn [byow-yahn]
shop shāngdiàn [shahng-dyen]	表演
商店	could you show me? nǐ néng ràng wǒ kànkān ma? [nung

rahng wor kahn-kahn mah] 你能让我看看吗？
shower (of rain) zhènyǔ [jun-yew] 阵雨
 (in bathroom) línyù [lin-yew] 淋浴
with shower dài línyù 带淋浴
shrine shénkān [shun-kahn] 神龛
shut (verb) guān [gwahn] 关
when do you shut? nímen jídiǎn guānménr? [nee-mun jee-dyen gwahn-munr] 你们几点关门儿？
when does it shut? jídiǎn guānménr? [jee-dyen] 几点关门儿？
they're shut guānménr le [lur] 关门儿了
I've shut myself out wǒ bǎ zìjǐ guān zài wàitou le [wor bah dzur-jee gwahn dzai wai-toh lur] 我把自己关在外头了
shut up! zhù zui! [joo dzway] 住嘴
shy hàixiū [hai-hsyoh] 害羞
sick (ill) yǒubìng [yoh-bing] 有病
I'm going to be sick (vomit) wǒ yào ǒutù [wor yow oh-too] 我要呕吐

side: the other side of the street zài jiē duìmiàn [dzai jyeh dway-myen] 在街对面
sidewalk rénxíng dào [run-hsing dow] 人行道
sight: the sights of...—...de fēngjǐng [fung-jing] ...的风景
sightseeing: we're going sightseeing wǒmen qù yóulǎn [wor-mun chew yoh-lahn] 我们去游览
silk sīchóu [sur-choh] 丝绸
Silk Road sīchóu zhī lù [jur] 丝绸之路
silly chǔn 蠢
silver (noun) yín(zì) [yin-dzur] 银(子)
similar xiāngjìn de [hsyahng-jin dur] 相近
simple (easy) jiǎndān [jyen-dahn] 简单
since: since last week zìcóng shàngge xīngqī yǐlái [dzur-tsoong shahng-gur hsing-chee yee-lai] 自从上个星期以来
since I got here zìcóng wǒ lái yǐhòu [dzur-tsoong wor lai yee-

S

- hoh] 自从我来以后
sing chànggē [chahng-gur] 唱歌
Singapore Xīnjiāpō [hsin-jyah-por] 新加坡
singer gēchàngjiā [gur-chahng-jyah] 歌唱家
single: a single to-...-yìzhāng qù-...-de dānchéngpiào [yee-jahng chew-...-dur dahn-chung-pyow] 一张去 ... 的单程票
I'm single wǒ shì dúshēn [wor shur dahn-shun] 我是独身
single bed dānrén chuáng [dahn-run chwahng] 单人床
single room dānrén jiān [jyen] 单人间
single ticket (dānchéng) piào [pyow] (单程) 票
sink (in kitchen) shuǐchí [shway-chur] 水池
sister (elder) jiějie [jyeh-jyeh] 姐姐
(younger) mèimei [may-may] 妹妹
sit: can I sit here? wǒ kěyi zuò zhèr ma? [wor kur-yee dzwar jer mah] 我可以坐这儿吗 ?
is anyone sitting here? yǒu rén zài zhèr ma? [yoh run] 有人在这儿吗 ?
sit down zuòxià [dzwor-hsyah] 坐下
sit down! qǐng zuò! [ching] 请坐
size chǐcùn [chur-tsun] 尺寸
skin (human) pífu 皮肤
(animal) pí 皮
skinny shòu [shoh] 瘦
skirt qúnzi [chewn-dzur] 裙子
sky tiān [tyen] 天
sleep (verb) shuìjiào [shway-jyow] 睡觉
did you sleep well? nǐ shuì de hǎo ma? [shway dur how mah] 你睡得好吗 ?
sleeper (on train) wòpù [wor-poo] 卧铺
(soft) ruǎnwò [rwahn-wor] 软卧
(hard) yìngwò [ying-wor] 硬卧
sleeping bag shuìdài [shway-

dai】
睡袋
sleeping car wòpù chēxiāng
【wor-poo chur-hsyahng】
卧铺车厢
sleeve xiùzi [hsyoh-dzur]
袖子
slide (photographic)
huàndēngpiānr [hwahn-dung-
pyenr]
幻灯片儿
slip (garment) chènqún [chun-
chewn]
衬裙
slow màn [mahn]
慢
slow down! màn diǎnr! [dyenr]
慢点儿
slowly màn
慢
very slowly hěn màn [hun]
很慢
small xiǎo [hsyow]
小
smell: it smells (bad) yǒu wèir
le [yoh wayr lur]
有味儿了
smile (verb) xiào [hsyow]
笑
smoke (noun) yān [yahn]
烟
do you mind if I smoke? wǒ
kěyì zài zhèr chōu yān ma?
【wor kur-ye dzai jer choh yahn mah】
我可以在这儿抽烟吗？

I don't smoke wǒ bù huì
chōu yān [hway]
我不会抽烟
do you smoke? nǐ chōu yān
ma?
你抽烟吗？
snack diǎnxin [dyen-hsin]
点心
sneeze (noun) dǎ pēntì [da
pun-tee]
打喷嚏
snow (noun) xuě [hsyew-eh]
雪
so: it's so good nàme
[nah-mur]
那么好
it's so expensive nàme guì
那么贵
not so much méi nàme duō
[may – dwor]
没那么多
not so bad méi nàme huài
没那么坏
so-so búguò rúcǐ [boo-gwor
roo-tsur]
不过如此
soap féizào [fay-dzow]
肥皂
soap powder xǐyifěn [hshee-
yee-fun]
洗衣粉
sock duǎnwà [dwahn-wah]
短袜
socket chāzuò [chah-dzwor]
插座

soda (water) sūdá [soo-dah]	xǐng chī diǎn dōngxī [wor hsyahng chur dyen doong-hshee]
苏打	我想吃点东西
sofa shāfā [shah-fah]	sometimes yǒushíhhou [yo-shur-hoh]
沙发	有时候
soft (material etc) ruǎn [rwahn]	somewhere mǒudi [moh-dee]
软	某地
soft drink qìshuǐr [chee-shway]	I need somewhere to stay wǒ yào zhǎoge zhùchù [wor yow jow-gur]
汽水儿	我要找个住处
soft seat ruǎnzuo [rwahn-dzwar]	son érzi [er-dzur]
软座	儿子
sole (of shoe) xiédì [hsyeh-dee]	song gē [gur]
鞋底	歌
(of foot) jiáodī [jyow-dee]	son-in-law nǚxu [nyoo-hsoo]
脚底	女婿
could you put new soles on these? qǐng nín huàn shuāng xīn xiédì, hǎo ma? [ching nin hwahn shwahng hsin – how mah]	soon (after a while) yǐhuǐr [yee-hwayr]
请你换双新鞋底好吗？	一会儿
some: can I have some water?	(quickly) kuài [kwai]
qǐng lái yídiānr shuǐ, hǎo ma? [ching lai yee-dyenr – how mah]	快
请来一点儿水好吗？	I'll be back soon wǒ yǐhuǐr jiù huílai [wor yee-hwayr jyoh hway-lai]
can I have some apples?	我一会儿就回来
qǐng lái yíxiē píngguǒ, hǎo ma? [yee-hsyeh]	as soon as possible yuè kuài yuè hǎo [yew-eh – how]
请来一些苹果好吗？	越快越好
somebody, someone mǒurén [moh-run]	sore: it's sore téng [tung]
某人	疼
something mǒushì [moh-shur]	sore throat sǎngzíténg [sahng-dzur-tung]
某事	嗓子疼
I want something to eat wǒ	

sorry: (I'm) sorry duìbuqǐ
 〔dway-boochee〕
对不起
sorry? (didn't understand) nǐ
 shuō shénme? 〔shwor shun-mur〕
你说什么？
sort: what sort of...? shénme
 yàng de...? 〔dur〕
什么样的 ... ?
soup tāng 〔tahng〕
汤
sour (taste) suān 〔swahn〕
酸
south nán 〔nahnh〕
南
in the south nánfāng 〔nahnfahng〕
南方
South Africa Nánfēi 〔nahn-fay〕
南非
South African (adj) Nánfēi
南非
I'm South African wǒ shì
 Nánfēirén 〔wor shur -run〕
我是南非人
South China Sea Nánhǎi
 〔nahnhai〕
南海
southeast dōngnán 〔doong-nahn〕
东南
southern nánde 〔nahndur〕
南的
South Korea nán Cháoxīān
 〔nahnh chow-hsyen〕

南朝鲜
southwest xīnán 〔hsin-ahn〕
西南
souvenir jīniànpǐn
 〔jin-yen-pin〕
纪念品
soy sauce jiàngyóu 〔jyahng-gyoh〕
酱油
Spain Xībānyá 〔hshee-bahn-yah〕
西班牙
Spanish (adj) Xībānyáde 〔hshee-bahn-yah-dur〕
西班牙的
speak: do you speak English?
 nín huì jiǎng Yīngyǔ ma?
 〔hwah jyang ying-yew mah〕
您会讲英语吗？
I don't speak...-wǒ bùhuì
 jiǎng... 〔wor boo-hwah〕
我不会讲 ...
can I speak to...? (in person)
 máfan nín zhǎo yíxia ... hǎo
 ma? 〔mah-fahn nin jow yee-hsyah-...-how〕
麻烦您找一下 ... 好吗？

dialogue

can I speak to Mr Wang?
 Wáng xiānsheng zài bùzài?
 〔hsyahng-shung dzai-boo-dzai〕
who's calling? nǐ shì
 nawéi? 〔shur nar-way〕
it's Patricia wǒ shì Patricia
 〔wor〕

I'm sorry, he's not in, can I take a message? duìbuqǐ, tā búzài, yàobúyào liú gexìn? [dway-boo-chee tah boo-dzai yow-booyow lyoh gur-hsin]
no thanks, I'll call back later xièxie, guò yìhuìr wǒ zài dǎ [hsyeh-hsyeh gwor yee-hwayer wor dzai dah]
please tell him I called qǐng gàosu tā wǒ dǎ le diànhuà [ching gow-soo tah wor dah lur dyen-hwah]

spectacles yǎnjìng [yenjing]
眼镜
spend huāfei [hwah-fay]
花费
spoke (in wheel) fútiáo [foo-tyow]
辐条
spoon sháozi [show-dzur]
勺子
sport yùndòng [yewn-doong]
运动
sprain: I've sprained my-...-wōde ... niǔ le [wor-dur... nyoh lur]
我的 ... 扭了
spring (season) chūntian [chun-tyen]
春天
in the spring chūntian
春天
square (in town) guángchǎng

[gwahng-chahng]
广场
stairs lóutī [loh-tee]
楼梯
stamp (noun) yóupiào [yooh-pyow]
邮票

dialogue

a stamp for England,
please mǎi yìzhāng jì
Yīngguó de yóupiào [mai yee-jahng jee ying-gwör dur]
what are you sending? nǐ jì shénme? [shun-mur]
this postcard zhèizhāng
míngxìnpìàn [jay-jahng ming-hsin-pyen]

star xīngxing [hsing-hsing]
星星
start kāishǐ [kai-shur]
开始
when does it start? jǐdiǎn kāishǐ? [jee-dyen]
几点开始 ?
the car won't start chē fàdòngbùqǐlái [chur fah-doong-booh-chee-lai]
车发动不起来
starter (food) lěngpánr [lung-pahn]
冷盘儿
station (train) huǒchē zhàn

【hwor-chur jahn】
火车站
(city bus) qìchē zǒng zhàn
【chee-chur dzoong】
汽车总站
(long-distance bus) chángtú
qìchēzhàn [chahng-too chee-chur-jahn]
长途汽车站
(underground) dì tiě zhàn [tyeh jahn]
地铁站
statue sùxiàng [soo-hsyahng]
塑像
stay: where are you staying?
nímen zhù zài nǎr? [nee-mun joo dzai nar]
你们住在哪儿?
I'm staying at....-wǒ zhù zài....-[wor joo dzai]
我住在 ...
I'd like to stay another two nights wǒ xiǎng zài zhù liǎng tiān [syahng dzai joo]
我想再住两天
steak niúpái [nyoh-pai]
牛排
steal tōu [toh]
偷
my bag has been stolen wǒde bāo bèi tōule [wor-dur bow bay toh-lur]
我的包被偷了
steamed zhēng [jung]
蒸

steamed roll huājuǎnr [hwah-jwahnr]
花卷儿
steep (hill) dǒu [doh]
陡
step: on the steps zài táijiē shang [dzai tai-jyeh shahng]
在台阶上
stereo litǐshēng [lee-tee-shung]
立体声
Sterling yīngbàng [ying-bahng]
英镑
steward (on plane) fúwùyuán [nahm foo-woo-yew-ahn]
服务员
stewardess kōngzhōng xiáojie [koong-joong hsyow-jyeh]
空中小姐
still: I'm still here wǒ hái zài [wor hai dzai]
我还在
is he still there? tā hái zài ma? [tah – mah]
他还在吗?
keep still! bié dòng! [byeh doong]
别动
sting: I've been stung wǒ gěi zhéle [wor gay jur-lur]
我给蛰了
stockings chángtǒngwà [chahng-toong-wah]
长统袜
stomach wèi [way]
胃

stomach ache wèiténg [way-tung]	strawberry cǎoméi [tsow-may]
胃疼	草莓
stone (rock) shítou [shur-toh]	stream xiǎoxī [hsyow-hshee]
石头	小溪
stop (verb) tíng	street jiē(dào) [jyeh(-dow)]
停	街(道)
please, stop here (to taxi driver etc) qǐng tíng zài zhèr [ching ting dzai jer]	on the street zài jiēshàng [dzai jyeh-shahng]
请停在这儿	在街上
do you stop near...?	streetmap jiāotōngtú [jyow-toong-too]
zài...-fùjin tíng ma? [mah]	交通图
在 ... 附近停吗 ?	string shéngzī [shung-dzur]
stop it! tíngzhǐ! [ting-jur]	绳子
停止	strong (person)
storm bāofēngyǔ [bow-fung-yew]	qiángzhuàng [chyang-jwahng]
暴风雨	强壮
straight (whisky etc) chún	(material) jiěshí [jyeh-shur]
纯	结实
it's straight ahead yìzhí	(drink, taste) nóng [noong]
cháoqián [yee-jur chow-chyen]	浓
一直朝前	stuck: it's stuck kǎle [kah-lur]
straightaway mǎshàng [mah-shahng]	卡了
马上	student xuéshēng [hsyew-eh-shung]
strange (odd) qíguài de [chee-gwai dur]	学生
奇怪的	stupid bèn [bun]
stranger shēngrén [shun-grun]	笨
生人	suburb jiāoqū [jyow-chew]
strap dàir	郊区
带儿	subway (US) dìtiě [dee-tyeh]
	地铁
	suddenly tūrán [too-rahn]
	突然

sugar táng [tahng]	sunny: it's sunny yángguāng chōngzú [yang-gwahng choong-dzoo]
糖	阳光充足
suit (noun) tào zhuāng [tow-jwahng]	sunset rì luò [rur-lwor]
套装	日落
it doesn't suit me (jacket etc) wǒ chuān bù hé shì [wor-chwahn boo hur-shur]	sunshine yángguāng [yang-gwahng]
我穿不合适	阳光
it suits you nǐ chuān hé shì	sunstroke zhòngshǔ [joong-shoo]
你穿合适	中暑
suitcase shǒu tí xiāng [shoh-tee-hsyahng]	suntan lotion fángshài jì [fahng-shai]
手提箱	防晒剂
summer xià tian [hsyah-tyen]	suntan oil fángshài yóu [-yoh]
夏天	防晒油
in the summer xià tian	super hǎo jí le [how-jee-lur]
夏天	好极了
sun tài yáng	supermarket chāo jí shì chǎng
太阳	[chow-jee shur-chahng]
sunbathe shài tài yáng	超级市场
晒太阳	supper wǎn fan [wahn-fahn]
sunblock (cream) fáng shài rǔ [fahng-shai-roo]	晚饭
防晒乳	supplement (extra charge)
sunburn rì zhì [rur-shur]	fú jiā fei [foo-jyah-fay]
日灸	附加费
Sunday xīng qī tiān [hsing-chee-tyen]	sure: are you sure? zhěn de
星期天	ma? [jun dur mah]
sunglasses tài yáng jìng [tai-yang-jing]	真的吗?
太阳镜	sure! dāng rán! [dahn-grahn]
	当然
	surname xìng [hsing]
	姓
	swearword zāng zì rì [dzahng-zahng]

dzur] 脏字儿
 sweater máoyī [mow-yee] 毛衣
 sweatshirt (chángxiù) hànhshān [chahng-hsyoh hahn-shahn] (长袖) 汗衫
 Sweden Ruìdiǎn [rway-dyen] 瑞典
 Swedish (adj) Ruìdiǎnyǔ 瑞典语
 sweet (taste) tián [tyen] 甜
 (noun: dessert) tiánshí [tyen-shur] 甜食
 sweets tángguǒ [tahng-gwor] 糖果
 swim (verb) yóuyǒng [yoh-yoong] 游泳
 I'm going for a swim wǒ qù yóuyǒng [wor chew yoh-yoong] 我去游泳
 let's go for a swim zánmen qù yóuyǒng ba [zahn-mun] 咱们去游泳吧
 swimming costume yóuyǒngyī [yoh-yoong-yee] 游泳衣
 swimming pool yóuyǒng chí [chur] 游泳池
 swimming trunks yóuyǒngkù

[yoh-yoong-koo] 游泳裤
 switch (noun) kāiguān [kai-gwahn] 开关
 switch off guān [gwahn] 关
 switch on kāi [kai] 开
 swollen zhǒng [joong] 肿

T

table zhuōzi [jwor-dzur] 桌子
 a table for two liǎngrén zhuōō [lyang-run] 两人桌
 tablecloth zhuōbù [jwor-boo] 桌布
 table tennis pīngpāngqiú [ping-pahng-chyo] 乒乓球
 tailor cáifeng [tsai-fung] 裁缝
 Taiwan Táiwān [tai-wahn] 台湾
 Taiwanese (adj) Táiwān(de) [-dur] 台湾(的)
 take ná [nah] 拿

(somebody somewhere) **líng**
领
(something somewhere) **dài**
带
(accept) **jiēshòu** [jyeh-shoh]
接受
can you take me to the-...?
qǐng dài wǒ dào-...? [ching dai
wor dow]
请带我到 ... ?
do you take credit cards? **nǐ**
shòu xìnyòngkǎ ma? [shoh
hsin-yoong-kah mah]
你受信用卡吗 ?
fine, I'll take it **hǎo, xíngle**
[how hsing-lur]
好行了
can I take this? (leaflet etc) **kěyi**
ná ma? [kur-yeer nah]
可以拿吗 ?
how long does it take? **yào**
duōcháng shíjiān? [yow dwor-
chahng shur-jyen]
要多长时间 ?
it takes three hours **yào sānge**
zhōngtóu [yow sahng-gur joong-
toh]
要三个钟头
is this seat taken? **zhèr yǒu**
rén ma? [jer yoh run mah]
这儿有人吗 ?
talk (verb) **shuōhuà** [shwor-hwah]
说话
tall **gāo** [gow]
高

tampons **wèishēngjīn** [way-
shung-jin]
卫生巾
tap **shuǐlóng tóu** [shway-loong
toh]
水龙头
tape (cassette) **cídài**
[tsur-dai]
磁带
taste (noun) **wèir** [wayr]
味儿
can I taste it? **kěyi**
chángchang ma? [kur-yee
chahng-chahng mah]
可以尝尝吗 ?
taxi **chūzū qìchē** [choo-dzoo
chee-chur]
出租汽车
will you get me a taxi?
qíng nín bāng wǒ jiào liàng
chūzūchē, hǎo ma? [ching nin
bahng wor jyow lyang choo-dzoo-
chur how mah]
请您帮我叫辆出租车
好吗 ?
where can I find a taxi? **zài**
när kěyi zhǎodao chūzū
qìchē? [dzai nar kur-yeer jow-dow]
在哪儿可以找到出租
汽车 ?

dialogue

to the airport/to the Xian
Hotel, please **qǐng dài**

wǒ dào fēijīcháng/Xiān
fāndiàn [dow –
fay-jee-chahng]
how much will it be?
duōshao qián? [dwor-show
chyen]
30 yuan sānshí kuài qián
[sahn-shur kwai]
that's fine right here,
thanks jiù zài zhèr, xièxie
[jyoh dzai jer hsye-hsyeh]

taxi driver chūzū sījī [choo-dzoo
sur-jee]
出租司机
taxi rank chūzūchē diǎnr
[dyenr]
出租车点儿
tea (drink) chá [chah]
茶
tea for one/two, please qǐng
lái yí/liǎngge rén de chá [ching
– run dur]
请来一／两个人的茶
teach: could you teach me?
nín kěyi jiāojiao wǒ ma? [kur
yee jyow-jyow wor mah]
您可以教教我吗？
teacher lǎoshī [low-shur]
老师
team duì [dway]
队
teaspoon cháchí [chah-chur]
茶匙
tea towel cāwǎnbù [tsah-wahn-

boo] 擦碗布
teenager qīngshàonián [ching-
show-nyen]
青少年
telegram diànbào
[dyen-bow]
电报
telephone diànhuà [dyen-
hwah]
电话
see phone
television diànshì [dyen-shur]
电视
tell: could you tell him-...?
qǐng nín gàosu tà..., hǎo ma?
[ching nin gow-soo tah-...-how
mah]
请您告诉他 ... 好吗 ?
temperature (weather) qìwēn
[chee-wun]
气温
(fever) fāshāo [fah-show]
发烧
temple (Buddhist) sì [sur]
寺
(Taoist) guàn [gwahn]
观
tennis wǎngqiú [wahng-
chyo]
网球
term (at university, school) xuéqī
[hsyew-eh-chee]
学期
terminus (rail) zhōngdiǎnzhàn

dialogue

【joong-dyen-jahn】
终点站
terrible zāogāo [dzow-gow]
糟糕
that's terrible tài zāogāo le
【lur】
太糟糕了
terrific bàngjile [bahng-jee-lur]
棒极了
text (message) duǎnxìn
【dwahn-hsin】
短信
Thailand Tàiguó [tai-gwor]
泰国
than* bǐ
比
even more-...-than-...-bǐ-...-gèngduō [gung-....-dwor]
比 ... 更多
smaller than bǐ-...-xiǎo
【hsyow】
比 ... 小
thank: thank you xièxie [hsyeh-hsyeh]
谢谢
thank you very much fēicháng gǎnxiè [fay-chahng gahn-hsyeh]
非常感谢
thanks for the lift xièxie nín ràng wǒ dāle chē [rahng wor dah-lur chur]
谢谢您让我搭了车
no, thanks xièxie, wǒ bú yào
【boo yow】
谢谢我不要

thanks xièxie
that's OK, don't mention it
bú kèqi [kur chee]

that* nèige [nay-gur]
那个
that one nèi yíge [yee-gur]
那一个
I hope that-...-wǒ
xīwàng-...-[wor hshee-wahng]
我希望 ...
that's nice nà zhèng hǎo
[nah jung-how]
那正好
is that-...? nà shì-...-ma?
【shur-....-mah】
那是 ... 吗 ?
that's it (that's right) duile
【dway-lur】
对了
the*
theatre jùyuàn
【jyew-yew-ahn】
剧院
their/theirs* tāmende [tah-mun-dur]
他们的
them* tāmen [tah-mun]
他们
then (at that time) nèi shíhou
【nay shur-hoh】
那时候

(after that) ránhòu [rahn-hoh]	(object) xì [hshee]
然后	细
there nàr	thing (matter) shìr [shur]
那儿	事儿
over there zài nàr [dzai]	(object) dōngxi [doong-hshee]
在那儿	东西
up there zài shàngtou [dzai shahng-toh]	my things wǒde dōngxi
在上头	我的东西
is/are there-...? yǒu-...-ma?	think xiǎng [hsyahng]
[yoh-...-mah]	想
有 ... 吗 ?	I think so wǒ xiǎng shì
there is/are-...-yǒu-...	zhèiyang [wor hsyahng shur jay-yang]
有 ...	我想是这样
there you are (giving something)	I don't think so wǒ bú zhèiyang xiǎng [jay-yang]
gěi nǐ [gay]	我不这样想
给你	I'll think about it wǒ kǎolù
Thermos® flask	yíxia [kow-lyew yee-hsyah]
rèshuǐpíng [rush-way-ping]	我考虑一下
热水瓶	third class sānděng [sahn-dung]
these* zhèixie [jay-hsyeh]	三等
这些	(hard seat) yìngzuò [ying-dzwar]
they* tāmen [tahmun]	硬座
他们	thirsty: I'm thirsty wǒ kǒukě
thick hòu [hoh]	[wor koh-kur]
厚	我口渴
(stupid) bèn [bun]	this* zhèige [jay-gur]
笨	这个
thief zéi [dzay]	this one zhèige
贼	这个
thigh dàtui [dah-tway]	this is my wife zhè shì wǒ qīzi
大腿	[jur shur wor chee-dzur]
thin (person) shòu [shoh]	这是我妻子
瘦	

is this-...? zhè shì bù shì-...?

【shur-boo-shur】

这是不是 ... ?

those* něixie 【nay-hsyeh】

那些

thread (noun) xiàn 【hsyen】

线

throat sǎngzī 【sahng-dzur】

嗓子

throat lozenges rùnhóu piàn

【run-hoh pyen】

润喉片

through jīngguò 【jing-gwor】

经过

does it go through-...? (train,
bus) jīngguò-...-ma? 【mah】

经过 ... 吗 ?

throw/throw away rēng

【rung】

扔

thumb dàmúzhǐ 【dah-moo-jur】

大拇指

thunderstorm léiyǔ 【lay-yew】

雷雨

Thursday xīngqīsì 【hsing-chee-

sur】

星期四

Tibet Xīzàng 【hshee-dzahng】

西藏

Tibetan (adj) Xīzàngde 【hshee-
dzahng】

西藏的

ticket piào 【pyow】

票

dialogue

a return to Xian wǎng Xiān
de láihuí piào 【wahng – dur
lai-hway】

coming back when?

nèitiān yào huílái? 【shur nay-
tyen yow】

today/next Tuesday

jīntiān/xiàgè xīngqīér

that will be 30 yuan sānshí
kuài qián 【chyen】

ticket office (bus, rail)

shòupiàochù 【shoh-pyow-choo】

售票处

tie (necktie) lǐngdài

领带

tight (clothes etc) xiǎo 【hsyw】

小

it's too tight tài xiǎo le 【lur】

太小了

tights liánkùwà 【lyen-koo-wah】

连裤袜

time* shíjiān 【shur-jyen】

时间

what's the time? jǐdiǎn le?

【jee-dyen lur】

几点了 ?

this time zhèicì 【jay-tsur】

这次

last time shàngcì 【shahng-tsur】

上次

next time xiàcì 【hsyah】

下次

three times sāncì 三次	myen-bow] 烤面包
timetable (train) lièchē shíkè biǎo [lyeh-chur shur-kur byow] 列车时刻表	today jīntiān [jin-tyen] 今天
tin (can) guàntou [gwahn-toh] 罐头	toe jiáozhítou [jyow-jur-toh] 脚指头
tinfoil xīzhǐ [hshee-jur] 锡纸	together yìqǐ [yee-chee] 一起
tin-opener guàntou qǐzi [gwahn-toh chee-dzur] 罐头起子	we're together (in shop etc) wǒmen shì yíkuair de [wor-mun shur yee-kwair dur] 我们是一块儿的
tiny yìdiánrdiǎnr [yee-dyenr-dyen] 一点儿点儿	toilet cèsuo [tsur-swor] 厕所
tip (to waiter etc) xiǎo fēi [hsyw-fay] 小费	where is the toilet? cèsuo zài nǎr? [dzai] 厕所在哪儿 ?
tire (US) líntāi [lun-tai] 轮胎	I have to go to the toilet wǒ děi qù fāngbian fāngbian [wor-day chew fahng-byen] 我得去方便方便
tired lèi [lay] 累	toilet paper wèishēngzhǐ [way-shung-jee] 卫生纸
I'm tired wǒ lèi le [wor lay lur] 我累了	tomato xīhóngshì [hshee-hoong-shur] 西红柿
tissues zhǐjìn [jur-jin] 纸巾	tomato juice fānqié zhī [fahn-chyeh jur] 番茄汁
to*: to Shanghai/London dào Shànghǎi/Lúnđūn [dow] 到上海／伦敦	tomorrow míngtian [ming-tyen] 明天
to China/England qù Zhōngguó/Yīnggélán [chew] 去中国／英格兰	tomorrow morning míngtian zǎoshang [dzow-shahng] 明天早上
to the post office qù yóujú 去邮局	
toast (bread) kǎo miànbāo [kow]	

the day after tomorrow	torch shǒudiàntǒng [shoh-dyen-toong]
hòutian [hoh-tyen] 后天	hand torch 手电筒
tongue shétou [shur-toh] 舌头	total (noun) zǒnggòng [dzoong-goong] 总共
tonic (water) kuàngquánshuǐ [kwahng-choo-en-shway] 矿泉水	tour (noun) lǚxíng [lyew-hsing] 旅行
tonight jīntian wǎnshang [jin-tyen wahn-shahng] 今天晚上	is there a tour of-...? yǒu méiyou wǎng-...-de lǚxíng? [yoh may-yoh wahng-...-dur] 有没有往 ... 的旅行 ?
too (also) yě [yur] 也	tour guide dǎoyóu [dow-yoh] 导游
(excessively) tài 太	tourist lǚyóu zhě [lyew-yoh jur] 旅游者
too hot tài rè [rur] 太热	tour operator lǚxíng shè [lyew-hsing shur] 旅行社
too much tài duō [dwor] 太多	towards cháoze [chow-jur] 朝着
me too wǒ yě [wor] 我也	towel máojīn [mow-jin] 毛巾
tooth yá [yah] 牙	town chéngzhèn [chung-jun] 城镇
toothache yáténg [yah-tung] 牙疼	in town (zài) chéngli [(dzai) chung-lee] (在) 城里
toothbrush yáshuā [yah-shwah] 牙刷	out of town (zài) chéngwài [chung-wai] (在) 城外
toothpaste yágāo [yah-gow] 牙膏	town centre shì zhōngxīn [shur joong-hsin] 市中心
top: on top of...-zài ... shàngtou [dzai-...-shahng-toh] 在 ... 上头	town hall shì zhèngfǔ dàlóu
at the top zài dǐngshang [ding-shahng] 在顶上	

【shur-jung-foo】	
市政府大楼	
toy wánjù 【wahn-tyew】	
玩具	
track (US) zhàntái 【jahn-tai】	
站台	
tracksuit yùndòngfú 【yewnn-doong-foo】	
运动服	
traditional chuántǒng 【chwahn-toong】	
传统	
train huǒchē 【hwor-chur】	
火车	
by train zuò huǒchē 【dzwor hwor-chur】	
坐火车	

dialogue

is this the train for-Shanghai? zhèliè huǒchē qù Shànghǎi ma? 【jur-lyeh hwor-chur chew - mah】	
sure qù 【chew】	
no, you want that platform there búqù, nǐ yào dào nèige zhàntái qù 【boo-chew nee yow dow nay-gur jahn-tai】	
trainers (shoes) lǚyóuxié 【lyew-yoh-hsyeh】	
旅游鞋	
train station huǒchēzhàn	

【hwor-chur-jahn】	
火车站	
tram yōuguǐ diàncān 【yoh-gway dyen-chur】	
有轨电车	
translate fānyì 【fahn-yee】	
翻译	
could you translate that?	
qǐng nín fānyì yíxia, hǎo ma? 【ching nin fahn-yee yee-hsyah how mah】	
请您翻译一下好吗？	
translator fānyì 【fahn-yee】	
翻译	
trash lājī 【lah-jee】	
垃圾	
travel lǚxíng 【lyew-hsing】	
旅行	
we're travelling around	
wǒmen zài lǚxíng 【wor-mun dzai】	
我们在旅行	
travel agent's lǚxíngshè 【lyew-hsing-shur】	
旅行社	
traveller's cheque lǚxíng zhīpiào 【lyew-hsing jur-pyow】	
旅行支票	
tray chápán 【chah-pahn】	
茶盘	
tree shù 【shoo】	
树	
trim: just a trim, please (to hairdresser) qǐng zhǐ xiūxiu biānr 【ching jur hsyoh-hsyoh	

byenr】
请只修修边儿
trip: I'd like to go on a trip
to-...-wǒ xiǎng dào-...-qu
【wor hsyahng dow-...-chew】
我想到 ... 去
trouble (noun) máfan 【mah-fahn】
麻烦
I'm having trouble with-...-w
ǒde-...-yùdàole diǎnr máfan
【wor-duh-... yew-dow-lur dyenr】
我的 ... 遇到了点儿麻烦
trousers kùzì 【koo-dzur】
裤子
true zhēnede 【jun-dur】
真的
that's not true bú duì 【dway】
不对
trunk (US: of car) xínglixiāng
【hsing-lee-hsyahng】
行李箱
trunks (swimming) yóuyǒngkù
【yoh-yoong-koo】
游泳裤
try (verb) shì 【shur】
试
can I try it? kěyi shìyishì ma?
【kur-yeo shur-yeo-shur mah】
可以试一试吗 ?
try on: can I try it on? kěyi
shìyishì ma?
可以试一试吗 ?
T-shirt T xùshān 【tee hsoo
shahn】
T 恤衫

Tuesday xīngqìer 【hsing-chee-
er】
星期二
tunnel suīdào 【sway-dow】
隧道
turn: turn left wǎng zuó guǎi
【wahng dzwor gwai】
往左拐
turn right wǎng yòu guǎi
往右拐
turn off: where do I turn off?
wǒ děi zài nǎr guǎiwān? 【wor
day dzai nar gwai-wahn】
我得在哪儿拐弯 ?
can you turn the heating off?
qǐng ba nuǎnqì guānshang
【ching bah nwahn-chee-gwahn-
shahng】
请把暖器关上 ?
turn on: can you turn the
heating on? qǐng ba nuǎnqì
dǎkāi yíxià 【dah-kai
yee-hsyah】
请把暖器打开一下 ?
turning (in road) zhuǎnwānr
【jwahn-wahnr】
转弯儿
TV diànshì 【dyen-shur】
电视
twice liǎngcì 【lyang-tsur】
两次
twice as much duō yíbèi
【dwoor yee-bay】
多一倍
twin beds liǎngge

dānrénchuáng	【lyang-gur dahn-run-chwahng】	jyoh】 舅舅
两个单人床	twin room shuāngrén fángjiān 【shwahng-run fahng-jyen】	under-...-(in position) zài-...-xià 【dzai-...-hsyah】
双人房间	twist: I've twisted my ankle wòde jiǎobózi niǔle 【wor-dur	在 ... 下 (less than) shǎoyú-...-【show-yew】
我的脚脖子扭了	jyow-bor-dzur nyoh-lur】	... 少于
type (noun)	zhǒng 【joong】	underdone (meat) bàn shēng bù shú 【bahn shung boo shoo】
种	another type of-...-líng yìzhǒng-...-【líng yee-joong】	半生不熟
另一种 ...	typical diǎnxíng 【dyen-hsing】	underground (railway) dìtiě 【dee-tyeh】
典型	tyre lúntāi	地铁
轮胎	ugly nánkàn 【nahnn-kahn】	underpants kùchǎ 【koo-chah】
U	—	裤衩
TW	—	understand: I understand wǒ dǒng le 【wor doong lur】
丑	UK Yīngguó 【ying-gwor】	我懂了
难看	umbrella yǔsǎn 【yew-sahn】	I don't understand wǒ bù dǒng
英国	雨伞	我不懂
uncle (father's elder brother)	bófū 伯父	do you understand? nǐ dōngle, ma?
(father's younger brother)	shūshu 【shoo-shoo】	你懂了吗 ?
叔叔	uncle (mother's brother) jiùjiu 【jyoh-	unemployed shīyè 【shur-yur】
		失业
		unfashionable bù shímáo 【boo
		shur-mow】
		不时髦
		United States Měiguó 【may-gwor】
		美国
		university dàxué

【dah-hsyew-eh】	us*
大学	wōmen 【wor-mun】
unlock kāi	我们
开	with us gēn wōmen yìqǐ 【gun - yee-chee】
unpack dǎkāi 【dah-kai】	跟我们一起
打开	for us wéi wōmen 【wei】
until-...-zhídào-...-wéizhǐ	为我们
【jur-dow-...-way-jur】	use (verb) yòng 【yoong】
只到 ... 为止	用
unusual bù chángjiàn(de)	may I use-...? wǒ kěyì
【chahng-jyen(-dur)】	yòng yíxia... ma? 【wor kur-yeo yoong-yee-hsyah-...- mah】
不常见(的)	我可以用一下 ... 吗 ?
up shàng 【shahng】	useful yǒuyòng 【yoh-yoong】
上	有用
up there zài nàr 【dzai】	usual (normal) píngcháng 【ping- chahng】
在那儿	平常
he's not up yet tā hái méi qǐlai	(habitual) yuánlái de 【yew-ahn-lai dur】
【tah hai may chee-lai】	原来的
他还没起来	
what's up? zěnme huí shìr?	
【dzun-mur hway shur】	
怎么回事儿 ?	
upmarket gāojí 【gow-jee】	
高级	
upset stomach wèi bù shūfu	
【way boo shoo-foo】	
胃不舒服	
upside down dàoguolai 【dow- gwor-lai】	
倒过来	
upstairs lóushàng	
【loh-shahng】	
楼上	
urgent jǐnjí(de) 【jin-jee(-dur)】	
紧急(的)	

us*	wōmen 【wor-mun】
我们	
with us gēn wōmen yìqǐ 【gun - yee-chee】	
跟我们一起	
for us wéi wōmen 【wei】	
为我们	
use (verb) yòng 【yoong】	
用	
may I use-...? wǒ kěyì	
yòng yíxia... ma? 【wor kur-yeo yoong-yee-hsyah-...- mah】	
我可以用一下 ... 吗 ?	
useful yǒuyòng 【yoh-yoong】	
有用	
usual (normal) píngcháng 【ping- chahng】	
平常	
(habitual) yuánlái de 【yew-ahn-lai dur】	
原来的	

V

Vacancy: do you have any vacancies? (hotel)
zhèr yǒu kòng fángjiān ma? 【jer yoh koong fahng-jyen mah】
这儿有空房间吗 ?
Vacation (holiday) jiàqī 【jah- chee】
假期

Va

on vacation	xiūjià	[hsyoh-jyah]	soo-dur】
休假			吃素的
vacuum cleaner	xīchénqì	[hshee-chun-chee]	very fēicháng
吸尘器			[fay-chahng]
valid (ticket etc)	yóuxiào	[yoh-hsyow]	非常
有效			very little
how long is it valid for?	duō		hěn xiǎo
cháng shíjiānnēi	yóuxiào?	[dwar chahng shur-jyen nay yoh-hsyow]	[hun hsyow]
多长时间内有效 ?			I like it very much
valley	shāngǔ	[shahn-goo]	wǒ hěn
山谷			xǐhuan
valuable (adj)	bǎoguì(de)	[bow-gway(-dur)]	[wor hun hshee-hwahn]
宝贵(的)			我很喜欢
can I leave my valuables			via tújīng
here? wǒ kěyi bǎ guìzhòng			[toojing]
de dōngxi fang zài zhèr			途经
ma? [wor kur-yee bah gway-joong			Vietnam
dur doong-hshee fahng dzai jer mah]			Yuènán
我可以把贵重的东西			[yew-eh-nahn]
放在这儿吗 ?			越南
van	huòchē	[hwor-chur]	view jǐng
货车			景
vary: it varies	jīngcháng biàn	[jing-chahng byen]	village cūnzi
经常变			[tsun-dzur]
vase	huāpíng	[hwah-ping]	村子
花瓶			vinegar cù
vegetables	shūcài	[shoo-tsai]	[tsoo]
蔬菜			醋
vegetarian (noun)	chīsùde	[chur-	visa qiānzhèng
			[chyen-jung]
			签证
			visit (verb: person) qù kàn
			[chew kahn]
			去看
			(place) cānguān
			[tsahn-gwahn]
			参观
			I'd like to visit-...-wǒ xiǎng
			cānguān-...-[wor hsyahng]
			我想参观 ...
			voice shēngyīn
			[shung-yin]
			声音
			voltage diànyá
			[dyen-yah]
			电压
			vomit ǒutù
			[oh-too]
			呕吐

W

waist yāo [yow]

腰

wait děng [dung]

等

wait for me děngdeng wǒ
[wor]

等等我

don't wait for me búyòng

déng wǒ [boo-yoong]

不用等我

can I wait until my wife gets
here? wǒ néng děngdào wǒ
qīzi lái ma? [nung dung-dow wor
chee-dzur lai mah]

我能等到我妻子来吗？

can you do it while I wait?

shìbúshì lìděng kěqū? [shur-
boo-shur lee-dung kur-chew]

是不是立等可取？

could you wait here for me?

qǐng zài zhèr děng hǎo
ma? [ching dzai jer dung how
mah]

请在这儿等好吗？

waiter/waitress fúwùyuán [foo-

woo-yew-ahn]

服务员

waiter!/waitress!

fúwùyuán!

服务员

wake: can you wake me up

at 5.30? qǐng zài wǔdiǎnbàn

jiaoxíng wǒ, hǎo ma? [ching

dzai – jyow-hsing wor]

请在五点半叫醒我好吗？

Wales Wēiershì [way-er-shur]

威尔士

walk: is it a long walk? yào

zǒu héν yuǎn ma? [yow dzoh

hun yew-ahn mah]

要走很远吗？

it's only a short walk zhǐ shì

liūdaliūda [jur shur

lyoh-dah-]

只是溜达溜达

I'll walk wǒ zǒuzhe qù [wor
dzoh-jur chew]

我走着去

I'm going for a walk wǒ

chūqu sànsan bù [choo-chew
sahn-sahn]

我出去散散步

wall qiáng [chyang]

墙

the Great Wall of China

Chángchéng [chahng-chung]

长城

wallet qiánbāo [chyen-bow]

钱包

want: I want a---wǒ yào

yíge---... [wor yow yee-gur]

我要一个

I don't want any---wǒ bú

yào---

我不要

I want to go home wǒ yào

- huíjā** [hway-jyah]
我要回家
I don't want to **wǒ bú yào**
我不要
he wants to-...-tā
xiǎng-....- [tah hsyahng]
他想 ...
what do you want? **nǐ yào**
shénme? [shun-mur]
你要什么 ?
ward (in hospital) **bìngfāng** [bing-fahng]
病房
warm **nuǎnho** [nwahn-hwor]
暖和
was*: he/she was **tā yǐqián shì**
[tah yee-chyen shur]
他／她以前是
it was **shì**
是
wash (verb) **xǐ** [hshee]
洗
can you wash these? **qǐng**
xǐxi zhèixie, hǎo ma? [ching
hshee-hshee jay-hsyeh how mah]
请洗洗这些好吗 ?
washhand basin **liǎnpén** [lyen-pun]
脸盆
washing (dirty clothes) **dài xǐ de**
yǐfu [yow hshee dur yee-foo]
待洗的衣服
(clean clothes) **yǐxǐ de yǐfu** [yee-hshee-how]
已洗的衣服
- washing machine** **xǐyījī** [hshee-yee-jee]
洗衣机
washing powder **xǐyīfěn**
[-fun]
洗衣粉
wasp **huángfēng** [hwahng-fung]
黄蜂
watch (wristwatch) **shóubiǎo**
[shoh-byow]
手表
water **shuǐ** [shway]
水
may I have some water? **qǐng**
lái diánr shuǐ, hǎo ma? [ching
lai dyenr shway how mah]
请来点儿水好吗 ?
water melon **xīguā** [hshee-gwah]
西瓜
waterproof (adj) **fángshuǐ**
[fahng-shway]
防水
way: it's this way **shì zhèitiáo**
lù [shur jay-tyow]
是这条路
it's that way **shì nèitiáo lù**
[nay-tyow]
是那条路
is it a long way to-...?
dào-...-yuǎn ma? [dow-...-chew
yew-ahn mah]
到 ... 远吗 ?
no way! **bù kěnóng!** [kur-nung]
不可能

dialogue

could you tell me the way to...? **qǐng nín gàosu wǒ, dào-...-zěnme zǒu, hǎo ma?** [ching nin gow-soo wor dow-...-dzun-mur dzoh how mah]
 go straight on until you reach the traffic lights **yǐzhí zǒu hénglùdēng** [yee-jur dzoh hoong-loo-dung]
 turn left **wǎng zuǒ guǎi** [wahng dzwor gwai]
 take the first on the right **yào yòubiānr dì yízhuǎn** [yow yoh-byenr dee yee-jwahn]
 see where

we* **wǒmen** [wor-mun]
 我们
weak (person) **ruò** [rwor]
 弱
 (drink) **dàn** [dahn]
 淡
weather **tiānqì** [tyen-chee]
 天气
wedding **hūnlǐ** [hun-lee]
 婚礼
wedding ring **jiéhūn jièzhī** [jyeh-hun jyeh-jur]
 结婚戒指
Wednesday **xīngqīsān** [hsing-chee-sahn]
 星期三

week **xīngqī** [hsing-chee]
 星期
a week (from) today **xiāge**
xīngqī de jīntiān [hsyah-gur - dur jin-tyen]
 下个星期的今天
a week (from) tomorrow **xiāge**
xīngqī de míngtiān [ming-tyen]
 下个星期的明天
weekend **zhōumò** [joh-mor]
 周末
at the weekend **zhōumò**
 周末
weight **zhòngliàng** [joong-lyang]
 重量
welcome: welcome
to-...-huānyíng
dào-...- [hwahn-ying dow]
 欢迎到 ...
you're welcome (don't mention it) **búyòng xiè** [boo-yoong hsyeh]
 不用谢
well: I don't feel well **wǒ bù shūfù**
 我不舒服
she's not well **tā bù shūfù**
 [tah]
 她不舒服
you speak English very well
nǐ Yīngyǔ jiāngde hěn hǎo
 [ying-yew jyang-dur hun how]
 你英语讲得很好
well done! **tài hǎole!** [how-lur]
 太好了
I would like this one as well

zhèige wǒ yě yào [jay-gur wor
yeh yow]
这个我也要
well well! āiyā! [ai-yah]
哎呀

dialogue

how are you? nín hǎo ma?
[how mah]
very well, thanks, and you?
hén hǎo xièxie, nǐ ne? [hun
how hsyeh-hsyeh nee-neh]

well-done (meat) lànhú [lahn-shoo]
烂熟
Welsh Wēi'ershì [way-er-shur]
威尔士
I'm Welsh wǒ shì
Wēi'ershírén [wor shur -run]
我是威尔士人
were*: we were wǒmen yǐqián
shì [wor-mun yee-chyen shur]
我们以前是
you were nǐmen shì [nee-mun]
你们是
west xī [hshee]
西
in the west xībiānr [hshee-byen]
西边儿
West (European etc) Xīfāng
[hshee-fahng]
西方

in the West Xīfāng
西方
western (adj) xī [hshee]
西
Western (adj: European etc)
xīfāng de [hshee-fahng dur]
西方的
Western-style xīshì
[hshee-shur]
西式
Western-style food xīcān
[hshee-tsahn]
西餐
West Indian (adj) Xī Yindù
qúndǎo rén [hshee yin-doo chun-dow run]
西印度群岛人
wet shī [shur]
湿
what? shénme? [shun-mur]
什么?
what's that? nà shì shénme?
[nah shur]
那是什么?
what should I do? wǒ yīnggāi
zuò shénme? [wor ying-gai
dzwor]
我应该作什么?
what a view! kàn zhè jǐngr!
[kahn jur]
看这景儿
what bus do I take? wǒ gāi
zuò nèilù chē? [wor gai dzwor
nay-loo chur]
我该坐哪路车?

wheel lúnzi [lun-dzur]
轮子
wheelchair lúnyǐ [lun-yee]
轮椅
when? shénme shíhou? [shun-mur shur-hoh]
什么时侯?
when we get back wǒmen
huílai de shíhou [wor-mun hway-lai dur]
我们回来的时候
when's the train/ferry?
huōchē/dùchuán jídiǎn kāi?
[hwor-chur/doo-chwahn jee-dyen]
火车／渡船几点开?
where? nǎr?
哪儿?
I don't know where it is wǒ
bù zhīdao zài nàr [wor boo jur-dow dzai nar]
我不知道在那儿

dialogue

where is the Dragon
temple? lóng miào zài nǎr?
[dzai]
it's over there jiù zài nàr
[jyoh]
could you show me where
it is on the map? qǐng zài
dìtúshàng zhǐshì gěi wǒ ba
[ching – dee-too-shahng jur-shur gay wor bah]
it's just here jiù zài zhèr

[jyoh – jer]
see way

which: which bus? něilù chē?
[nay-loo chur]
哪路车?

dialogue

which one? nǎ yíge? [nah yee-gur]
that one nèige [nay-gur]
this one? zhèige? [jay-gur]
no, that one búshì, nèige
[boo-shur]

while: while I'm here wǒ zài
zhèr de shíhou [wor dzai jer dur shur-hoh]
我在这儿的时候

whisky wēishíji [way-shur-jee]
威士忌
white bái
白

white wine bái pútaojiǔ [poo-tow-jyoh]
白葡萄酒

who? shéi? [shay]
谁
who is it? shéi? [shway]
谁
the man who-...-...-de nèige
rén [dur nay-gur run]
...的那个人
whole: the whole week

Wh

zhěngzheng yíge xīngqī [jung-jung yee-gur hsing-chee]	整整一个星期	window seat kào chuāng de zuòwei [kow chwahng dur dzwor-way]
the whole lot quánbù [choo-en-boō]	全部	靠窗的座位
whose: whose is this? zhèi shì shéde? [jay shur shay-dur]	这是谁的？	windy: it's windy yǒufēng [yoh-fung]
why? wèishénme? [way-shun-mur]	为什么？	有风
why not? wèishénme bù?	为什么不？	wine pútaoju [poo-tow-jyoh]
wide kuān de [kwahn dur]	宽的	葡萄酒
wife qīzi [chee-dzur]	妻子	can we have some more wine? qǐng zài lái diǎnr pútaoju, hǎo ma? [ching dzai lai dyenr – how mah]
will*: will you do it for me? qǐng gěi wǒ zuò yíxià [ching gay wor dzwor yee-hsyah]	请给我作一下	请再来点儿葡萄酒好吗？
wind (noun) fēng [fung]	风	wine list jiǔdān [jyoh-dahn]
window chuānghu [chwahng-hoo]	窗户	酒单
near the window kào chuānghu [kow]	靠窗户	winter dōngtian [doong-tyen]
in the window (of shop) zài chúchuāngli [dzai choo-chwahng-lee]	在橱窗里	冬天
		in the winter dōngtian
		冬天
		with* hé...-yìqǐ [hur-...-yee-chee]
		和 ... 一起
		I'm staying with...-wǒ gēn-...-zhù zài yìqǐ [wor gun-...-joo dzai yee-chee]
		我跟 ... 住在一起
		without méiyǒu [may-yoh]
		没有
		witness zhèngren [jung-run]
		证人
		wok guō [gwor]
		锅

woman **fúnǚ** [foo-nyew]
妇女
wonderful **hǎojíle** [how-jee-lur]
好极了
won't*: it won't start **bù dáhuǒ**
[dah-hwör]
不打火
wood (material) **mùtou** [moo-toh]
木头
(forest) **shùlín** [shoo-lin]
树林
wool **yángmó** [yang-mow]
羊毛
word **cí** [tsur]
词
work (noun) **gōngzuò** [goong-dzwar]
工作
it's not working **huàile** [lur]
坏了
world **shìjiè** [shur-jyeh]
世界
worry: I'm worried **wǒ bù ān**
[wor bwahn]
我不安
worse: it's worse **huàile** [hway-lur]
坏了
worst **zuì huài** [dzway hwai]
最坏
would: would you give this
to...? **qǐng nín bǎ zhèige**
gěi-..., hǎo ma? [ching nin bah jay gay-...-how mah]
请您把这个给 ... 好吗 ?

wrap: could you wrap it up?
qǐng nín bāng wǒ bāo
yíxia, hǎo ma? [ching nin bahng wor bow yee-hsyah how mah]
请您帮我包一下好吗 ?
wrapping paper **bāozhuāngzhǐ**
[bow-jwahng-jur]
包装纸
wrist **shǒuwàn** [shoh-wahnr]
手腕儿
write **xiě** [hsyeh]
写
writing paper **xìnzǐ** [hsin-jur]
信纸
wrong: this is the wrong train
wǒmen shàngcuò huǒchē
[wor-mun chung-tswor-lur hwor-chur-lur]
我们上错火车了
the bill's wrong **zhàngdān**
cuò [jahng-dahnr tswor-lur]
帳单儿错了
sorry, wrong number
duìbuqǐ, dǎcuò [dway-boo-chee dah-]
对不起打错了
sorry, wrong room **duìbuqǐ,**
zhàocuò fángjiān [jow-fahng-jyen]
对对不起找错房间了
there's something wrong
with-...-...-yǒu máobìng
[yoh mow-bing]
... 有毛病

what's wrong? zěnmele?

【dzun-mur-lur】

怎么了？

Y

yacht fānchuán 【fahn-chwahn】

帆船

Yangtze Gorge Chángjiāng

sānxiá 【chahng-jyang sahn-syah】

长江三峡

Yangtze River Chángjiāng

长江

year nián 【nyen】

年

yellow huángsè 【hwahng-sur】

黄色

Yellow River Huáng Hé

【hwahng hur】

黄河

Yellow Sea Huánghǎi

黄海

yes* shìde 【shur-dur】

是的

yesterday zuótian 【dzwor-tyen】

昨天

yesterday morning zuótian

zǎoshang 【dzow-shahng】

昨天早上

the day before yesterday

qiántiān 【chyen-tyen】

前天

yet hái

还

dialogue

is it here yet? hái láile

méiyou? 【lai-lur may-yoh】

no, not yet hái méilái

【may-lai】

you'll have to wait a little

longer yet nǐ hái yaò děng

yídiānr 【yow dung yee-dyenr】

yoghurt suānnǎi 【swahn-nai】

酸奶

you* (sing) nǐ

你

(sing, pol) nín

您

(pl) nǐmen 【nee-mun】

你们

this is for you zhèi shì gěi nǐ

de 【jay shur gay nee dur】

这是给你的

with you gēn nǐ yìqǐ 【gun nee

yee-chee】

跟你一起

young niánqīng 【nyen-ching】

年轻

your/yours* (sing) nǐde

【nee-dur】

你的

(sing, pol) nínde 【nin-dur】

您的

Ya

N

zero líng

零

zip láliàn [lah-lyen]

拉链

could you put a new zip on?

qǐng nín bāng wǒ huànge xīn

láliàn, hǎo ma? [ching nin bahng

wor hwahn-gur hsin – how mah]

请您帮我换个新拉链

好吗？

zoo dōngwùyuán [doong-woo-

yew-ahn]

动物园

Zo

Chinese



English

Colloquialisms

You might well hear the following expressions, but on no account should you use any of the stronger ones – they will cause great offence if used by a foreigner.

bèndàn! [bun-dahn] idiot!

chūnhuò! [chun-hwor] idiot!

dàbízì! [dah-bee-dzur] big nose!

dà tuánjié [dah twahn-jyeh] ten-yuán note

fèihuà! [fay-hwah] rubbish!

gàile màorle [gai-lur mow-lur] absolutely the best

gǔn! [goon] go away!, get lost!

gǔnchūqù! [goon-choo-chyew] get out!

húndàn! [hoon-dahn] bastard!

juéle [jweh-lur] wonderful, unique

lǎowài! [low-wai] foreigner!

liǎobude [lyow-boo-dur] terrific, extraordinary

méizhīle [may-jur-lur] excellent

nǎli, nǎli [nah-lee] oh, it was nothing, you're welcome

suànle [swahn-lur] forget it

suíbiàn [sway-byen] as you wish

tāmāde! [tah-mah-dur] hell!, damn!

tài bàngle [bahng-lur] that's great

tài zāogāole [dzow-gow-lur] that's terrible

tài zāotòule [dzow-toh-lur] that's awful

xīpíshì [hshee-peh-shur] hippy

yángguǐzì! [yang-gway-dzur] foreign devil!

yāpíshì [yah-peh-shur] yuppie

yílù píng'ān [yee-loo ping-ahn] safe journey, bon voyage

yuánnmù qíuyú [yew-ahn-moo choh-yoo] a waste of time (literally:
climbing a tree to catch fish)

zāole! [dzow-lur] damn!, shit!

zhù zuǐ! [joo dzway] shut up!

zǒu kāi! [dzoh] go away!

A

- ǎi short
 Àiérлán [ai-ur-lahn] Ireland; Irish
 àizibìng [ai-dzur-bing] AIDS
 àn [ahn] dark; shore
 ānjìng [ahn-jing] quiet
 ānquán [ahn-choo-en] safe
 ānzuò [ahn-dzwor] saddle
 Àodálíyà [or-dah-lee-yah]
 Australia; Australian (adj)

B

- ba [bah] particle at the end of a sentence to indicate a suggestion, piece of advice etc
 bā eight
 bǎ measure word* used for chairs, knives, teapots, tools or implements with handles, stems and bunches of flowers
 bàba [bah-bah] father
 bābǎi eight hundred
 bái white
 bǎidù ferry
 báisè [bai-sur] white
 bái tiān [tyen] day, daytime
 bǎiwàn [bai-wahn] one million
 bàn [bahn] half
 bǎndá [bahn-dah] half a dozen
 bàngjíle [bahng-jee-lur] terrific
 bànggōngshì [bahn-goong-shur] office
 bāngzhù [bahng-joo] help
 bānr [bahnr] partner, boyfriend; girlfriend

bànyè [bahn-yur] midnight; at midnight

báo [bow] thin
 bào fēngyǔ [bow-fung-yew] storm

bàozhī [bow-jur] newspaper
 bāoguō [bow-gwor] package, parcel

bāokuo [bow-kwor] include
 bǎole [bow-lur] full
 bǎozhèng [bow-jung] promise; guarantee

báozhī [bow-jur] tissue, Kleenex®

bāshí [bah-shur] eighty
 bāyuè [bah-yew-eh] August

beī [bay] cup, glass
 běi north

Běi Áiérлán [ai-er-lahn]
 Northern Ireland

bēizi [bay-dzur] cup
 bèn [bun] stupid

běn measure word* used for books, magazines etc

bēngdài [bung-dai] bandage

bǐ [bee] than
 bǐ... gèng [gung] even more than...

bǐ nèi duō diānr [nay dwor dyenr] more than that

biānjiè [byen-jyeh] border
 biānjìng [byen-jing] border

biānr [byenr] side
 biǎo [byow] form

biǎodì [byow-dee] cousin (male, younger than speaker)

biǎogē [byow-gur] cousin (male, older than speaker)

biāojié [byow-jyeh] cousin

Bi

B

bì (female, older than speaker)
 biǎomèi [byow-may] cousin
 (female, younger than speaker)
 biéde dìfang [byeh-dur dee-fahng]
 somewhere else
 biéde dōngxi [byeh-dur doong-hshee] something else
 bīng ice
 bīngdòngde [-doong-dur] frozen
 bìngfáng [-fahng] ward
 bīngguǎn [-wahn] hotel
 bīngxiāng [-hsyng] fridge
 bǐsài game; match; race
 bìxū [bee-hsyew] must
 bìyào(de) [bee-yow(-dur)] necessary
 bǐyǒu [bee-yoh] penfriend
 bízī [bee-dzur] nose
 bōhào [bor-how] dial
 bōlì [bor-lee] glass (material)
 bōlì bēi [bay] glass (for drinking)
 bówùguǎn [bor-woo-gwahn] museum
 bózī [boh-dzur] neck
 bù [boo] no; not; material, fabric
 bù duō [dwor] not much
 bù chángjiàn(de) [chahng-jyen-dur] unusual
 bú kèqì [kur-chee] you're welcome, don't mention it
 bùfen [boo-fun] part
 bùhǎo [boo-how] bad
 bù jiǔ [jyoh] soon
 bù kěnéng [kur-nung] impossible
 bùliào [boo-lyow] cloth, fabric
 bù lǐmào [lee-mow] rude

búshì [boo-shur] no, it is not the case
 búshì... jìushi... [jyoh-shur] either... or...
 bùtóng [boo-toong] different; difference
 bùxíng [boo-sing] on foot
 búyào! [boo-yow] don't!
 búyàole [-lur] that's all; nothing else
 búyòng xiè [hsyeh] you're welcome, don't mention it

C

cài [tsai] dish; meal
 cái only
 cānchē [tsahn-chur] buffet car
 cánfèi [tsahn-fay] disabled
 cáng [tsahng] hide
 cāngbái [-bai] pale
 cānguān [-wahn] visit
 cāngyìng fly (noun)
 cānjin [tsahn-jin] napkin
 cāntīng restaurant; dining room
 cǎo [tsow] grass
 cǎoyào [tsow-yow] herbs (medicinal)
 céng [tsung] floor (in hotel etc)
 cèsuǒ [tsur-swor] toilet, rest room
 chá [chah] tea (drink)
 chà to (the hour)
 chàbuduō [chah-boo-dwor] almost, nearly
 cháchí [chah-chur] teaspoon
 cháhàotái [chah-how-tai] directory enquiries

chán [chahn] greedy
 cháng [chahng] long
 chànggē [-gur] sing
 chàngpiàn [-pyen] record
 (music)
 chángtú chēzhàn [-too chur-jahn] long-distance bus station
 chángtú diànhuà [dyen-hwah] long-distance call
 chángtú qìchē [chee-chur] long-distance bus
 chángtú qūhào [chew-how] dialling code
 chāojí shichǎng [chow-jee shur-chahng] supermarket
 chǎole [chow-lur] noisy
 chāopiào [chow-pyow] banknote, (US) bill
 cháoshī [chow-shur] damp; humid
 cháoza [chow-jur] towards
 chápán [chah-pahn] tray
 chāzi [chah-dzur] fork
 chē [chur] city bus
 chēfèi [chur-fay] fare
 chēlún [chur-lun] wheel
 chéngbǎo [chung-bow] castle
 chéngjiā [-jyah] married
 chéngkè [-kur] passenger
 chéngli [-lee] in town, in the city
 chéngshì [-shur] city, town
 chéngshí honest
 chéngzhèn [-jun] town
 chènyī [chun-yee] shirt
 chētāi [chur-tai] tyre
 chēzhàn [chur-jahn] bus station; bus stop
 chī [chur] eat

chí late
 chǐcùn [chur-tsun] size
 chīde [chur-dur] food
 chīsùde [chur-soo-dur] vegetarian
 chóngfù [choong-foo] repeat
 chuán [chwahn] ship, boat
 chuáncāng [-tsahng] cabin
 chuáng [chwahng] bed
 chuángdān [-dahn] sheet
 chuángdiàn [-dyen] mattress
 chuānghu [-hoo] window
 chuānkōng [chwahn-koong] puncture
 chuánrān [-rahn] infectious
 chuántōng [-toong] traditional
 chuánzhēn [-jun] fax
 chúfáng [choo-fahng] kitchen
 chūkōu [choo-koh] exit
 chúle-... yǐwài [choo-lur-... yee-wai] except-..., apart from-...
 chǔn silly
 chūnjié [chun-jyeh] Chinese New Year
 chūntian [chun-tyen] spring; in the spring
 chúxī [choo-hshee] New Year's Eve
 chǔxù [choo-hsyew] deposit
 chūzū [choo-dzoo] hire, rent
 chūzūchē diānr [-chur dyenr] taxi rank
 chūzū qìchē [chee-chur] taxi
 cí [tsur] word
 cídài [tsur-dai] tape, cassette
 cóng [tsoong] from
 cōngcōng hurriedly
 cóngláí bù never (referring to the past or present)

cōngming clever, intelligent
cūnzhāng [tsun-jwahng] village
cuò(wù) [tswor(-woo)] mistake,
error; fault

D

dà [dah] big, large
dǎ hit
dàbó [dah-bor] brother-in-law
(husband's elder brother)
dà bùfēn shíjīan [dah boo-fun
shur-jyen] most of the time
dǎcuòlè [dah-tswor-lur] wrong
number
dǎ diànhuà [dyen-hwah] phone,
call
dàgài probably
dáhui [dah-hway] conference
dáhuǒjī [dah-hwor-jee] cigarette
lighter
dài take (something somewhere)
dàilái bring
dàilǐng yóujìan [yoh-jyen] poste
restante
dàiti instead
dàjíle [dah-jee-lur] enormous
dàlù main road
dàmǐ uncooked rice
dàn [dahn] weak; pale
dānchéngpiào [dahn-chung-
pyow] single ticket, one-way
ticket
dāndú alone
dāngrán [dahn-grahn] of course,
certainly
dànián sānhí [dah-nyen sahn-
shur] Chinese New Year's Eve
dānrén jiān [dahn-run jyen] single room
dānshēn [dahn-shun] single,
unmarried
dànshì [dahn-shur] but
dānyuán [dahn-yew-ahn] flat,
apartment
dǎo [dow] island
dǎo knife
dào to; arrive
dào... wéizhǐ [way-jur] until-...
dàodá [dow-dah] arrive
dàodá shíjīan [shur-jyen] arrival
dàotián [dow-tyen] paddy field,
rice field
dǎoyóu [dow-yoh] tour guide
dāozi [dow-dzur] knife
dàréń [dah-run] adult
dàshēng de [dah-shung dur]
loud
dàshíguǎn [dah-shur-gwahn]
embassy
dàxióngmāo [hsyoong-mow]
panda
dàxué [dah-hsyew-eh] university
dàyī [dah-yeet] coat, overcoat
dàyuē [dah-yew-eh] roughly,
approximately
dǎzhàng [dah-jahng] fight
de [dur] of (particle inserted
between adjective and noun to
denote possession)
dé get, obtain
de duō:-... de duō [dwor] much
more-...
Déguó [dur-gwör] Germany;
German (adj)
dēng [dung] light; lamp
děng wait
dēngjì [dung-jee] check-in

- dēngjīkǒu [–koh] gate (at airport)
dēngjī pái boarding pass
dēngpào [dung-pow] lightbulb
dì [dee] floor
dì èr tiān [tyen] the day after
dī low
diàn [dyen] electric; electricity
-diǎn hour; o'clock
diàncí [dyen-chur] battery
diànchuīfēng [dyen-chway-fung] hairdryer
diàndòng tǐxú dǎo [dyen-doong] tee-hsyew dow] shaver
diàngōng [dyen-goong] electrician
diànhuà [dyen-hwah] phone
diànhuà hàomǎ bù [how-mah] phone book
diànhuàtǐng phone box
diànnǎo [dyen-now] computer
diǎnr [dyenr] a little bit
... diǎnr more-...
diànshí [dyen-shur] television
diàntī lift, elevator
diàntidǎo [dyen-tee-dow] electric shaver
diànxìan [dyen-hsyen] wire; lead
diǎnxíng [dyen-hsing] typical
diànyá [dyen-yah] voltage
diànyǐng [dyen-ying] film, movie
diànyǐng yuàn [yew-ahn] cinema, movie theater
diànyuán chāzuò [dyen-yew-ahn] chah-dzvor] power point
diànzī [dyen-dzur] cushion
diàochuáng [dyow-chwahng] cot
dībā [dee-bah] eighth
dìdì younger brother
- dì'èr(ge) [–gur] second
diézi [dyeh-dzur] dish, bowl; saucer
difāng [dee-fahng] place
dījū [dee-jyoh] ninth
dīliǎng [dee-lyang] second
dīliù [dee-lyoh] sixth
dinghünle [–hun-lur] engaged (to be married)
dǐngshāng: zài dǐngshāng [dzai ding-shahng] at the top
dingzuò [–dzwor] reserve
dīqī [dee-chee] seventh
dīqū [dee-chew] region
dīr [deer] bottom
disān [dee-sahn] third
dishang [dee-shahng] on the ground
dīshí [dee-shur] tenth
dīsì [dee-sur] fourth
dīsīkē [–kur] disco
ditān [dee-tahn] carpet
dītiē [dee-tyeh] underground, (US) subway
dītie zhàn [jahn] underground station, subway station
ditú [dee-too] map
diū [dyoh] lose
diwǔ [dee-woo] fifth
dìyī first
dīzhǐ [dee-jur] address
dōng: nǐ dōng? [doong-lur] do you understand?
wǒ bù dōng [wor] I don't understand
dōng [doong] east
dòng hole; puncture
dōngbēi [–bay] northeast
dōngbiān [–byen] in the

east
 dōngnán [–nahñ] southeast
 dōngshì [–shur] director
 dōngtian [–tyen] winter; in the winter
 dōngwù [–woo] animal
 dōngwùyuán [–yew-ahn] zoo
 dōngxi [–hshee] thing (object)
 dōu [doh] both, all
 dǒu steep
 dú [doo] read
 duǎn [dwahn] short
 duǎnkù shorts
 duànle [–lur] broken
 duǎnwà [–wah] sock
 dùi [dway] right, correct; towards; with regard to; queue; side
 duībuqǐ [dway-boo-chee] sorry, excuse me
 duìfāng fúkuǎn [–fahng foo-kwahn] collect call
 duìhuàn [dway-hwahn] change (verb: money)
 duìhuànlǜ [–lyew] exchange rate
 duījíle! [–jee-lur] exactly!
 duīle yes, that's it, that's right
 duō [dwor] much; more than
 duōde duō [–dur] a lot more
 duōle:-... duōle [–lur] far more-...
 duōshao? [dwor-show] how much?, how many? (if answer is likely to be more than ten)
 duōxiè [–hsyeh] thank you very much
 duō yíbèi [yee-bay] twice as

much
 duō yìdiānr [yee-dyenr] a bit more
 duōyòng chātóu [–yoong chah-toh] adapter
 dùpǐn [doo-pin] drugs, narcotics
 dǔzhùle [doo-joo-lur] blocked

E

è [ur] hungry
 Éguó [ur-gwor] Russia; Russian (adj)
 èr two
 èrbǎi two hundred
 èr děng [dung] second class
 èrduo [er-dwor] ear
 èrhuán [er-hwahn] earring
 èr lóng [loong] deaf
 èrlóu [er-loh] first floor, (US) second floor
 èrshí [er-shur] twenty
 értóng [er-toong] children
 èrwàn [er-wahn] twenty thousand
 érxí [er-hshee] daughter-in-law
 èryuè [er-yew-eh] February
 érzi [er-dzur] son
 èxīn [ur-hsin] disgusting; nausea

F

Fǎguó [fah-gwor] France; French (adj)
 fán [fahn] bored
 fàn meal
 fàndiàn [fahn-dyen] large restaurant; luxury hotel

fǎng [fahng] imitation
 fàng put
 fāngbiàn [-byen] convenient
 fángdǐng roof; ceiling
 fángfūjī [-foo-jee] antiseptic
 fángjiān [-jyen] room
 fàngguānr [fahn-gwahnr] small restaurant
 fāngxiàng [-hsyang] direction
 fángzì [-dzur] building; house
 fángzū [-dzoo] rent (noun)
 fàn wǎn [fahn-wahn] rice bowl
 fānyì translate; translation; translator
 fāshēng [fah-shung] happen
 fēi [fay] fly (verb)
 fēicháng [fay-chahng] very, extremely
 fēiji [fay-jee] plane
 zuò feiji [dzwor] by air
 fēijichǎng [-chahng] airport
 fèixū [fay-hsyew] ruins
 féizào [fay-dzow] soap
 fēi zhèngshì [jung-shur] informal
 fēn [fun] minute
 fēng [fung] mad, insane; wind; measure word* used for letters
 fēngjǐng [fung-jing] scenery; sights
 fēngshàn [fung-shahn] fan (electrical)
 fēngsú [fung-soo] custom
 fěnhóng [fun-hoong] pink
 fēnji [fun-jee] extension
 fēnkāi separate
 fēnzhōng [fun-joong] minute
 Fó [for] Buddha

Fójiào [for-jiow] Buddhism;
 Buddhist
 fù(qián) [foo-(chyen)] pay
 fūfù couple (two people)
 fūjīafèi [foo-jiyah-fay] supplement, extra charge
 fūjin [foo-jin] nearby; near
 fūmǔ parents
 fūnǚ [foo-nyew] woman
 fūqin [foo-chin] father
 fūren [foo-run] Mrs
 fūshǒu [foo-shoh] handle
 fúwùtái reception
 fúwùyuán [-yew-ahn] receptionist
 fùzá [foo-zah] complicated

G

gài [gai-r] lid
 gālī [gah-lee] curry
 gān [gahn] dry; liver
 gǎn catch up
 gānbēi! [gahn-bay] cheers!
 gāngbī [gahng-bee] pen
 gángkōu [-koh] port, harbour
 gānjìng [gahn-jing] clean
 gǎnjué [gahn-jyew-eh] feel
 gǎnmào [gahn-mow] cold (illness)
 gǎnrǎn [gahn-rahn] infection
 gāo [gow] high; tall
 gāodiàndiàn [-dyan] cake shop
 gāomíng [gow-ming] brilliant
 gāoxìng [gow-hsing] pleased, glad
 hěn gāoxìng jiàndào nǐ [hun - jyen dow] pleased to meet

ga

you	highway, (US) freeway
ge [gur] general all-purpose measure word*	gōngsī [-sur] company, business, firm
gē song	gōngxǐ! gōngxǐ! [-hshee] congratulations!
gēbo [gur-bor] arm	gōngyuán [-yew-ahn] park
gēbozhōu [-joh] elbow	gōngzuò [-dzwor] job; work
gēchàngjiā [gur-chahng-jyah] singer	gǒu [goh] dog
gēge [gur-gur] elder brother	gòu(le) [-lur] enough
gěi [gay] give; for	guài [gwai] peculiar
gējù [gur-jyew] opera	guān [gwahn] close, shut
gēn [gun] with	guàn jug
gèng:-... gèng [gung] even more...	guángchǎng [gwahng-chahng] square
gèng hǎo [how] better; even better	Guǎngdōng [-doong] Cantonese (adj)
Gòngchándǎng [goong-chahn-dahng] Communist Party	Guǎngdōnghuà [-hwah] Cantonese (language)
Gòngchándǎngyuán [-yew-ahn] Communist Party member	Guǎngdōng rén [run] Cantonese (person)
gōngchǎng [-chahng] factory	guānkǒu [gwahn-koh] pass (in mountains)
gōngchánhzhūyì [-chahn-joo-yee] communism	guānle [-lur] closed
gōngchǐ [-chur] metre	guānménle [-mun-lur] closed
gōngdiàn [-dyen] palace	guānshang le [shahng] off, switched off
gōnggòng cèsuo [tsur-swor] public convenience	guàntou [-toh] can, tin
gōnggong pópo [por-por] wife's parents-in-law	guānyú [-yew] about, concerning
gōnggòng qìchē [chee-chur] city bus	gúdōng [goo-doong] antique
gōnggòng qìchē zhàn [jahn] bus stop	gūgu aunt (father's sister)
gōnggòng qìchē zōngzhàn [dzoong-jahn] bus station	gui(le) [gway(-lun)] expensive
gōngjià [-jah] public holiday	guìzi [gway-dzur] cupboard
gōngjīn [-jin] kilogram	-guo [gwor] verb suffix indicating a past experience
gōngli kilometre	guóhuà [-hwah] Chinese painting
gōnglù motorway, (US)	

guójí [-jee] nationality
 guójì [-jee] international
 guójia [-jah] country, nation; national, state
 guòle [-lur] beyond
 guòmǐn allergic
 guòqu [-chew] in the past
 guòshí(de) [-shur(-dur)] old-fashioned
 guówài abroad
 guòyè [-yur] overnight
 gútou [goo-toh] bone
 gùyì deliberately
 gǔzhé [gyew-jur] fracture

H

hǎi sea
 hái still
 hái hǎo ma? [how mah] are you OK?
 hǎibānr [hai-byenr] sea; seaside
 hǎibīn coast
 hǎiguān [hai-gwahn] Customs
 háishi [hai-shur] or
 háitān [hai-tahn] beach
 háiwān [hai-wahn] bay
 háizi [hai-dzur] child
 hǎn [hahn] shout
 hángbān [hahng-bahn] flight
 hángbān hào [how] flight number
 hángkōng [-koong] by airmail
 hángkōng xìnfēng [hsin-fung] airmail envelope
 Hánnyǔ [hahn-yew] Chinese (spoken language)
 hǎo [how] good; nice; all right, OK

hǎo, xièxie [hsyeh-hsyeh] yes, please
 hǎochī [how-chur] delicious
 háohuá [how-hwah] luxurious; posh
 hǎojíle [how-jee-lur] great, wonderful, excellent
 hǎokàn [how-kahn] attractive
 hàomǎ [how-mah] number
 hǎo yìdiānr [yee-dyenr] better
 hé [hur] and; river
 hé... yìqǐ [yee-chee] together with...
 ... hé... dōu bù... [doh boo] neither... nor-...
 hē drink (verb)
 hēi [hay] black
 hēi àn [ahn] dark
 héli [hur-lee] reasonable
 hěn [hun] very
 hěnduō [hun-dwor] a lot, lots; many
 hěnkuài di [kwai] quickly
 hézi [hur-dzur] box
 hézuile [hur-dzway-lur] drunk
 hóngsède [hoong-sur-dur] red
 hóngshuǐ [-shway] flood
 hòu [hoh] thick
 hòulái later; later on
 hóulóng [hoh-loong] throat
 hòumian [hoh-myen] behind
 zài hòumian [dzai] at the back
 zài... hòumian behind-...
 hòutiān [hoh-tyen] the day after tomorrow
 hú lake
 huā [hwah] flower
 huà picture, painting
 huāfèi [hwah-fay] spend

Hu

huài [hwai] bad
 huàile [hwai-lur] broken
 huái yùn [hwai-yewnn] pregnant
 huáji [hwah-jee] funny
 huàjù [hwah-jew] play (in theatre)
 huáng [hwahng] yellow
 huángdì emperor
 huángfēng [-fung] wasp
 huángjīn gold
 huángsè [-sur] yellow
 huānyíng dào-... [hwahn-ying
dow] welcome to-...
 huāping [hwah-ping] vase
 huàr [hwar] painting, picture
 huàxiàng [hwah-hsyang]
 portrait
 huāyuán [hwah-yew-ahn] garden
 huì [hway] meeting, conference
 huílai come back
 huīsède [hway-sur-dur] grey
 huítóujìan [hway-toh-jyen] see
 you later
 huìyì [hway-yee] meeting,
 conference
 hūnlí [hun-lee] wedding
 huǒ [hwor] fire
 huōchái [hwor-chai] matches
 huòchē [hwor-chur] van
 huōchē train
 zuò huōchē [dzwor] by train
 huōchēzhàn [-jahn] railway
 station
 huōzāi [hwor-dzai] fire
 huōzhe-... huōzhe-... [hwor-jur]
 either-... or-...
 huòzhě or
 hūshi [hoo-shur] nurse
 hútòng [hoo-toong] lane; side
 street

hùzhào [hoo-jow] passport
 húzi [hoo-dzur] beard
J
 jī [jee] post, mail (verb)
 jǐ few
 jiā [jyah] home
 zài jiā [dzai] at home
 jiàgé [jyah-gur] price
 jiǎn [jyen] cut
 jiàn measure word* used for
 things, affairs etc
 Jiānádà [jyah-nah-dah] Canada;
 Canadian (adj)
 jiānbāng [jyen-bahng] shoulder
 jiǎndān [jyen-dahn] simple, easy
 jiāng [jyang] river
 jiǎng speak
 jiānglái future; in future
 jiànkāng [jyen-kahng] healthy
 jiànzhù [jyen-joo] building
 jiǎnzi [jyen-dzur] scissors
 jiǎo [jyow] foot (of person)
 jiào call, greet
 jiāochākōu [jyow-chah-koh]
 junction
 jiáodī sole (of foot)
 jiǎo gēn [gun] heel (of foot)
 jiāojuānr [jyow-jew-ahn] film
 (for camera)
 jiāoqū [jyow-chew] suburb
 jiāoqūchē [-chur] bus (in
 suburbs)
 jiàotáng [jyow-tahng] church
 jiāotōng tú [jyow-toong]
 streetmap
 jiāoyì huì [jyow-yee hway]
 exhibition, trade fair

- jiáozhītou [jyow-jur-toh] toe
 jiàqī [yah-chee] holiday, vacation
 jiàqián [yah-chyen] cost (noun)
 jiātíng family
 jiăyá [yah-yah] dentures
 jiăyóu zhàn [yah-yoh jahn] petrol station, gas station
 jiăzhí [yah-jur] value
 jiăzi [yah-dzur] shelf
 jǐbìng illness, disease
 jīchăng bānchē [jee-chahng bahn-chur] airport bus
 jiē(dào) [yeh(-dow)] avenue; street
 jiè [yeh] borrow
 jiěfū [yeh-foo] brother-in-law (elder sister's husband)
 jiéhūn [yeh-hun] married
 nǐ jiéhūnle ma? [yeh-hun-lur mah] are you married?
 jiějie [yeh-jyeh] elder sister
 jiémùdānr [yeh-moo-dahnr] programme
 jiérì [yeh-rur] festival; holiday
 jiěshí [yeh-shur] strong
 jiězhī [yeh-jur] ring (on finger)
 jifèi diànhuà [jee-fay dyen-hwah] payphone
 jíge [jee-gur] several
 jíge? how much?, how many? (if answer is likely to be ten or fewer)
 jíjiù [jee-jyoh] first aid
 jíjiùxiāng [-hsyang] first-aid kit
 jìn near
 jǐngchá [jing-chah] police; policeman
 jǐngcháng [jing-chahng] often, frequent
 jīngguò [jing-gwor] through; via
 jīnglǐ manager
 jīngr view
 jīngréν de [jing-run dur] astonishing
 jīngzī [jing-dzur] mirror
 jīnchuángsè [jin-hwahng-sur] blond
 jīniànbeī [jee-nyen-bay] monument
 jīniànpīn [jee-nyen-pin] souvenir
 jīnjí(de) [-dur] urgent
 jīnjin just, only
 jīnshǔ metal
 jīntiān [jin-tyen] today
 jīntiān wǎnshāng [wahn-shahng] tonight
 jīntóu [jin-toh] end (of street etc)
 jīnwǎn [jin-wahn] tonight
 jīnzi [jin-dzur] gold
 jīqì [jee-chee] machine
 jīshi... yē [jee-shur-... yur] even if...
 jīsuānjī [jee-swahn-jee] computer
 jiǔ [jyoh] nine; alcohol; alcoholic drink
 jiù just; then; secondhand
 jiù yìdiānr [yee-dyenr] just a little
 jiù yìhuǐr [yee-hwayr] just a minute
 jiúbāi nine hundred
 jiübāijiān [jyoh-bah-jyen] bar
 jiùde [jyoh-dur] secondhand
 jiùhùchē [jyoh-hoo-chur] ambulance
 jiùjiu uncle (mother's brother)

jiǔshí [jyoh-shur] ninety
 jiǔyuè [jyoh-yew-eh]
 September
 juǎnqūde [jwahn-chew-dur] curly
 jué búhuì [jew-eh boo-hway]
 never (referring to the future)
 juéde [-dur] feel
 juédìng decide; decision
 juéduì bàng [-dway bahng]
 perfect
 juéduì! [-dur] absolutely!
 júhuángsè [jyew-hwahng-sur]
 orange (colour)
 jùlì [joo-lee] distance
 jùyuàn [jyew-yew-ahn] theatre

K

kāchē [kah-chur] lorry, truck
 kāfēi diàn [kah-fay dyen] café
 kāfēiguǎnr [-gwahnr] café
 kāi open (adj)
 kāichē [kai-chur] drive
 kāide [kai-dur] open (adj)
 kāile [kai-lur] open (adj)
 kāishǐ [kai-shur] begin; start;
 beginning
 yì kāishǐ at the beginning
 kāishuǐ [kai-shway] boiled water
 kàn bài [kahn-bow] read
 (newspaper)
 kàngjūnsù [kahng-jyewn-soo]
 antibiotics
 kànjian [kahn-jyen] see
 kànshū [kahn-shoo] read (book)
 kàn yíkàn [kahn-yee-kahn] have
 a look
 kào [kow] near
 kǎoshì [kow-shur] exam

Ji.

kǎoxiāng [kow-hsyang] oven
 kè [kur] lesson; gram(me)
 kē measure word* used for
 trees etc
 kěài lovely
 kěnèng [kur-nung] maybe,
 perhaps; possible
 kěpà [kur-pah] horrible
 kèqi [kur-chee] polite
 kèrén [kur-run] guest
 kěshì [kur-shur] but
 késou [kur-soh] cough
 kètīng lounge
 kěyi [kur-yee] be able
 kěyi qǐng [ching] yes please
 nín kěyi-... ma? [mah] could
 you-...?
 kōng [koong] empty
 kōngjīān [-jyen] room, space
 kōngqì [-chee] air
 kōngtiáo [-tyow] air-
 conditioning
 kǒukě [koh-kur] thirsty
 kǔ [koo] bitter
 kū cry
 kuài [kwai] quick, fast; sharp;
 soon; measure word* used
 for lumps or pieces
 kuài chē [chur] express (train)
 kuài dì express (mail)
 kuài diànr! [dyenr] hurry up!
 kuài lè [kwai-lur] happy
 kuài r [kwai-r] piece
 kuàizi [kwai-dzur] chopsticks
 kuān de [kwahn dur] wide
 kuāng [kwahng] basket
 kuáng huānjié [-hwahn-jyeh]
 carnival
 kùchǎ [koo-chah] underpants,

men's underwear

kūnchóng [kun-choong] insect

kùnle [kun-lur] sleepy

kùnnan [kun-nahn] difficult; difficulty

kùzì [koo-dzur] trousers, (US) pants

L

là [lah] hot, spicy

lā pull

lái come, arrive

láiide: nǐ shì cóng nǎr láide?
[shur tsoong nar lai-dur] where do you come from?

lái huí piào [lai-hway pyow] return/round-trip ticket

lājī [lah-jee] rubbish, trash

lājīxiāng [-hsyang] dustbin, trashcan

lán [lahn] blue

lǎn lazy

lánzi [lahn-dzur] basket

lǎo [low] old

lǎolao grandmother (maternal)

lǎoniánren [low-nyen-run] senior citizen

lǎoshī [low-shur] teacher

lǎoshǔ [low-shoo] rat; mouse

Lǎowō [low-wor] Laos

lǎoye [low-yeh] grandfather (maternal)

lāzhú [lah-joo] candle

le [lur] sentence particle indicating something in the past which is still relevant to the present or a change of circumstances in the present

or future

-le [-lur] verb suffix indicating completion of action

lèi [lay] tired

léiyǔ [lay-yew] thunderstorm

lěng [lung] cold

li: zài... li [dzai ... lee] inside...

lí [lee] from; to; pear

-lǐ inside

liǎn [lyen] face

liǎng [lyang] two

liàng measure word* used for vehicles

liǎngcì [-tsur] twice

liǎngge dānrénchuáng [-gur dahn-run-chwahng] twin beds

liǎngge dōu [dow] both

liǎngge dōu bù [doh] neither (one) of them

liǎngge xīngqī [hsing-chee] fortnight

liángkuai [-kwai] cool

liángxié [-hsyeh] sandal

liánkùwà [lyen-koo-wah] tights, pantyhose

liánxi [lyen-hshee] contact

liányīqún [lyen-yee-chewn] dress

liányùn [lyen-yewm] connection

liǎobuqǐ [lyow-boo-chee] incredible, amazing

lièchē shíkè biǎo [lyeh-chur shur-kur byow] timetable, (US) schedule

lièzhì [lyeh-jur] poor

lǐfà [lee-fah] haircut

lǐfàdiàn [-dyen] hairdresser's; barber's

lǐfāshī [-shur] hairdresser's

líhūn [lee-hun] divorced

Li

límǐ centimetre
 límíng dawn
 líng zero
 líng take (someone somewhere)
 líng tie, necktie
 língqián [ling-chyen] change (noun: money)
 língrénn yúkuài [ling-run yew-kwai] pleasant
 língshiguǎn [ling-shur-gwahn] consulate
 língwài another, different
 líng yánglǎojīn de rén [-low-jin dur run] pensioner
 líng yíge [yee-gur] another, different; the other one
 línnyù [lin-yew] shower
 dài línnyù with shower
 lírú for example
 liù [lyoh] six
 liùbāi six hundred
 liúgǎn [lyoh-gahn] flu
 liúlì fluent
 liùshí [lyoh-shur] sixty
 liúxíng [lyoh-hsing] popular, fashionable
 liúxíngxìng gǎnmào [gahn-mow] flu
 liúxíng yīnyuè [yin-yew-eh] pop music
 liùyuè [lyoh-yew-eh] June
 línwù [lee-woo] present, gift
 lizi [lee-dzur] example; chestnut
 lóng [loong] dragon
 lóu [loh] floor, storey; building (with more than one storey)
 lóushàng [loh-shahng] upstairs
 lóutī [loh-tee] stairs

lóuxià [loh-hsyah] downstairs
 lǚxíng [lyew-hsing] travel; tour; journey
 lǚxíngshè [-shur] travel agent's
 lǚxíngzhě [-jur] tourist
 lǚxíng zhīpiào [jur-pyow] traveller's cheque
 lǚyóuchē [lyew-yoh-chur] tourist bus, coach
 lǚyóuzhě [lyew-joh-jur] tourist
 lǚguǎn [lyew-gwahn] small hotel
 lùsède [lyew-sur-dur] green
 lù road; way
 lúntāi tyre
 lúnzi [lun-dzur] wheel
 lùtiān [loo-tyen] outdoors
 lùxiàn [loo-hsyen] route
 lùxiàngdài [loo-hsyang-dai] video tape
 lúzào [loo-dzow] cooker

M

ma? [mah] question particle
 mā mother
 mǎ horse
 mà scold
 máfan [mah-fahn] trouble
 mǎi buy
 mài sell
 mǎimài business deal
 mǎn [mahn] full
 màn slow; slowly
 hěn màn [hun] very slowly
 màn diänr! [dyenr] slow down!
 mángmang [mahng-] busy
 māo [mow] cat
 máobèixīn [mow-bay-hsin] pullover

- máo jīn **towel**
 mào pái huò **[mow-pai-r-hwor]**
 fake
 móatān **[mow-tahn]** blanket
 máoyī **sweater**
 màozi **[mow-dzur]** hat, cap
 mǎshàng **[mah-shahng]** at once,
 immediately
 mǎtóu **[mah-toh]** jetty
 Máo zhǔxí **[mow jyew-hshee]**
 Chairman Mao
 měi **[may]** each, every;
 beautiful
 méi not; does not; no; have
 not
 mèifū **[may-foo]** brother-in-law
 (younger sister's husband)
 méi-...-guò **[-gwor]** has never;
 have never
 měige **[may-gur]** every
 měige difāng **[dee-fahng]**
 everywhere
 měige rén **[run]** everyone
 méi guānxi **[gwahn-hshee]** never
 mind, it doesn't matter
 Měiguó **[may-gwør]** America;
 American (adj)
 měijìan shìqíng **[may-jyen shur-**
 ching] everything
 měijìan shìr **[shur]** everything
 méi jìn r boring
 měili beautiful
 mèimei younger sister
 méiqì **[may-chee]** gas
 měirén **[may-run]** everybody
 méishìr le **[may-shur lur]** safe
 měishùguǎn **[may-shoo-gwahn]**
 art gallery
 měitiān **[may-tyen]** every day
 méi wǎnshang **[wahn-shahng]**
 per night
 méi wènti! **[wun-tee]** no
 problem!
 méixiāngdào **[may-hsyang-dow]**
 amazing, surprising
 měiyíge **[may-yee-gur]** each,
 every
 měiyíge rén **[run]** everyone
 méiyōu **[may-yoh]** did not; has
 not, have not; without
 méi-...-zhe **[-zhur]** was not-...-
 ing; is not-...-ing
 -men suffix indicating the
 plural
 mén **[mun]** door
 Ménggǔ **[mung-goo]** Mongolia;
 Mongolian (adj)
 mǐ metre; uncooked rice
 Miàndiàn **[myen-dyen]** Burma;
 Burmese (adj)
 miǎn fèi **[fay]** free (no charge)
 miánhuā **[myen-hwah]**
 cotton
 miǎnshuì **[myen-shway]** duty-
 free goods
 miǎo **[myow]** second (of time)
 míngbai: wǒ míngba le **[wor**
 - **lur]** I see, I understand
 míngpiàn **[ming-pyen]** card
 míngtian **[ming-tyen]**
 tomorrow
 míngtian zǎoshang **[dzow-**
 shahng] tomorrow morning
 míngxinpiàn **[ming-hsin-pyen]**
 postcard
 míngzì **[ming-dzur]** name; first
 name
 mòduān **[mor-dwahn]** end

mótūōchē [mor-twør-chur] motorbike
 mǒudì [moh-dee] somewhere
 mùdì cemetery
 mùdìdì destination
 mùjiān xiǔxi [moo-jyen hsyoh-hshee] interval
 mǔqīn [moo-chin] mother
 mùtou [moo-toh] wood

N

ná [nah] carry; take
 nà that; that one; the
 nǎinai grandmother (paternal)
 nǎiniú [nai-nyoh] cow
 nǎlǐ? [nah-lee] where?
 nán [nahn] south; hard, difficult; man
 nán cèsuō [tsur-swør] gents' toilet, men's room
 nánfāng [nahn-fahng] in the south
 Nánfēi [nahn-fay] South Africa; South African (adj)
 nán fúwùyuán [foo-woo-yew-ahn] waiter; steward
 nánguò [nahn-gwor] sad
 nánhái boy
 nánkàn [nahn-kahn] ugly
 nán péngyou [pung-yoh] boyfriend
 nánrén [nahn-run] man
 nǎr? where?
 zài nǎr? [dzai] where is it?
 nǐ qù nǎr? [chew] where are you going?

Mo

nàr there
 nà shí [nah shur] then, at that time
 nà shì... ma? [mah] is that-...?
 nà shì shénme? [shun-mur] what's that?
 názhe [nah-jur] keep
 ne [nur] sentence particle which adds emphasis or conveys the idea 'and what about-...?'
 nèi [nay] that; that one
 nèi? [nay] which?
 nèidi brother-in-law (wife's younger brother)
 nèige [nay-gur] that; that one
 nèige shíhou [shur-hoh] then, at that time
 nèixiōng [nay-hsyoong] brother-in-law (wife's elder brother)
 nèi yíge [yee-gur] that one
 néng: nǐ néng-... ma? [nung-... mah] can you-...?
 wǒ bù néng-... [wor] I can't-...
 nǐ you (sing)
 niàn [nyen] read (aloud)
 nián year
 niánjì [nyen-jee] age
 nín duō dà niánjì le? [dwor dah nyen-jee lur] how old are you?
 niánlíng: nín duō dà niánlíng? [nyen-ling] how old are you?
 niánqīng [nyen-ching] young
 niǎo [nyow] bird
 niàobù [nyow-boo] nappy, diaper
 Níbóěr [nee-bor-er] Nepal; Nepali (adj)

nǐde [nee-dur] your; yours
(sing)
nǐ hǎo [nee how] hello; hi; how do you do?
nǐ hǎo ma? [mah] how are you?
nímen [nee-mun] you (pl)
nímende [-dur] your; yours (pl)
nín you (sing, pol)
nínde [nin-dur] your; yours (sing, pol)
niúzāikù [nyoh-dzai-koo] jeans
nóng [noong] strong
nóngchāng [-chahng] farm
nóngcūn [-tsun] countryside
nǚ'ér [nyew-er] daughter
nǚ cèsuō [tsur-swor] ladies' room, ladies' toilets
nǚ chènshān [nyew-chun-shahn] blouse
nǚ fúwùyuán [foo-woo-yew-ahn] waitress; maid; stewardess
nǚ háir [hai-r] girl
nǚpéngyou [nyew-pung-yoh] girlfriend
nǚshì [nyew-shur] Ms; lady
nǚzhāodài [nyew-jow-dai] waitress
nuǎnhuo [nwahn-hwor] warm; mild
nuǎnqì [nwahn-chee] heating; central heating; radiator

O

Ōuzhōu [oh-joh] Europe; European (adj)

P

pàichūsuo [pai-choo-swor] police station
pán [pahn] measure word* used for round objects
pàng [pahng] fat
páng side
pángbiān: zài-... pángbiān [dzai-... pahng-bien] beside the-..., next to-...
pánzi [pahn-dzur] plate
pǎo [pow] run
péngchē [pung-chur] van
pèngtóu dìdiǎn [pung-toh dee-dyen] meeting place
péngyou [pung-yoh] friend
pēnquán [pun-choo-en] fountain
piányi [pyen-yee] be inexpensive; inexpensive
piaò [pyow] ticket; single ticket, one-way ticket
piàoliang [pyow-lyang] beautiful; pretty
pífu skin
pígé [pee-gur] leather
píng'ān [ping-ahn] safe
píngcháng [ping-chahng] usual, normal
pīngpāngqiú [ping-pahng-chyoh] table tennis
píngtān [ping-tahn] flat (adj)
píngzi [ping-dzur] bottle
pǔtōng [poo-toong] ordinary
Pǔtōnghuà [-hwah] Mandarin

Pu

Q

- qī [chee] seven
 qian [chyen] money
 qianbao [-bow] wallet; purse
 qianbi pencil
 qianbianr: zai qianbianr [dzai chyen-byen] in front; at the front
 qiang [chyang] wall
 qiangjian [-jyen] rape
 qiangle [-lur] robbed
 qianmian [chyen-myen] front
 qiantian [-tyen] the day before yesterday
 qianting lobby
 qianwan [-wahn] ten million
 qianxiang [-hsyong] breast; bust; chest
 qian yi tian [tyen] the day before
 qianzheng [-jung] visa
 qianzi [-dzur] signature
 qiao [ch�ow] bridge
 qiaokeli [-kur-lee] chocolate
 qiaozhugang [-joo-gahng] rip-off
 qibai [chee-bai] seven hundred
 qiche [chee-chur] car
 zuo qiche [dzwor] by car
 qiche chuzu [choo-dzoo] car rental
 qiche zongzhàn [dzoong-jahn] bus station (for city buses)
 qiche xiulichang [hsyoh-lur-chahng] garage (for repairs)
 qichuang [chee-chwahng] get up (in the morning)

QI

- qiè [chye] cut
 qifei shijian [chee-fay shee-jyen] departure
 qiguai(de) [chee-gwai(-dur)] weird, strange, odd
 qi ma [chee mah] horse riding
 qing [ching] light (not heavy)
 qing please; ask, request
 qingdan [-dahn] mild
 qingjin come in
 qingshaonián [-show-nyen] teenager
 qingxin [-hsin] fresh
 qiong [chyoong] poor
 qishi [chee-shur] seventy
 qitā [chee-tah] other
 qiting [chee-ting] motorboat
 qiu [chyoh] ball
 qiumi sports fan
 quipai racket (tennis, squash)
 quiitian [chyooh-tyen] autumn, (US) fall; in the autumn/fall
 qixie [chee-hsyeh] equipment
 qiyou [chee-yoh] petrol, (US) gas
 qiyue [chee-yew-eh] July
 qizi [chee-dzur] wife
 qizixingche de ren [chee dzur-sing-chur dur run] cyclist
 qu [chew] go; to
 qu get, fetch
 quanbu [choo-en-boo] all; all of it, the whole lot
 quanguo [-gwor] national, nationwide
 qunián [chew-nyen] last year
 qunzi [chewn-dzur] skirt

R

ránhòu [rahn-hoh] then, after that
 rè [rur] hot; heat
 rèdù [rur-doo] temperature; fever
 rèle [rur-lur] hot
 rén [run] person
 wǒ shì... rén [wor shur] I come from-...
 rènao [rur-now] busy, lively
 rēng [rung] throw
 rènhé [run-hur] any
 rènhé rén anybody
 rènhé shénme [shun-mur] anything
 rénkōu [run-koh] population
 rénmín people
 rénqún [run-chewn] crowd
 rènshi [run-shur] know; recognize
 rénxíng dào [run-hsing dow] pavement, sidewalk
 rénxíng héngdào [hung-dow] pedestrian crossing
 rèshuǐping [rur-shway-ping] Thermos® flask
 Riběn [ree-bun] Japan
 rìjì [rur-jee] diary
 róngyì [roong-yee] easy
 ròu [roh] meat
 ruǎn [rwahn] soft
 ruǎnpán [-pahn] disk
 ruǎnwò [-wor] soft sleeper, first class sleeper
 ruǎnzuò [-dzwor] soft seat, first

class seat

rúguō [roo-gwor] if
 Rúidiān [rway-dyen] Sweden
 rùkōu [roo-koh] entrance
 ruò [rwor] weak

S

sāi cheek
 sāizi [sai-dzur] plug (in sink)
 sān [sahn] three
 sānbǎi three hundred
 sāndēng [sahn-dung] third class
 sǎngzì [sahng-dzur] Thursday
 sānjiāokù [sahn-jiow-koo] pants, panties
 sānshí [sahn-shur] thirty
 sānyuè [sahn-yew-eh] March
 sēnlín [sun-lin] forest
 shā [shah] sand; kill
 shāfā [shah-fah] sofa
 shāguā [shah-gwah] idiot
 shài yīshéng [shai-yee-shung] clothes line
 shān [shahn] mountain, hill
 shāndòng [-doong] cave
 shàng [shahng] up; above
 zài-...-shàng [dzai] above-...
 shàngdi God
 shāngdiàn [-dyen] shop
 shàngmian: zài-... shàngmian [dzai--myen] on-...
 shàngtou: zài-... shàngtou [-tuh] on top of-...
 shāngǔ [shahn-goo] valley
 shānguāngdēng [shahn-gwahng-dung] flash (for camera)
 shàngwǔ a.m. (from 9 a.m. to noon)

Sh

- shāngxīn [–hsin] sad
 shàng xīngqī [hsing-chee] last week
 shàngyī jacket
 shàng yícì [yee-tsur] last time
 shànzi [shahn-dzur] fan (hand-held)
 shǎo [show] less
 shāoshāng [show-shahng] burn (noun)
 shǎoshù mínzú [show-shoo mind-zoo] nationality (for Chinese minorities)
 shǎoyú [show-yew] under, less than
 sháozi [show-dzur] spoon
 shēchǐ [shur-chur] luxury
 shéi? [shay] who?
 shéide? [shay-dur] whose?
 shēn [shun] deep
 shēng [shung] be born; litre
 shēng bìngle [shung bing-lur] ill
 shèngdàn jié [–dahn jyeh] Christmas
 shēngqì [–chee] angry
 shēngrén [–run] stranger
 shēngrì [–rur] birthday
 shēngyi business
 shēngyīn voice
 shéngzi [–dzur] string; rope
 shénjīngbìng [shun-jing-bing] crazy
 shénkān [shun-kahn] shrine
 shénme [shun-mur] anything; something
 shénme? what?
 shénme shíhòu? [shur-hoh] when?
 shénme yàng de-...? [dur] what sort of-...?
 nǐ shuō shénme? [shwor] sorry?, pardon (me)?
 shénme yě méiyōu [yur may-yoh] none
 shéntǐ [shun-tee] body
 shèshí [shur-shur] centigrade
 shí [shur] to be; is; are; was; were; will be; it is; it was; yes, it is the case
 shì-... ma? [mah] is it-...?
 shí ten
 shī wet
 shíbā [shur-bah] eighteen
 shichǎng [shur-chahng] market
 shíde [shur-dur] yes, it is the case
 shíèr [shur-er] twelve
 shíèr yuè [yew-eh] December
 shígù [shur-goo] accident
 shíhou: zài-... de shíhou [dzai-... dur shur-hoh] during-...
 shíjiān [shur-jyen] time
 shíjiānbiǎo [–byow] timetable, (US) schedule
 shijiè [shur-jyeh] world
 shíjiǔ [shur-jyoh] nineteen
 shíliù [shur-lyoh] sixteen
 shímáo [shur-mow] fashionable
 shinèi [shur-nay] indoors; indoor
 shípīn diàn [shur-pin dyen] food store
 shíqī [shur-chee] seventeen; period (of time)
 shìlìqūchē [shur-chew-chur] city bus

shìr [shur] thing, matter
 shísān [shur-sahn] thirteen
 shísi [shur-sur] fourteen
 shíwàn [shur-wahn] hundred thousand
 shíwù [shur-woo] food
 shíwǔ fifteen
 shíwù zhòngdú [joong-doo] food poisoning
 shíyī [shur-yee] eleven
 shíyīyuè [shur-yee-yew eh] November
 shíyìè [shur-yew eh] October
 shìzhèngfǔ dàlóu [shur-jung-foo dah-loh] town hall
 shì zhōngxīn [shur joong-sin] city centre
 shízì lùkǒu [shur-dzur loo-koh] crossroads, intersection
 shǒu [shoh] hand
 shòu thin
 shòu huānyíng [hwahn-ying] popular
 shòuhuòtíng [shoh-hwor-ting] kiosk
 shōujù [shoh-jiyw] receipt
 shōujuàn [shoh-jwahnr] handkerchief
 shòupiàochù [shoh-pyow-choo] ticket office; box office
 shòushāng [shoh-shahng] injured
 shōushi [shoh-shur] jewellery
 shōushù operation
 shòutào [shoh-tow] glove
 shòutíbāo [shoh-tee-bow] handbag, (US) purse
 shòutíxiāng [shoh-tee-hsyang] suitcase

shōutí xíngli [shoh-tee hsing-lee] hand luggage
 shōuwànr [shoh-wahnr] wrist
 shōuxiān [shoh-hsyen] at first
 shōuyīnjī [shoh-yin-jee] radio
 shōuzhǐ [shoh-jur] toilet paper; finger
 shōuzhuó [shoh-jwor] bracelet
 shū [shoo] book
 shú ripe
 shù tree
 shuāng [shwhahng] double
 shuāngrén chuáng [-run chwahng] double bed
 shuāngrén fángjiān [fahng-jyen] double room
 shūdiàn [shoo-dyen] bookshop, bookstore
 shūfú well; comfortable
 shuí [shway] water
 shuǐchí [-chur] sink; swimming pool
 shuǐguǎnr [-gwahnr] pipe
 shuǐguǒ [-gwor] fruit
 shuǐjiào [-jyow] sleep; asleep
 shuǐlóng tóu [-loong toh] tap, faucet
 shuǐqún [-chewn] nightdress
 shuīyī pyjamas
 shùlín woods, forest
 shuō [shwor] say
 shuōhuà [-hwah] talk
 shuōmíngshū leaflet; brochure
 shūshu uncle (father's younger brother)
 shùzì [shoo-dzur] number
 sǐ [sur] die; dead
 sì four; Buddhist temple

sìbǎi four hundred
 sīchóu [sur-choh] silk
 sì fēn zhī yī [fun jur] quarter
 sījī [sur-jee] driver
 sǐlè [sur-lur] dead
 sīrén(de) [sur-run(-dur)] private
 sīshí [sur-shur] forty
 sīwáng [sur-wahng] death
 sīyuàn [sur-yew-ahn] Buddhist
 monastery
 sīyuè [sur-yew-eh] April
 sòng [soong] deliver; send
 sòng fān fúwù [fahn foo-woo]
 room service
 sòngxìng delivery (of mail)
 suān [swahn] be sour; sour
 suānténg [–tung] ache
 Sūgélán [soo-gur-lahn]
 Scotland; Scottish
 suíbiàn [sway-byen] informal
 suídào [sway-dow] tunnel
 suírán [sway-rahn] although
 sùliào [soo-lyow] plastic
 sùliàodài plastic bag
 sūnnǚr [sun-nyewr]
 granddaughter (son's
 daughter)
 sūnzi [sun-dzur] grandson (son's
 son)
 suǒ [swor] lock; locked;
 measure word* used for
 buildings
 suōyōu de dōngxi [swor-yoh dur
 doong-hshee] everything
 sùshāir de [soo-shai-r dur] plain,
 not patterned
 sùxiàng [soo-hsyang] statue

tā [tah] he; she; it; him;
 her
 tǎ pagoda
 tāde [tah-dur] his; her; hers;
 its
 tài too (excessively)
 tài duō [dwor] too much
 Tàiguó [tai-gwor] Thailand
 tàihăole [tai-how-lur] fantastic;
 well done
 tài shòu [tai shoh] skinny
 tàiyáng sun
 tàiyángjìng sunglasses
 tāmen [tah-mun] they; them
 tāmen quánbù [choo-en-bo] all of them
 tāmende [tah-mun-dur] their;
 theirs
 tān [tahn] greedy
 tángdi [tahng-dee] cousin (son of
 father's brother)
 tángjiě [–jyeh] cousin (daughter
 of father's brother)
 tángkuàir [–kwai-r] sweets,
 candies
 tángmèi [–may] cousin (daughter
 of father's brother)
 tángniàobing [–nyow-bing] diabetic
 tángxiōng [–hsyoong] cousin
 (son of father's brother)
 tānzi [tahn-dzur] blanket
 táoqì [tow-chee] pottery
 tàooshān [tow-shahn] jumper
 tàoozhuāng [tow-jwahng] suit
 tèbié [tur-byeh] especially

téng [tung] pain, ache; painful
 tiān [tyen] day; sky
 tián sweet (taste)
 tiándì field
 tiānqì [tyen-chee] weather
 tiáo [tyow] measure word*
 used for fish and long narrow objects
 tiàowǔ [tyow-woo] dance
 tiàozaō [tyow-dzow] flea
 tiělù [tyeh-loo] railway
 tíng stop
 tíngchē [-chur] park
 tíngchēchǎng [-chahng] car park, parking lot; garage
 tíngdiàn [-dyen] power cut
 tíngzi [-dzur] pavilion
 tíqián [tee-chyen] in advance
 tixǔdāo [tee-hsyew-dow] razor
 tiyùguǎn [tee-yoo-gwahn] gym
 tǒng [toong] bucket
 tóngyi agree
 tóu [toh] head
 tōu steal
 tóufa [toh-fah] hair
 tóujīn headscarf
 tóumíng jiāobù [jyow-bo] Sellotape®, Scotch tape®
 tóuténg [toh-tung] headache
 tóuyūn [toh-yewm] dizzy, faint
 tú'ān [too-ahn] pattern
 tuán [twahn] group
 tuántǐ [twahn-tee] party, group
 tuí [tway] cancel
 tuǐ leg
 tuī push
 tuikuǎn [tway-kwahn] refund
 túpiàn [too-pyen] picture
 türán [too-rahn] suddenly

W

-wài outside
 wàigōng [wai-goong] grandfather (maternal)
 wàiguó [wai-gwor] foreign
 wàiguó rén [run] foreigner
 wàimian [wai-myen] outside
 wàipó [wai-por] grandmother (maternal)
 wàisūn [wai-sun] grandson (daughter's son)
 wàisūnnǚ [-nyewr] granddaughter (daughter's daughter)
 wài sūnzi [sun-dzur] grandson (daughter's son)
 wàitào [wai-tow] jacket
 wàiyī jacket; coat
 wǎn'ān [wahn-ahn] good night
 wǎn [wahn] late (at night)
 wàn ten thousand
 wǎncān [wahn-tsahn] dinner
 wǎndiān [wahn-dyen] delay
 wǎnfàn [wahn-fahn] evening meal; supper
 wàng [wahng] forget
 wǎng towards; net (in sport)
 wǎnhuì [wahn-hway] party (celebration)
 wánjù [wahn-jyew] toy
 wánquándi [wahn-choo-en-dee] completely
 wánr [wahnr] play (verb)
 wǎnshang [wahn-shahng] evening; in the evening
 jīntian wǎnshang [jin-tyen] this evening

wánxiào [wahn-hsyow] joke
 Wēi’ěrshì [way-er-shur] Welsh
 wéi [way] hello
 wèi because of; stomach;
 measure word* used politely
 to refer to ladies, gentlemen,
 guests etc
 wèidao [way-dow] flavour
 Wēiérshì [way-er-shur] Wales
 wèihūnfū fiancé
 wèihūnqī [-chee] fiancée
 wéijīn [way-jin] scarf
 wèir [wayr] taste; smell
 wèishēngjīn [way-shung-jin]
 sanitary napkin/towel
 wèishēngzhǐ [way-shung-jur]
 toilet paper
 wèishénme? [way-shun-mur]
 why?
 wèishénme bù? why not?
 wēixiān [way-hsyen] dangerous
 wèn [wun] ask (a question)
 wénhuà dà géming [wun-
 hwah dah gur-ming] Cultural
 Revolution
 wénjiàn [wun-jyen] document
 wèntí [wun-tee] problem,
 question
 wènxùnchù [wun-hsyewn-choo]
 information desk
 wénzhàng [wun-jahng]
 mosquito net
 wénzī [wun-dzur] mosquito
 wǒ [wor] I; me
 wōde [wor-dur] my; mine
 wōmen [wor-mun] we; us
 wōmende [–dur] our; ours
 wòpù [wor-poo] couchette;
 sleeper; berth

wòpù chēxiāng [chur-hsyang]
 sleeping car
 wòshì [wor-shur] bedroom
 wǔ [woo] five
 wù mist; fog
 wúbǎi five hundred
 wǔfàn [woo-fahn] lunch
 wùhuì [woo-hway]
 misunderstanding
 wūjiǎor [woo-jiowr] in the
 corner of a room
 wǔshí [woo-shur] fifty
 wǔshù [woo-shoo] martial arts
 wǔyuè [woo-yew eh] May

X

xǐ [hshee] wash
 xī west
 xiā [hsyah] blind
 xià down; below
 xià yíci [yee-tsur] next time
 xià yíge [yee-gur] next
 xià xīngqī [hsing-chee] next
 week
 zài...-xià [dzai] under-...
 xiāba [–bah] jaw, chin
 xià chē [–chur] get out
 xiàgè [–gur] next
 xiàmian: zài... xiàmian [dzai–
 myen] below-...
 xiàn [hsyen] line; thread
 xiān: nǐ xiān qǐng [ching] after
 you
 xiàndài modern
 xiǎng want; think
 xiāngdāng [–dahng] quite,
 fairly

- xiāngdāng duō [dwar] quite a lot
 xiàngdǎo [–dow] guide
 Xiānggǎng [–gahng] Hong Kong
 xiàngjiāo [–jyow] rubber
 xiāngjìn de [dur] similar
 xiàngliàn [–lyen] necklace
 xiàngpí rubber, eraser
 xiàngqí [–chee] chess
 xiāngshuǐr [–shwayr] perfume
 xiāngxin [–hsin] believe
 xiāngyān [–yahm] cigarette
 xiànqián [hsyen-chyen] cash
 xiānsheng [hsyen-shung] Mr
 xiānyàn [–yen] bright
 xiànzài [–dzai] now
 xiào [hsyow] laugh; smile
 xiǎo little, small; tight
 xiāofángduì [–fahng-dway] fire brigade
 xiǎofèi [–fay] service charge; tip
 xiāo húzi [hoo-dzur] moustache
 xiǎojiě [–jyeh] Miss
 xiǎolù path
 xiǎo qīchē [chee-chur] car
 xiǎo sānjiǎokù [sahn-jyow-koo] pants, panties
 xiǎoshān [–shahn] hill
 xiǎosháor [–showr] spoon
 xiǎoshí [–shur] hour
 xiǎoshū brother-in-law
 (husband's younger brother)
 xiāoxi [–hshee] information
 xiǎoxī stream
 xiǎoxīn! [–hsin] look out!
 xiáozǔ [–dzyew] group
 xiàshuǐdào [hsyah-shway-dow] drain
 xiàtian [–tyen] summer; in the summer
 xiàwǔ afternoon; in the afternoon; p.m.
 jīntian xiàwǔ [jin-tyen] this afternoon
 xià yíge [yee-gur] next
 Xībānyá [hshee-bahn-yah] Spain;
 Spanish (adj)
 xīběi [hshee-bay] northwest
 xībiānr [–byenr] in the west
 xīcān [–tsahn] Western-style food
 xīcāntīng [–tsahn-ting] Western-style restaurant
 xiě [hsyeh] blood; write
 xié shoe
 xiē a little bit
 ... xiē a bit more-...
 xiédī [–dee] sole (of shoe)
 xié hòugēn [hoh-gun] heel (of shoe)
 xièxie [hsyeh-hsyeh] thank you
 xièxie, wǒ bù yào [wor boo yow] no thanks
 Xīfāng [hshee-fahng] West; in the West; Western
 Xīfāng de [dur] Western (adj)
 xīgài knee
 xīhǎo de yīfu [–how dur yee-foo] washing (clean)
 xǐhuan [–hwahn] like
 xìn [hsin] letter, message
 xīn new
 xī'nán [hshee-ahn] southwest
 xìnfēng [hsin-fung] envelope
 xíng [hsing] all right
 xīng surname

xìnggǎn [–gahn] sexy
 xìngkuī [–kway] fortunately
 xíngle [–lur] that's OK
 xǐngle awake
 xíngli luggage, baggage
 xīngqī [–chee] week
 xīngqīér [–chee-er] Tuesday
 xīngqīlù [–lyoh] Saturday
 xīngqīsān [–chee-sahn] Wednesday
 xīngqītiān [–tyen] Sunday
 xīngqīwǔ [–woo] Friday
 xīngqīyī Monday
 xìngqu [–chew] interest
 xīngxing star
 xìnhào [hsin-how] signal
 xìnshǐ [hsin-shur] courier
 xīnwén [hsin-wun] news (radio, TV etc)
 xīnxiān [hsin-hsyen] fresh
 xīnxiāng [hsin-hsyang] postbox, mailbox
 Xīnxīlán [hsin-hshee-lahn] New Zealand
 xīnyòng kǎ [hsin-yoong kah] credit card
 xīnzàng [hsin-dzahng] heart
 xiōng [hsyoong] chest
 xiōngdì brother
 xiōngkǒu [–koh] chest
 xiōngzhào [–jow] bra
 xiōngzhēn [–jun] brooch
 xīshéng [hshee-shung] string
 xīshì [hshee-shur] Western-style
 xiūlǐ [hsyoh-lee] repair
 xiūxiéjiàng [–hsyeh-jyang] shoe repainer
 xiūxiépù shoe repainer
 xiūxishì [–hshee-shur] lounge

XI

xiūxītīng foyer
 xiùzhēn fāngyīnjī [–jun fahng-yin-jee] personal stereo
 xiùzi [–dzur] sleeve
 xīwàng [hshee-wahng] hope
 xīyídìàn [–dyen] laundry (place)
 xīyījī washing machine
 xīyīnrén [–run] attractive
 xīyōu [–yoh] rare, uncommon
 Xīzàng [–dzahng] Tibet
 xīzǎo [–dzow] bathe
 xīzǎoјiān [–jyen] bathroom
 xuǎn [hsyw-ahn] choose
 xuányá [–yah] cliff
 xǔduō [–dwar] a lot, lots, plenty of
 xuě [hsyw-eh] snow
 xuējiā [–jah] cigar
 xuéqī [–chur] term
 xuésheng [–shung] student
 xuéxí [–hshee] learn
 xuéxiào [–hsyow] school
 xuéyuàn [–yew-ahn] college
 xuēzī [–dzur] boot (footwear)
 xǔkē zhèng [hsyw-kur jung] permit (noun)
 xūyào [hsyw-yow] need

Y

yá [yah] tooth
 yágāo [yah-gow] toothpaste
 yājīn [yah-jin] deposit
 yákē dàifu [yah-kur] dentist
 yákē yīshéng [yee-shung] dentist
 yān [yen] smoke
 nǐ chōu yān ma? [choh yen mah] do you smoke?

- yāndǒu [yen-doh] pipe
 yǎng itch
 yángguāng [yang-gwahng] sunshine
 yángmáo [yang-mow] wool
 yángsān [yang-sahn] sunshade
 yántái balcony
 yángwáwa [yang-wah-wah] doll
 yànghuì [yen-hway] banquet
 yǎnjing [yen-jing] eye
 yǎnjīng glasses, eyeglasses
 yǎnjīngdiàn [-dyen] optician
 yǎnkē yǐshēng [yen-kur yee-shung] optician
 yánsè [yen-sur] colour
 yǎo [yow] bite (by insect)
 yāo waist; one
 yào want; drug; Chinese medicine
 nǐ yào shénme? [shun-mur] what do you want?
 yàobùrán [yow-boor-ahn] otherwise
 yāodài [yow-dai] belt
 yàodiàn [yow-dyen] pharmacy
 yáodòng [yow-doong] cave (dwelling)
 yàofāng [yow-fahng] prescription
 yàogāo [yow-gow] ointment
 yàomián [yow-myen] cotton wool, absorbent cotton
 yāoqing [yow-ching] invitation; invite
 yǎoshāng [yow-shahng] bite
 yàoshi [yow-shur] key
 yáshuā [yah-shwah] toothbrush
 yáténg [yah-tung] toothache
 yě [yur] also, too
- yè night; page
 yèli at night; p.m.
 yéye [yur-yur] grandfather (paternal)
 yèzōnghuì [yur-dzoong-hway] nightclub
 yí [yee] one
 yibǎi one hundred
 yibàn [yee-bahn] half
 yibāo [yee-bow] packet
 yibēi [yee-bay] cup
 yīcéng [yee-tsung] ground floor, (US) first floor
 yícì [yee-tsur] once
 xià yícì [hsyah] next time
 yídá [yee-dah] dozen
 yídàkuàir [-khai-r] a big bit
 yíděng [yee-dung] first class
 yidiānr [yee-dyenr] a little bit
 ... yidiānr a bit more-...
 yìdiánrdiānr tiny
 yídìng definitely
 yífu dress; clothes
 yíge [yee-gur] one
 nǎ yíge? [nah yee-gur] which one?
 yígerén [yee-gur-run] alone
 yígòng [yee-goong] altogether
 yí guànر [gwahnr] can; jug
 yǐhòu [yee-hoh] after; afterwards
 yǐhuìr [yee-hwair] soon
 yǐjīng already
 yǐkè [yee-kur] quarter past
 yíkuàir [yee-kwai-r] piece
 yǐlīng collar
 yǐ lóu [loh] ground floor, (US) first floor
 yǐlù shùnfēng! [yee-loo shun-

fung] have a good journey!
 yímā [yee-mah] aunt (mother's sister)
 yímàojiān [yee-mow-jyen] cloakroom
 yímǔ [yee-moo] aunt (mother's sister)
 yín(zì) [yin-(dzur)] silver
 Yindu [yin-doo] India; Indian (adj)
 yìng hard
 yīngbàng [ying-bahng] pound sterling
 yìngbì coin
 yīng'ér [ying-er] baby
 Yingguó [ying-gwor] England; Britain; English; British
 Yingguóde [-dur] English; British
 yìngwò [ying-wor] hard sleeper, second class sleeper
 Yingyǔ [ying-yew] English (language)
 yìngzuò [ying-dzvor] hard seat, third class seat
 yínháng [yin-hahng] bank
 yínshuǐ lóngtóu [yin-shway loong-toh] fountain (for drinking)
 yīnwèi [yin-way] because
 yǐnyòngshuǐ [yin-yoong-shway] drinking water
 yīnyuè [yin-yew-eh] music
 yīnyuèhùi [-way] concert
 yìqǐ [yee-chee] together
 yǐqíán:-... yǐqíán [yee-chyen] before-...
 yìqiān one thousand
 yírìyóu [yee-rur-yoh] day trip
 yīsheng [yee-shung] doctor

yǐshù [yee-shoo] art
 yíwàn [yee-wahn] ten thousand
 yǐxià: zài-... yǐxià [dzai-... yee-hsyah] below, less than
 yǐxiē [yee-hsyeh] a few
 yí yì [yur yee] a hundred million
 yīyuàn [yee-yew-ahn] hospital
 yīyuè [yee-yew-eh] January
 yǐzhí cháoqíán [yee-jur chow-chyen] straight ahead
 yǐzī [yee-dzur] chair
 yòng [yoong] with; by means of; use; in
 yōngjǐ [-jee] crowded
 yǒu [yoh] have; there is; there are
 yǒu... ma? [mah] is there-...?; are there-...?
 yòu right (not left)
 yòubiānr [yoh-byenr] right
 yǒubìng [yoh-bing] ill, sick
 yǒudúde [yoh-doo-dur] poisonous
 yǒugǔi diànchē [yoh-gway dyen-chur] tram
 yǒuhǎo [yoh-how] friendly
 yóujì [yoh-jee] post, mail (verb)
 yóujìàn [yoh-jyen] post, mail
 yóujú [yoh-jew] post office
 yóulǎn [yoh-lahn] tour, visit
 yǒu límào [yoh lee-mow] polite
 yǒu máobìng [yoh mow-bing] faulty
 yǒumíng famous
 yóuni greasy, oily (food)
 yóupiào [yoh-pyow] stamp
 yǒuqíán [yoh-chyen] rich
 yǒurén [yoh-run] somebody, someone; engaged, occupied

yǒushíhòu [yoh-shur-hoh] sometimes
 Yóutàiren de [yoh-tai-run dur] Jewish
 yóuxì [yoh-hshee] game
 yóuxiào [yoh-hsyow] valid
 yòu yíge [yee-gur] another, one more
 yǒu yìsi [yee-sur] interesting; funny, amusing
 yóuyōng [yoh-yoong] swim
 yóuyòng useful
 yóuyōngchí [-chur] swimming pool
 yóuzhèng biānmǎ [yoh-jung byen-mah] postcode, zip code
 yú [yew] fish
 yù jade
 yǔ rain
 yuǎn [yew-ahn] far; far away
 yuǎnchù: zài yuǎnchù [dzai yew-ahn-choo] in the distance
 yuánlái de [dur] usual
 yuánzhūbì [-joo-bee] ballpoint pen
 yúchǔn [yew-chun] stupid
 yùdìng [yew-ding] reservation; reserve
 yuè [yew-eh] month
 yuèfù father-in-law
 yuèfù yuèmǔ [yew-eh-moo] husband's parents-in-law
 yuèliang [yew-eh-lyang] moon
 Yuènán [yew-eh-nahn] Vietnam
 yúkuài [yew-kwai] lovely
 yúkuàide [yew-kwai-dur] enjoyable
 yùndòng [yewn-doong] sport
 yùndǒu [yewn-doh] iron

yùnqi [yewnn-chee] luck
 yǔsǎn [yew-sahn] umbrella
 yùshì [yew-shur] bathroom
 yüyán [yew-yahn] language
 yǔyán kè [yew-yahn kur] language course
 yǔyī [yew-yee] raincoat
 yùyuē [yew-yew-eh] appointment

Z

záhuòdiàn [dah-hwor-dyen] grocer's
 zài [dzai] in; at; on; be in/at a place; again
 zài nǎr? where is it?
 zài... de shíhou [dur shur-hoh] during-...
 zài... hòumian [hoh-myen] behind-...
 zàijiàn [dzai-tyen] goodbye
 zài nàr over there; up there
 zájì acrobatics
 zài-...-li inside-...
 zài-...-pángbiān [pahng-byen] beside the-..., next to-...
 zài-...-shàng [shahng] above-...
 zài-...-shàngmian [shahng-myen] on-...
 zài-...-xià [hsyah] under-...
 zài-...-xiàmian [hsyah-myen] below-...
 zài-...-yǐxià [yee-hsyah] below-..., less than-...
 zài-...-zhījān [jur-tyen] between-...
 zài-...-zhōng [joong] among-...
 zāng [dzahng] dirty, filthy

zànglì funeral
zǎo [dzow] good morning; early
yì zǎo early in the morning
zǎofàn [dzow-fahn] breakfast
zǎopén [dzow-pun] bathtub
zǎoshang [dzow-shahng] morning; in the morning; a.m. (up to 9 a.m.)
jíntian zǎoshang [jin-tyen] this morning
zàoyīn [dzow-yin] noise
zázhì [dzaah-jur] magazine
zéi [dzay] thief
zěnme? [dzun-mur] how?
zěnme huí shir? [hway shur] what's happening?; what's up?, what's wrong?
zěnme le? [ur] what's happening?
zěnmele? what's wrong?, what's the matter?
zhǎi [jaah] narrow
zhāng [jahng] measure word* used for tables, beds, tickets and sheets of paper
zhàngdānr [–dahrn] bill, (US) check
zhàngfu husband
zhāngláng [–lahng] cockroach
zhàntái [jahn-tai] platform, (US) track
zhànxìan [jahn-hsyen] engaged
zhànzhù [jahn-joo] stop
zhǎodào [jow-dow] find
zhàopiàn [jow-pyen] photo
zhāotiē [jow-tyeh] poster
zhàoxiàngjī [jow-hsyang-jee] camera

zhá tǔdòupiànr [jah too-doh-pyen] crisps, (US) potato chips
zhè [jur] this; the
-zhe verb suffix indicating continuous action or two actions taking place at the same time
zhèi [jay] this; this one
zhèi? whose?
zhèicì [jay-tsur] this time
zhèige [jay-gur] this; this one
zhēn [jun] really
zhēnde [jun-dur] true; genuine, real; sure
zhèngcháng(de) [jung-chahng(-dur)] normal
zhèngfū [jung-foo] government
zhèngshì [jung-shur] formal
zhēngui(de) [jung-way(-dur)] valuable
zhéngzhěng whole, full
zhēnjiǔ [jun-jyoh] acupuncture
zhēn láijīn exciting
zhénsuǒ [jun-swor] clinic
zhèntou [jun-toh] pillow
zhènyǔ [jun-yew] shower
zhēnzhèng [jun-jung] genuine
zhèr [jer] here
zài zhèr [dzai] over here
zhī [jur] measure word* used for hands, birds, suitcases and boats
zhīdao [jur-dow] know
wǒ bù zhīdao [wor] I don't know
zhífēi [jur-fay] direct flight
zhījān: zài-... zhījān [dzai-... jur-jyen] between-...
zhījē [jur-jyeh] direct

- zhījīn [jur-jin] tissue, Kleenex®
 zhíliàng [jur-lyang] quality
 zhínǚ [jin-yew] niece
 zhǐshí [jur-shur] only
 zhǐténgyào [jur-tung-yow] painkiller
 zhíwù [jur-woo] plant
 zhǐxuē gāobù [jur-hsyew-eh gow-boo] plaster, Bandaid®
 zhǐyóu [jur-yoh] only
 zhízào [jur-dzow] make (verb)
 zhízī [jur-dzur] nephew
 zhì [jur] cure (verb)
 zhǐ just, only; paper
 zhōng [joong] clock
 -zhōng in the middle; between
 zài-...-zhōng [dzaɪ] among-...
 zhòng heavy
 zhǒng type; swollen
 zhōngdiānzhàn [-dyen-jahn] rail terminus
 Zhōngguó [joong-gwor] China; Chinese (adj)
 Zhōngguó rén [run] Chinese (person)
 Zhōngguó rénmín [run-min] the Chinese
 Zhōnghuá Rénmín Gōnghéguó [-hwah run-min goong-hur-gwor] People's Republic of China
 zhōngjiān: zài zhōngjiān [dzai joong-yen] in the middle
 zhòngliàng [-lyang] weight
 Zhōngshí [-shur] Chinese-style
 Zhōngwén [-wun] Chinese (written language)
 zhōngwǔ noon; at noon
 zhōngxīn [-hsin] central; centre
 zhòngyào [-yow] important
 zhōngzhuǎn [-jwahn] connection
 zhōumò [joh-mor] weekend
 zhù [joo] live (verb)
 nín zhù nǎr? what's your address?
 zhuǎnxìn dìzhǐ [-hsin dee-jur] forwarding address
 zhújìan de [joo-jyen dur] gradually
 zhǔnbèi hǎo le [jun-bay how lur] ready
 zhù nǐ shùnlì! [joo nee shun-lee] good luck!
 zhuōzi [jwor-dzur] table
 zhūyào de [joo-yow dur] main
 zhúyì [joo-yee] idea
 zhúzǐ [joo-dzur] bamboo
 zǐ [dzur] purple
 zìdòng [dzur-doong] automatic
 zìdòng qúkuānjī [chew-kwahn-jee] cash dispenser, ATM
 zìjǐ [dzur-jee] oneself
 zirán [dzur-rahn] natural
 zíxíngchē [dzur-hsing-chur] bicycle
 zìyóu [dzur-yoh] free
 zizhù [dzur-joo] self-service
 zǒng [dzoong] always
 zǒng fúwùtái reception desk
 zǒnggòng [-goong] total
 zōngjī operator
 zōngjiào [-jyow] religion
 zōngsè [-sur] brown
 zōngshí [-shur] always
 zǒu [dzoh] leave, depart, go
 zǒuláng [dzoh-lahng] corridor
 zǒuzou go for a walk
 zū [dzoo] hire, rent

zuǐ [dzway]	mouth
zuì drunk	
zuì... ...-est, the most-...	
zuība [-bah]	mouth
zui hǎo [how]	best
zuīhòu [-hoh]	eventually; last
zui huài [hwai]	worst
zuijìn recently; last, latest	
zuò [dzwor]	by; do
zuò feījī [fay-jee]	by air
zuò huōchē [hwor-chur]	by rail
zuǒ left	
zuōbiānr [-byenr]	left
zuò fānyì [fahn-yee]	interpret
zuótian [-tyen]	yesterday
zuótian wǎnshang [wahn-shahng]	last night
zuótian zǎoshang [dzow-shahng]	yesterday morning
zuòwei [-way]	seat
zuòxià [-hsyah]	sit down
zuōyòu [-yoh]	about
zúqiusài	football

Chinese



English Signs and Notices

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General Signs

危险 wēixiǎn danger
 请勿乱踏草地 qǐng wù luàntā cǎodì keep off the grass
 军事要地请勿靠近 jūnshì yàodì, qǐng wù kàojin military zone, keep out
 禁止入内 jìnzhī rù nèi no entry
 外国人未经许可禁止超越 wàiguórén wèi jīng xúkě,
 jìnzhī chāoyuè no foreigners beyond this point without permission
 请勿随地乱扔果皮纸屑 qǐng wù suídī luànréng guǒpí zhǐxiè no litter
 请勿大声喧哗 qǐng wù dàshēng xuānhuá no noise, please
 禁止拍照 jìnzhī pāizhào no photographs
 请勿吸烟 qǐng wù xī yān no smoking
 请勿随地吐痰 qǐng wù suídī tǔtán no spitting
 人行横道 rénxíng héngdào pedestrian crossing
 肃静 sùjìng quiet
 一慢二看三通过 yī mǎn, èr kàn, sān tōngguò slow down, look and then cross
 闲人免进 xiánrén miǎn jìn staff only

楼下 lóuxià downstairs
 楼上 lóushàng upstairs

Airport, Planes

机场 jīchǎng airport
 机场班车 jīchǎng bānchē airport bus
 来自 láizì arriving from
 前往 qiánwǎng departing to
 起飞时间 qǐfēi shíjiān departure time
 终点站 zhōngdiǎnzhàn destination
 预计到达时间 yùjí dàodá shíjiān estimated time of arrival
 航班号 hángbānhào flight number
 预计时间 yùjí shíjiān scheduled time
 延误 yánwù delayed
 经停站 jīngtíngzhàn via
 国内航班进站 guónèi hángbān jìnzhàn domestic arrivals
 国内航班出站 guónèi hángbān chūzhàn domestic departures
 国际航班进站 guójì hángbān jìnzhàn international arrivals
 国际航班出站 guójì hángbān chūzhàn international departures

登记牌 dēngjípái boarding pass
 日期 rìqī date
 行李牌儿 xínglìpáir baggage check
 行李领取处 xíngli língqǔchù baggage claim
 办理登机手续 bànlǐ dēngjī shǒuxù check-in
 问讯处 wènxùnchù information desk
 登机口 dēngjīkǒu gate
 安全检查 ānquán jiānchá security control
 中转旅客 zhōngzhuǎn lǚkè transfer passengers
 中转 zhōngzhuǎn transfers
 过境旅客 guòjìng lǚkè transit passengers
 侯机室 hòujīshì departure lounge
 免税商店 miǎnshuì shāngdiàn duty-free shop
 系好安全带 jǐhǎo ānquándài fasten seat belts
 救生衣 jiùshēngyī life jacket
 请勿吸烟 qǐng wù xīyān no smoking
 座位号 zuòwèihào seat number

Banks, Money

帐户 zhànghù account
 帐号 zhànghào account no.

银行 yínháng bank
 中国银行 Zhōngguó Yínháng Bank of China
 分行 fēnháng branch
 营业时间 yíngyè shíjiān business hours
 买价 mǎijià buying rate
 交款处 jiāokuānchù cashier
 信用卡 xìnyòng kǎ credit card
 外币兑换 wàibì duihuàn foreign exchange
 中国人民银行 Zhōngguó Rénmín Yínháng People's Bank of China
 卖价 mǎijià selling rate
 今日牌价 jīnrì páijià today's exchange rate
 旅行支票 lǚxíng zhīpiào traveller's cheque
 元 yuán unit of currency
 澳元 Àoyuán Australian dollar
 加拿大元 Jiānádà yuán Canadian dollar
 人民币 Rénmínbì Chinese currency
 港币 Gǎngbì Hong Kong dollar
 英镑 Yǐngbàng pound sterling
 美元 Měiyuán US dollar

Bus and Taxi Travel

长途汽车站 chángtú qìchē zhàn long-distance bus station

夜班车 yèbān chē all-night bus	sījī tánhuà please do not speak to the driver
公共汽车 gōnggòng qìchē bus	lǎoruò bìngcānyùn zhuānzuò seats for the elderly or disabled and for pregnant women
快车 kuàichē express bus	招手上车 zhāoshǒu
小公共汽车 xiǎo gōnggòng qìchē minibus	shàngchē stop on request
区间车 qūjiānchē part-route shuttle bus	小卖部 xiǎomài bù kiosk
无轨电车 wúguǐ diàncar trolley bus	小吃店 xiǎochīdiàn snack bar
游览车 yóulǎn chē tourist bus	候车室 hòuchē shì waiting room
售票处 shòupiào kōukō booking office	出租汽车 chūzū qìchē taxis
长途汽车时刻表 chángtú qìchē shíkèbiāo long-distance bus timetable/schedule	Chinese Culture
城市交通图 chéngshì jiāotōngtú city transport map	寺 sì Buddhist temple
始发站 shǐfāzhàn departure point	文化大革命 Wénhuà Dàgémìng Cultural Revolution (1966-1976)
票价 piàojià fare	天安门 Tiān'ānmén Gate of Heavenly Peace
问讯处 wènxùnchù information office	长城 Chángchéng the Great Wall
月票 yuèpiào monthly ticket	五四运动 Wǔsì Yùndòng May 4th Movement (1919)
一日游 yí rì yóu one-day tour	明 Míng Ming Dynasty (1368-1644)
就近下车 jiùjìn xiàchē alight on request	十三陵 Shísānlíng Ming Tombs
先下后上 xiān xià hòu shàng allow passengers to alight before boarding	年画 niánhuà New Year prints
保持车内清洁 bǎochí chénèi qīngjié keep the bus tidy	塔 tǎ pagoda
请勿与司机谈话 qǐng wù yǔ	故宫 Gùgōng Forbidden City
	八达岭 Bādálíng pass at Great

Wall	English; UK; British
京剧 Jīngjù Peking opera	France; French
木偶戏 mù'ǒuxì puppet show	Germany; German
清 Qīng Qing Dynasty (1644–1911)	Hong Kong
宋 Sòng Song Dynasty (960–1279)	India; Indonesian
颐和园 Yíhéyuán Summer Palace	Ireland; Irish
唐 Táng Tang Dynasty (618–907)	Japan; Japanese
宫 gōng Taoist temple	Korea; Korean
观 guàn Taoist temple	Laos; Laotian
庙 miào temple	Malaysia; Malaysian
天坛 Tiāntán Temple of Heaven	minority people from North-East China
兵马俑 Bīngmáiyōng Terracotta Army	minority people from North-West China
辛亥革命 Xīnhài Gémìng Xinhai Revolution (1911)	minority people from South-West China

Countries, Nationalities

美国 Měiguó America; American	minority people from South-West China
澳大利亚 Àodàiliyà Australia; Australian	minority people from South-West China
缅甸 Miǎndiàn Burma; Burmese	Mongol
加拿大 Jiānádà Canada; Canadian	Mongolia
中国 Zhōngguó China; Chinese	Muslim minority people
英国 Yingguó England;	Nepal; Nepali

菲律宾	Fēilùbīn	Philippines;
	Filipino	
俄国	Éguó	Russia; Russian
苏格兰	Sūgélán	Scotland;
	Scottish	
新加坡	Xīnjiāpō	Singapore;
	Singaporean	
西藏	Xīzàng	Tibet
藏	Zàng	Tibetan
台湾	Táiwān	Taiwan;
	Taiwanese	
泰国	Tàiguó	Thailand; Thai
威尔士	Wēi'ěrshì	Wales; Welsh

Customs

中国海关	Zhōngguó hǎiguān	
	Chinese Customs	
海关	hǎiguān	Customs
边防检查站	biānfáng	
	jiǎncházhàn	frontier checkpoint
免疫检查	miǎnyì jiǎnchá	
	health inspection	
护照检查	hùzhào jiǎnchá	
	passport control	
报关	bàoguān	goods to declare
不用报关	búyòng bàoguān	
	nothing to declare	
绿色通道	lǜsè tōngdào	green channel, nothing to declare
红色通道	hóngsè tōngdào	
	red channel, goods to declare	

入境签证	rùjìng qianzhèng	
	entry visa	
出境签证	chūjìng qianzhèng	
	exit visa	
护照	hùzhào	passport
过境签证	guòjìng qianzhèng	
	transit visa	
旅行证	lǚxíngzhèng	travel permit
免税物品	miǎnshuì wùpǐn	
	duty-free goods	

Emergencies

救护车	jiùhùchē	ambulance
太平门	tàipíngmén	emergency exit
火警匪警	huǒjǐng, féijǐng	emergency telephone number: fire, robbery
消防队	xiāofángduì	fire brigade, fire department
急诊室	jízhěnshì	first-aid room
派出所	Pàichūsuǒ	local police station
警察	jǐngchá	police
公安局	gōng'ānjú	Public Security Bureau

Entertainment

售票处	shòupiàochù	box office
入场券	rùchǎngquàn	cinema

ticket	
电影院 diànyǐngyuàn	
cinema	
迪斯科 dísīkē disco	
夜场 yèchǎng evening performance	
全满 quánmǎn house full	
休息 xiūxi interval	
京剧 Jīngjù Peking Opera	
节目单 jiémùdān	
programme	
排 ... pái row ...	
号 ... hào seat number ...	
票已售完 piào yǐ shòu wán sold out	
剧场 jùchǎng theatre	
剧院 jùyuàn theatre	
戏院 xìyuàn theatre	
表演时间 biǎoyān shíjiān times of performance	

Forms

从何处来	cóng héchù lái arriving from
出生年月	chūshēng niányuè date of birth
籍贯	jíguàn father's place of birth
到何处去	dào héchù qù heading for
拟住天数	nǐ zhù tiānshù length of stay
姓名	xìngmíng full name
国籍	guójí nationality

性别	xìngbié (nán/nǚ) sex (male/female)
护照号码	hùzhào hào mǎ passport number
永久地址	yǒngjiǔ dìzhǐ permanent address
旅客登记表	lǚkè dēngjìbiǎo registration form
签名	qiānmíng signature

Geographical Terms

自治区	zìzhìqū autonomous region
运河	yùnhé canal
市	shì city
国家	guójiā country
县	xiàn county
森林	sēnlín forest
岛	dǎo island
湖	hú lake
江	jiāng large river
地图	dìtú map
山	shān mountain, hill
山脉	shānmài mountains
海洋	hǎiyáng ocean
省	shěng province
河	hé river
海	hǎi sea
镇	zhèn town
山谷	shāngǔ valley
村	cūn village
树林	shùlín woods

Health

中医科 zhōngyīkē Chinese medicine department
 中药房 zhōngyàofáng Chinese medicine dispensary
 牙科 yákē dental department
 急诊室 jízhěnshì emergency
 外宾门诊部 wàibīn
 ménzhěnbù foreign outpatients
 医院 yīyuàn hospital
 住院处 zhùyuàncù hospital admissions office
 内科 nèikē medical department
 门诊部 ménzhěnbù outpatients
 挂号 guàhào registration
 西药房 xīyàofáng Western medicine dispensary

Hiring, Renting

出租自行车 chūzū zìxíngchē
 bikes to rent
 租船 zū chuán boats to rent
 出租 chūzū for hire, to rent

Hotels

中国国际旅行社 Zhōngguó Guójí Lǚxíngshè China International Travel Service
 中国旅行社 Zhōngguó

Lǚxíngshè China Travel Service

宾馆 bīnguǎn hotel
 饭店 fāndiàn hotel
 小卖部 xiǎomài'bù kiosk
 总服务台 zǒng fúwùtái reception
 游艺室 yóuyìshì recreation room
 电传室 diànchuánshì telex office

Lifts (Elevators)

关 guān close
 下 xià down
 电梯 diàntī lifts, elevators
 开 kāi open
 上 shàng up

Medicines

抗菌素 kàngjūnsù antibiotics
 阿斯匹林 āsīpílín aspirin
 咳鼻清 kébìqīng cough lozenges
 棕色合剂 zōngsè héjì cough mixture
 止咳糖浆 zhǐké tángjiāng cough syrup
 止疼片儿 zhǐténgpiànr painkillers
 青霉素 qīngméisù penicillin

含碘片	hándiǎnpiàn	throat pastilles
剂量	jǐliàng	dosage
失效期	shíxiàoqī	expiry date
初诊	chūzhěn	first treatment
外用	wài yòng	for external use
一日三次	yírì sān cì	three times a day
胃炎	wèiyán	gastritis
饭前／后温开水送服	fàn qián/hòu wēnkāishuǐ	sòngfú to be taken with warm water before/after food
每四／六小时服一次	měi sì/liù xiǎoshí	fú yíci one dose every four/six hours
一日四次	yírì sìcì	four times a day
内服	nèifú	to be taken orally
每次一个	měi cì	yì gé one measure at a time
每次一丸	měicì	yì wán one pill at a time
每次一片儿	měicì	yí piànr one tablet at a time
必要时服	bìyào shí fú	when necessary

Notices on Doors

太平门	tàipíngmén	
	emergency exit	
入口	rùkǒu	entrance
出口	chūkǒu	exit

顾客止步	gùkè zhǐ bù	no entry for customers
未经许可禁止入内	wèi jīng	
xúkě, jìnzhǐ rù nèi	no entry without permission	
拉	lā	pull
推	tuī	push
闲人免进	xiánrén miǎn jìn	staff only

Phones

长途区号	chángtú qūhào	
area code		
用卡电话亭	yòng kǎ diànhuà	
tíng	cardphone	
查号台	cháhàotái	directory enquiries
分机	fēnjī	extension
国际长途	guójì	chángtú international call
长途电话	chángtú	diànhuà long-distance call
电话卡	diànhuàkǎ	
phonecard		
公用电话	gōngyòng	diànhuà public telephone
总机	zǒngjī	switchboard
电话簿	diànhuàbù	telephone directory
一次一角(毛)	yícì yijiǎo	
(máo)	ten fen per call	
磁卡电话	cíkǎ	diànhuà cardphone

Place Names

北京 Běijīng Beijing
 成都 Chéngdū Chengdu
 敦煌 Dūnhuáng Dunhuang
 峨嵋山 Éméishān Emei Mountains
 广州 Guǎngzhōu Canton
 长城 Chángchéng the Great Wall
 桂林 Guìlín Guilin
 杭州 Hángzhōu Hangzhou
 昆明 Kūnmíng Kunming
 拉萨 Lāsā Lhasa
 洛阳 Luòyáng Luoyang
 南京 Nánjīng Nanjing
 深圳 Shēnzhèn Shenzhen
 天津 Tiānjīn Tientsin
 西湖 Xīhú West Lake
 西安 Xī'ān Xi'an
 长江三峡 Chángjiāng Sānxiá Yangtze Gorges

Post Office

邮局 yóujú post office
 开箱时间 kāixiāng shíjīān collection times
 信封 xìnfēng envelope
 邮筒 yóutǒng letterbox, mailbox
 信函 xìnhán letters
 杂志报刊 zázhì bǎokān magazines and newspapers
 包裹单 bāoguǒdān parcel

form
 包裹, 印刷品 bāoguǒ, yìnshùpǐn parcels, printed matter
 邮电局 yóudiànjú post and telecommunications office
 信箱电报 xìnxìāng postbox
 邮政编码 yóuzhèng biānmǎ postcode, zip code
 邮票, 挂号 yóupiào, guàhào stamps, registered mail
 电报纸 diànbàozì telegram form
 电报 diànbào telegram
 电报大楼 diànbào dàlóu telegraph building

Public Buildings

浴池 yùchí baths
 学院 xuéyuàn college
 领事馆 lǐngshìguǎn consulate
 大使馆 dàshǐguǎn embassy
 工厂 gōngchǎng factory
 游泳馆 yóuyǒngguǎn indoor swimming pool
 图书馆 túshūguǎn library
 博物馆 bówùguǎn museum
 中学 zhōngxué secondary school
 体育馆 tǐyùguǎn sports hall, indoor stadium
 体育场 tǐyùchǎng stadium
 大学 dàxué university

Restaurants, Cafés, Bars

- 酒吧 jiǔbā bar
- 咖啡店 kāfēidiàn café, coffee house
- 茶楼 chálou café, teahouse
- 茶馆 cháguǎn café, teahouse
- 茶室 cháshì café, teahouse
- 收款台 shōukuǎntái cashier
- 冷饮店 lěngyǐndiàn cold drinks bar
- 中餐厅 Zhōng cāntīng Chinese dining room
- 清真饭店 qīngzhēn fàndiàn Muslim restaurant
- 面馆 miànguǎn noodle shop
- 菜馆 càiguǎn large restaurant
- 饭店 fàndiàn large restaurant
- 酒家 jiǔjiā large restaurant
- 酒楼 jiǔlóu large restaurant
- 餐厅 cāntīng restaurant; dining room
- 快餐 kuàicān snack bar
- 小吃店 xiǎochīdiàn snack bar
- 今日供应 jīnrì gòngyìng today's menu
- 素菜馆 sùcàiguǎn vegetarian restaurant
- 西餐厅 xī cāntīng Western dining room
- 西菜馆 xīcàiguǎn Western restaurant

Shopping

- 文物商店 wénwù shāngdiàn antique shop
- 工艺美术商店 gōngyì měishù shāngdiàn arts and crafts shop
- 自行车 zìxíngchē bicycles
- 收款台 shōukuǎntái cashier
- 烟酒糖茶 yān jiǔ táng chá cigarettes, wine, confectionery, tea
- 服装店 fúzhuāngdiàn clothes shop
- 男女服装 nánnǚ fúzhuāng clothing
- 化妆用品 huàzhuāng yòngpǐn cosmetics
- 百货商店 bǎihuò shāngdiàn department store
- 家用电器 jiāyòng diànqì domestic appliances
- 食品商店 shípǐn shāngdiàn food shop
- 食品糕点 shípǐn gāodiǎn food and confectionery
- 自由市场 zìyoú shìchǎng free market
- 友谊商店 yǒuyí shāngdiàn Friendship store
- 菜市场 cài shìchǎng greengrocer
- 副食品商店 fùshípǐn shāngdiàn grocery store
- 五金交电 wǔjīn jiāodiàn

hardware and electrical goods
 袜子鞋帽 wàzi xiémào
 hosiery, shoes, hats
 日用杂品 rìyòng zápǐn
 household goods
 橱房用品 chúfáng yòngpǐn
 kitchenware
 妇女用品 fùnǚ yòngpǐn
 ladies' accessories
 女装 nǚzhuāng ladies' wear
 洗衣店 xǐyīdiàn laundry
 皮革制品 pígé zhìpǐn leather goods
 市场 shìchǎng market
 男装 nán zhuāng menswear
 乐器行 yuèqì háng musical instruments section
 新华书店 xīnhuá shūdiàn
 New China bookshop
 夜市 yèshì night market
 眼镜店 yǎnjìngdiàn optician
 复印 fùyìn photocopying
 照相器材 zhàoxiàng qìcái
 photographic equipment
 钱票当面点清过后该不负责
 qián piào dāngmiàn
 diǎnqīng, guòhòu gài bù fùzé
 please check your change before leaving as mistakes cannot be rectified
 雨伞雨具 yǔsǎn yǔjù
 rainwear
 大减价 dàjiǎnjià sale
 古旧书店 gǔjiù shūdiàn
 secondhand bookshop

购物中心 gòuwù zhōngxīn
 shopping centre
 体育用品 tǐyù yòngpǐn sports goods
 文具商店 wénjù shāngdiàn
 stationery
 文具用品 wénjù yòngpǐn
 stationery
 牙膏牙刷 yágāo yáshuā
 toothpaste and toothbrushes
 儿童玩具 értóng wánjù toys
 针织用品 zhēnzhī yòngpǐn
 underwear

Streets and Roads

大街 dàjiē avenue
 胡同 hútòng lane
 巷 xiàng lane
 路 lù road
 广场 guǎngchǎng square
 街 jiē street

Toilets

有人 yǒurén engaged, occupied
 男厕所 nán cèsuǒ gents' toilet, men's room
 男厕 nán cè gents' toilet, men's room
 女厕所 nǚ cèsuǒ ladies' toilet, ladies' room
 女厕 nǚ cè ladies' toilet, ladies'

room
公厕 gōngcè public toilets,
rest rooms
盥洗室 guànxiǎshì toilet,
rest room
无人 wúrén vacant, free

Train and Underground Travel

火车站 huǒchēzhàn station
火车 huǒchē train
列车到站时刻表 lièchē
dàozhàn shíkèbiāo arrival
times
列车离站时刻表 lièchē
lízhàn shíkèbiāo departure
times
开往 ... 方向 ... kāiwǎng ...
fāngxiàng to ...
车次 chēcì train number
检票处 jiǎnpiàoochù barrier
站台 zhàntái platform,
(US) track
站台票 zhàntáipiào platform
ticket
问讯处 wènxùnchù
information desk
火车时刻表 huǒchē
shíkèbiāo timetable,
(US) schedule
天 tiān day
特快 tèkuài express
直快 zhíkuài through train

快车 kuàichē fast train
客车 kèchē ordinary
passenger train
站名 zhànmíng station name
开往 ... kāiwǎng ... to ...
旅游车 lǚyóuchē tourist train
车次 chēcì train number
星期 xīngqī week
行李寄存处 xíngli jicúnchù
left luggage, baggage
checkroom
乘警 chéngjǐng railway police
售票处 shòupiàoochù ticket
office
候车室 hòuchēshì waiting
room
餐车 cānchē dining car
硬席 yìngxí hard seat
硬席车 yìngxíchē hard seat
carriage
硬卧 yìngwò hard sleeper
硬卧车 yìngwòchē hard
sleeper carriage
软席 ruǎnxí soft seat
软席车 ruǎnxíchē soft seat
carriage
软卧 ruǎnwò soft sleeper
软卧车 ruǎnwòchē soft
sleeper carriage
紧急制动闸 jǐnjí zhìdòngzhá
emergency brake
乘务员 chéngwùyuán train
attendant
地铁 dìtiě underground, (US)
subway

Menu Reader: Food

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Essential Terms

- 碟子 bowl diézi [dyeh-dzur]
筷子 chopsticks kuàizi [kwai-dzur]
杯子 cup bēizi [bay-dzur]
甜品 dessert tiánpǐn [tyen-pin]
叉 fork (for eating) chā [chah]
炒面 fried noodles chǎomiàn [chow-myen]
炒饭 fried rice chǎofàn [chow-fahn]
玻璃杯 glass bōli bēi [bor-lee bay]
刀子 knife dāozi [dow-dzur]
菜单儿 menu cǎidānr [tsai-dahnr]
面条 noodles miàntiáo [myen-tyow]
盘子 plate pánzi [pahn-dzur]
米饭 rice mǐfan [mee-fahn]
汤 soup tāng [tahng]
酱油 soy sauce jiàngyóu [jyahn-gyoh]
勺子 spoon sháozi [show-dzur]
桌子 table zhuōzi [jwor-dzur]

劳驾 excuse me láojìa [low-jyah]

请帮我结帐好吗？ could I have the bill, please? qǐng bāng wǒ
jiézhàng, hǎo ma? [ching bahng wor jyeh-jahng how mah]

Basic Foods

- 黄油 huángyóu [hwahng-yoh] butter
 奶酪 nǎilào [nai-low] cheese
 辣椒油 làjiāo yóu [lah-jyow yoh] chilli oil
 辣椒酱 làjiāo jiàng [lyang] chilli paste
 椰子油 yēzi yóu [yur-dzur yoh] coconut milk
 奶油 nǎiyóu [nai-yoh] cream
 豆腐干儿 dòufu gānr [doh-foo gahrn] dried bean curd
 大蒜 dàsuàn [dah-swahn] garlic
 黄米 huángmǐ [hwahng-mee] glutinous millet
 豆瓣儿辣酱 儿 làdubàngr [doh-bahnr lah-tyengr] hot soya bean paste
 玉米 yùmǐ [yoo-mee] maize
 小米 xiáomǐ [hsyah-mee] millet
 蚝油 háoyóu [how-yoh] oyster sauce
 花生油 huāshēng yóu [hwah-shung yoh] peanut oil
 咸菜 xiáncài [hsyen-tsai] pickles
 松花蛋 sōnghuādàn [soong-hwah-dahn] preserved eggs
 菜籽油 càizǐ yóu [tsai-dzur yoh] rape oil
 大米 dàmǐ [dah-mee] rice

- 盐 yán [yahn] salt
 芝麻油 zhīma yóu [jur-mah yoh] sesame oil
 高粱 gāoliáng [gow-lyang] sorghum (similar to corn)
 豆油 dòuyóu [doh-yoh] soya bean oil
 酱油 jiàngyóu [lyang-yoh] soy sauce
 糖 táng [tahng] sugar
 番茄酱 fānqié jiàng [fahn-chyeh lyang] tomato paste
 素鸡 sùjī [soo-jee] ‘vegetarian chicken’ (made from soya beans)
 小麦 xiǎomài [hsyow-mai] wheat
 面粉 miànfěn [myen-fun] wheat flour

Basic Preparation and Cooking Methods

- 什锦 ... shíjǐn ... [shur-jin] assorted ...
 ... 丸 ... wán [wahn] ... balls
 ... 圆 ... yuán [yew-ahn] ... balls
 叉烧 ... chāshāo ... [chah-show] barbecued ...
 煮 ... zhǔ ... [joo] boiled ...
 烧 ... shāo ... [show] braised ...
 ... 塊儿 ... kuàir [kwair] ...

chunks, pieces
 香酥 . . . xiāngsū ... [hsyang-soo] crispy deep-fried ...
 咖喱 . . . gāli ... [gah-lee] curried ...
 炸 . . . zhá ... [jah] deep-fried ...
 ... 丁 . . . dīng diced ...
 家常 . . . jiācháng ... [jyah-chahng] home-style ... (plain)
 火锅 . . . huǒguō ... [hwor-gwor] ... in hot pot, i.e.
 served with a pot of boiling water in which the meat or fish is cooked, also creating a soup
 烤 . . . kǎo ... [kow] roasted, baked
 ... 片儿 . . . piànér [pyenr] ... slices
 蒸 . . . zhēng ... [jung] steamed ...
 清蒸 . . . qīngzhēng ... [ching-jung] steamed ...
 焗 . . . huì ... [hway] stewed ...
 炒 . . . chǎo ... [chow] stir-fried ...
 糖醋 . . . tángcù ... [tahng-tsoo] sweet and sour ...
 三鲜 . . . sānxiān ... [sahn-hsyen] 'three-fresh' ... (with three ingredients which vary)

Bean Curd Dishes

麻婆豆腐 mápó dòufu [mah-por doh-foo] bean curd with minced beef in spicy sauce
 三鲜豆腐 sānxiān dòufu [sahn-hsyen] 'three-fresh' bean curd (made with three ingredients)
 沙锅豆腐 shāguō dòufu [shah-gwor] bean curd served with a pot of boiling water in which the bean curd is cooked, also creating a soup
 麻辣豆腐 málà dòufu [mah-lah] bean curd with chilli and wild pepper
 虾仁豆腐 xiārén dòufu [hsyah-run] bean curd with shrimps
 家常豆腐 jiācháng dòufu [jyah-chahng] home-style bean curd

Beef Dishes

红烧牛肉 hóngshāo niúròu [hoong-show nyoh-roh] beef braised in brown sauce
 麻酱牛肉 májiàng niúròu [mah-jyang] beef quick-fried in sesame paste
 酱爆牛肉 jiàngbào niúròu [jyang-bow] beef quick-fried with black bean sauce

葱爆牛肉 cōngbào niúròu [tsoong-bow] beef quick-fried with spring onions	Chinese ravioli
咖喱牛肉 gālì niúròu [gah-lee] curried beef	饺子 jiǎozi [jyow-dzur] dumplings
时菜牛肉片儿 shícài niúròupiàn [shur-tsai nyoh-roh-pyen] shredded beef with seasonal vegetables	锅贴 guōtiē [gwor-tyeh] fried Chinese ravioli
鱼香 牛肉 yúxiāng niúròu [yoo-hsyang nyoh-roh] stir-fried beef in hot spicy sauce	馄饨 húntun small Chinese ravioli in soup
笋炒牛肉 sǔnchǎo niúròu [sun-chow] stir-fried beef with bamboo shoots	馒头 mántou [mahn-toh] steamed bread containing various fillings
麻辣牛肉 málà niúròu [mah-lah] stir-fried beef with chilli and wild pepper	蒸饺 zhēngjiǎo [jung-jyow] steamed Chinese ravioli
蚝 油 牛 肉 háoyóu niúròu [how-yoh] stir-fried beef with oyster sauce	烧卖 shāomài [show-mai] steamed dumplings open at the top
宫保牛肉 gōngbǎo niúròu [goong-bow] stir-fried beef with peanuts and chilli	包子 bāozi [bow-dzur] steamed dumplings with various fillings, usually minced pork
茄汁牛肉 qiézhī niúròu [chyeh-jur] stir-fried sliced beef with tomato sauce	花卷儿 huājuǎnr [hwah-jwahnr] steamed rolls
	三鲜水饺 sānxiān shuǐjiǎo [sahn-hsyan shoo-jyow] 'three-fresh' Chinese ravioli (pork, shrimps and chives)
	面包 miànbāo [myen-bow] white bread

Bread, Dumplings etc

葱油饼 cōngyóubǐng [tsoong-yoh-bing] spring onion pancake
水饺 shuǐjiǎo [shway-jyow]

Cold Platters

什锦冷盘儿 shíjīn lěngpánr [shur-jin lung-pahnr] assorted cold platter
海杂拌儿 hǎi zábàn [hai zah-bahnr] seafood cold platter
七彩冷拼盘儿 qīcǎi lěng

pīnpánr [chee-tsai lung pin-pahnr]
 ‘seven colours’ cold platter

Desserts

西瓜盅 xīgua zhōng [hshee-gwah joong] assorted fruit and water melon

什锦水果 shíjǐn shuǐguo gēng [shur-jin shway-gwor gung] fruit salad

莲子羹 liánzi gēng [lyen-dzur] lotus-seed in syrup

酸奶 suānnǎi [swahn-nai] yoghurt

Fish and Seafood

鲈鱼 lúyú [loo-yoo] bass

螃蟹 pángxiè [pahng-hsyeh] crab

鱼 yú [yoo] fish

鲳鱼 chāngyú pomfret

虾 xiā [hsyah] prawns

加级鱼 jiājí [lyah-jee] red snapper

鱿鱼 yóuyú [yoh-yoo] squid

红烧鲤鱼 hóngshāo lǐyú

[hoong-show lee-yoo] carp

braised in brown sauce

干烧桂鱼 gānshāo guìyú

[gahn-show gway-yoo] Chinese perch braised with chilli and black bean sauce

咖喱鱿鱼 gāli yóuyú [gah-lee

yoh-yoo] curried squid

茄汁石斑块儿 qiézhī

shíbānkuàir [chyeh-jur shur-bahn-kwair] deep-fried grouper with tomato sauce

火锅鱼虾 huǒguō yúxiā

[hwor-gwor yoo-hsyah] fish and prawns served with a pot of boiling water in which they are cooked, creating a soup

家常鱼块儿 jiācháng

yúkuàir [lyah-chahng yoo-kwair] home-style fish

干烧黄鳝 gānshāo

huángshàn [gahn-show hwahng-shahn] paddyfield eel braised with chilli and black bean sauce

时菜虾球 shícài xiāqiú [shoo-tsai hsyah-chew] prawn balls with seasonal vegetables

虾仁干贝 xiārén gānbèi

[hsyah-run gahn-bay] scallops with shrimps

葱爆海参 cōngbào hǎishēn

[tsoong-bow hai-shun] sea cucumber quick-fried with spring onions

蚝鱿鲍鱼 háoyóu bāoyú

[how-yoh bow-yoo] stir-fried abalone with oyster sauce

滑溜鱼片儿 huáliū yúpiànr

[hwah-lyoh yoo-pyenr] stir-fried fish slices with thick sauce

鱼香龙虾 yúxiāng lóngxiā

【yoo-hsyang loong-hsyah】 stir-fried lobster in hot spicy sauce
 冬笋炒海参 dōngsǔn cháo hǎishēn 【doong-sun chow hai-shun】 stir-fried sea cucumber with bamboo shoots
 糖醋鱼块儿 tángcù yúkuàir 【tahng-tsoo yoo-kwair】 sweet and sour fish

Fruit

苹果 píngguǒ 【ping-gwör】 apple
 杏 xìng 【hsing】 apricot
 香蕉 xiāngjiāo 【hsyang-jyow】 banana
 椰子 yēzi 【yur-dzur】 coconut
 海棠果 hǎitángguǒ 【hai-tahng-gwör】 crab apple
 枣 zǎo 【dzow】 date
 葡萄 pútao 【poo-tow】 grape
 广柑 guǎnggān 【gwahng-gahn】 Guangdong orange
 哈密瓜 hāmiguā 【hah-mee-gwah】 honeydew melon
 龙眼 lóngyān 【loong-yahn】 longan (similar to lychee)
 荔枝 lìzhī 【lee-jur】 lychee
 柑子 gānzi 【gahn-dzur】 orange
 桔子 júzi 【joo-dzur】 orange
 桃子 táozi 【tow-dzur】 peach
 梨 lí 【lee】 pear
 柿子 shìzi 【shur-dzur】

persimmon, sharon fruit
 菠萝 bōluó 【bor-lwor】 pineapple
 李子 lǐzi 【lee-dzur】 plum
 石榴 shíliu 【shur-lyoh】 pomegranate
 沙田柚 shātiányòu 【shah-tyen-yoh】 pomelo
 橘子 júzi 【joo-dzur】 tangerine
 蜜桔 mìjú 【mee-joo】 tangerine
 西瓜 xīguā 【hshee-gwah】 water melon

Lamb and Mutton Dishes

咖喱羊肉 gāli yángròu 【gah-lee yahn-roh】 curried mutton
 烤羊肉串儿 kǎo yángròuchuànr 【kow yahng-roh-chwahnr】 lamb kebabs
 涮羊肉 shuàn yángròu 【shwahn yang-roh】 Mongolian lamb served with a pot of boiling water in which the meat is cooked, also creating a soup
 红烧羊肉 hóngshāo yángròu 【hoong-show】 mutton braised in brown sauce
 火锅羊肉 huǒguō yángròu 【hwor-gwör】 mutton served with a pot of boiling water in which the meat is cooked, also creating a soup

酱爆羊肉 jiàngbào yángròu
 【jyang-bow】 mutton quick-fried with black bean sauce
 葱爆羊肉 cōngbào yángròu
 【tsoong-bow】 mutton quick-fried with spring onions
 时菜羊肉片儿 shícài yángròupiànr [shur-tsai yang-roh-pyenr] shredded mutton with seasonal vegetables
 麻辣羊肉 málà yángròu
 【mah-lah】 stir-fried mutton with chilli and wild pepper
 蚝油羊肉 háoyóu yángròu
 【how-yoh】 stir-fried mutton with oyster sauce

Meats

牛肉 niúròu [nyoh-roh] beef
 鸡 jī [jee] chicken
 鸭 yā [yah] duck
 羊肉 yángròu [yahng-roh] lamb; mutton
 肉 ròu [roh] meat (usually pork)
 猪肉 zhūròu [joo-roh] pork

Noodles

炒面 chǎomiàn [chow-myen] fried noodles
 鸡丝炒面 jīsī chǎomiàn
 【jee-sur】 fried noodles with shredded chicken
 肉丝炒面 ròusī chǎomiàn

【roh-sur】 fried noodles with shredded pork
 虾仁炒面 xiārén chǎomiàn
 【hsyah-run chow-myen】 fried noodles with shrimps
 炒米粉 cháomǐfěn [chow-mee-fun] fried rice noodles
 面条 miàntiáo [myen-tyow] noodles

Pork Dishes

叉烧肉 chāshāo ròu [chah-show roh] barbecued pork
 咖喱肉丸 gāli ròuwán [gah-lee roh-wahn] curried meatballs
 狮子头 shīzi tóu [shur-dzur toh] a large meatball stewed with cabbage
 火锅 猪排 huǒguō zhūpái
 【hwor-gwor joo-pai】 pork chop served with a pot of boiling water in which the meat is cooked, also creating a soup
 酱爆三样 jiàngbào sānyàng
 【jyang-bow sahn-yang】 pork, pig's liver and kidney quick-fried with black bean sauce
 烤乳猪 kǎo rǔzhū [kow roo-joo] roast sucking pig

米粉蒸肉 mífěn zhēngròu
 【mee-fun jung-roh】 steamed pork with rice
 宫保肉丁 gōngbǎo ròudīng
 【goong-bow roh-ding】 stir-fried

diced pork with peanuts and chilli

鱼香肉丝 yúxiāng ròusī
[yoo-hsyang roh-sur] stir-fried shredded pork in hot sauce

冬笋肉丝 dōngsǔn ròusī
[doong-sun] stir-fried shredded pork with bamboo shoots

榨菜炒肉丝 zhàcài chǎo ròusī [jah-tsai chow] stir-fried shredded pork with pickled mustard greens

笋炒肉片儿 sǔnchǎo ròupiànr [sun-chow roh-pyenr] stir-fried sliced pork with bamboo shoots

芙蓉肉片儿 fúróng ròupiànr
[foo-roong] stir-fried sliced pork with egg white

青椒炒肉片儿 qīngjiāo chǎo ròupiànr [ching-jyow chow] stir-fried sliced pork with green pepper

时菜炒 肉片儿 shícài chǎo ròupiànr [shur-tsaï] stir-fried sliced pork with seasonal vegetables

滑溜肉片儿 huáliū ròupiànr
[hwah-lyoh] stir-fried sliced pork with thick sauce

回锅肉 huíguō ròu [hway-gwör roh] boiled then stir-fried pork

Poultry and Poultry Dishes

时 菜扒鸭 shícài páyā [shur-tsai pah-yah] braised duck with seasonal vegetables

佛跳墙 fó tiào qiáng [for tyow chyang] chicken with duck, pig's trotters and seafood stewed in rice wine (literally: Buddha leaps the wall)

茄汁鸡脯 qiézhī jīpú [chyeh-jur jee-poo] chicken breast with tomato sauce

咖喱鸡块儿 gāli jīkuàir [gah-lee jee-kwair] curried chicken pieces

酱爆鸡丁 jiàngbào jídīng [jyang-bow jee-ding] diced chicken quick-fried with black bean sauce

冬笋鸡片儿 dōngsǔn jīpiànr [doong-sun jee-pyenr] chicken slices with bamboo shoots

冬菇鸡片儿 dōnggū jīpiànr [doong-goo] chicken slices with mushrooms

香酥鸡 xiāngsū jī [hsyang-soo jee] crispy deep-fried whole chicken

香酥鸭 xiāngsū yā [yah] crispy deep-fried whole duck

辣子鸡丁 làzǐ jídīng [lah-dzur jee-ding] diced chicken with chilli
 麻辣鸡丁 málà jídīng [mah-lah] diced chicken with chilli and wild pepper
 香菇鸭掌 xiānggū yāzhǎng [hsyang-goo yah-jahng] duck's foot with mushroom
 茄汁煎软鸭 qiézhī jiān ruǎnyā [chyeh-jur jyen rwanh-yah] fried duck with tomato sauce
 家常焖鸡 jiācháng mèn jī [jah-chahng mun-jee] home-style braised chicken
 北京烤鸭 Běijīng kǎoyā [bay-jing kow-yah] Peking duck
 酱爆鸭片儿菜心 jiàngbào yāpiàn rài cài xīn [jiang-bow yah-pyenr tsai-hsin] sliced duck and green vegetables quick-fried with black bean sauce
 葱爆烧鸭片儿 cōngbào shāoyāpiàn r [tsoong-bow show-yah-pyenr] sliced duck quick-fried with spring onions
 宫保鸡丁 gōngbǎo jídīng [goong-bow jee-ding] stir-fried diced chicken with peanuts and chilli
 怪味儿鸡 guàiwèirjī [gawai-wayr-jee] whole chicken with peanuts and pepper (literally: strange-tasting chicken)

汽锅蒸鸡 qìguō zhēngjī [chee-gwor jung-jee] whole chicken steamed in a pot
 红烧全鸭 hóngshāo quán yā [hoong-show choo-en-yah] whole duck braised in brown sauce
 红烧全鸡 hóngshāo quán jī [choo-en-jee] whole chicken braised in brown sauce

Rice

炒饭 chǎofàn [chow-fahn] fried rice
 蛋炒饭 dàn chǎofàn [dahn] fried rice with eggs
 鸡丝炒饭 jīsī chǎofàn [jee-sur] fried rice with shredded chicken
 肉丝炒饭 ròusī chǎofàn [roh-sur] fried rice with shredded pork
 虾仁炒饭 xiārénn chǎofàn [hsyah-run] fried rice with shrimps
 米饭 mǐfàn [mee-fahn] rice
 稀饭 xīfàn [hshee-fahn] rice porridge
 叉烧包 chāshāobāo [chah-show-bow] steamed dumplings with pork filling

Seasonings, Spices

- 桂皮 guìpí [gway-peey] Chinese cinnamon
 丁香 dīngxiāng [ding-hsyang] cloves
 茴香 huíxiāng [hway-hsyang] fennel seed
 五香面儿 wǔxiāng miànr [woo-hsyang myenr] ‘five spice’ powder
 生姜 shēngjiāng [shung-jyang] ginger
 辣椒 làjiāo [lah-tyow] chilli, chilli peppers
 辣椒粉 làjiāo fěn [fun] chilli powder
 胡椒 hújiāo [hoo-tyow] pepper
 盐 yán [yahn] salt
 醋 cù [tsoo] vinegar

Snacks

- 豆沙酥饼 dòushā sūbǐng [doh-shah soo-bing] baked flaky cake with sweet bean paste filling
 火烧 huǒshāo [hwor-show] baked wheaten bun
 糖火烧 táng huǒshāo [tahng] baked wheaten bun with sugar
 油饼 yóubǐng [yoh-bing] deep-fried savoury pancake

- 油炸糕 yóuzhágāo [yoh-jah-gow] deep-fried sweet pancake
 馅儿饼 xiànr bǐng [hsyenr-bing] savoury fritter
 烧饼 shāobǐng [show-bing] sesame pancake
 春卷儿 chūnjuǎnr [chun-jwahnr] spring rolls
 豆沙包 dòushābāo [doh-shah-bow] steamed dumpling with sweet bean paste filling
 油条 yóutiáo [yoh-tyow] unsweetened doughnut sticks

Soups

- 开水 白菜 kāishuǐ báicài [kai-shway bai-tsai] Chinese cabbage in clear soup
 酸辣汤 suān là tāng [swahn lah tahng] hot and sour soup
 汤 tāng soup
 竹笋鲜磨汤 zhúsǔn xiānmó tāng [joo-sun hsyen-mor] soup with bamboo shoots and mushrooms
 西红柿鸡蛋汤 xīhóngshí jīdàn tāng [hshee-hoong-shur jee-dahn] soup with eggs and tomato
 榨菜肉丝汤 zhàcài ròusī tāng [jah-tsai roh-sur] soup with shredded pork and

pickled mustard greens
时菜肉片儿汤 shícài
ròupiànr tāng [shur-tsai roh-pyenr] soup with sliced pork and seasonal vegetables
菠菜粉丝汤 bōcài fēnsī tāng [bor-tsai fun-sur] soup with spinach and vermicelli
三鲜汤 sānxiān tāng [sahn-hsyen] ‘three-fresh’ soup (prawns, meat and a vegetable)
圆汤素烩 yuántāng sùhuì [ywahn-tahng soo-hway] vegetable chowder

Typical Combinations

红烧 . . . hóngshāo ... [hoong-show] ... braised in soy sauce
干烧 . . . gānshāo ... [gahn-show] ... braised with chilli and black bean sauce
麻酱 . . . jiàngbào ... [jangbow] ... quick-fried with black bean sauce
葱爆 . . . cōngbào ... [tsoong-bow] ... quick-fried with spring onions
鱼香 . . . yúxiāng ... [yoo-hsyang] stir-fried ... in hot spicy sauce (literally: fish fragrance; not always with fish)
笋炒 . . . sǔnchǎo ... [sun-

chow] stir-fried ... with bamboo shoots
宫保 . . . gōngbǎo ... [goong-bow] stir-fried ... with peanuts and chilli
滑溜 . . . huáliū ... [hwah-lyoh] stir-fried ... with sauce
冬笋 . . . dōngsǔn ... [doong-sun] ... with bamboo shoots
辣子 . . . làzǐ ... [lah-dzur] ... with chilli
麻辣 . . . málà ... [mah-lah] ... with chilli and wild pepper
蟹肉 . . . xièròu ... [hsyeh-roh] ... with crab
火腿 . . . huótui ... [hwor-tway] ... with ham
冬菇 . . . dōnggū ... [doong-goo] ... with mushrooms
香菇 . . . xiānggū ... [hsyang-goo] ... with mushrooms
蚝油 . . . háoyóu ... [how-yoh] ... with oyster sauce
榨菜 . . . zhàcài ... [jah-tsai] ... with pickled mustard greens
时菜 . . . shícài ... [shur-tsai] ... with seasonal vegetables
虾仁 . . . xiārén ... [hsyah-run] ... with shrimps
茄汁 . . . qiézhī ... [chyejh-jur] ... with tomato sauce
番茄 . . . fānqié ... [fahn-chyejh] ... with tomato sauce

Vegetables

- 茄子 qiézi [chyeh-dzur] aubergine, eggplant
 竹笋 zhúsǔn [joo-sun] bamboo shoots
 豆芽 dòuyá [doh-yah] bean sprouts
 卷心菜 juǎnxīncài [jwahn-hsin-tsai] cabbage
 胡萝卜 húluóbo [hoo-lwor-bor] carrots
 白菜 báicài [bai-tsai] Chinese cabbage
 青豆 qīngdòu [ching-doh] green beans
 蘑菇 mógu [mor-goo] mushrooms
 菠菜 bōcài [bor-tsai] spinach
 红薯 hóngshǔ [hoong-shoo] sweet potato
 西红柿 xīhóngshì [hshee-hoong-shur] tomato
 蔬菜 shūcài [shoo-tsai] vegetables

Vegetable Dishes

- 烧茄子 shāo qiézi [show chyeh-dzur] stewed aubergine/eggplant
 烧胡萝卜 shāo húluóbo [hoo-lwor-bor] stewed carrot
 烧三鲜 shāo sānxiān [sahn-hsyen] stewed ‘three-fresh’

vegetables

- 炒玉兰片儿 chǎo yùlánpiànr [chow yoo-lahn-pyenr] stir-fried bamboo shoots
 炒豆芽 chǎo dòuyá [doh-yah] stir-fried bean sprouts
 炒白菜 chǎo báicài [bai-tsai] stir-fried Chinese cabbage
 海米白菜 hǎimǐ báicài [hai-mee] stir-fried Chinese cabbage with dried shrimps
 韭菜炒鸡蛋 jiǔcài chǎo jīdàn [jyoh-tsai-chow jee-dyen] stir-fried chives with eggs
 黄瓜炒鸡蛋 huángguā chǎo jīdàn [hwahng-gwah chow jee-dahn] stir-fried cucumber with eggs
 鱼香茄子 yúxiāng qiézi [yoo-hsyang chyeh-dzur] stir-fried aubergine in hot spicy sauce
 冬笋扁豆 dōngsǔn biǎndòu [doong-sun byen-doh] stir-fried French beans with bamboo shoots
 烧二冬 shāo èr dōng [show er doong] stir-fried mushrooms and bamboo shoots with vegetables
 鲜蘑菇 xiānmó wāndòu [hsyen-mor wahn-doh] stir-fried peas with mushrooms
 炒土豆丝 chǎo tǔdòusī [chow too-doh-sur] stir-fried shredded potato

- 炒萝卜丝 chǎo luóbosī [lwo-r
bor-sur] stir-fried shredded
turnip
- 菠菜炒鸡蛋 bōcài chǎo
jídàn [bor-tsai — jee-dahn] stir-
fried spinach with eggs
- 西红柿炒鸡蛋 xīhóngshì
chǎo jídàn [hshee-hoong-shur]
stir-fried tomato with eggs

Menu Reader: Drink

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Essential Terms

啤酒 beer píjiǔ [pee-jyoh]

瓶子 bottle píngzi [ping-dzur]

咖啡 coffee kāfēi [kah-fay]

杯子 cup bēizi [bay-dzee]

玻璃杯 glass bōlibēi [bor-lee-bay]

牛奶 milk niúnǎi [nyoh-nai]

矿泉水儿 mineral water kuàngquánshuǐ [kwahng-choo-en-shwayr]

鲜橘汁 orange juice xiānjúzhī [hsyen-jyew-jur]

米酒 rice wine mǐjiǔ [mee-jyoh]

汽水儿 soft drink qìshuǐ [chee-shwayr]

糖 sugar táng [tahng]

茶 tea chá [chah]

水 water shuǐ [shway]

威士忌 whisky wēishíjì [way-shur-jee]

酒水在外 jiǔshuǐ zài wài drinks not included

一杯茶／咖啡 a cup of tea/coffee, please yì bēi chá/kāfēi [bay]

请再来一杯啤酒 another beer, please qǐng zài lái yì bēi píjiǔ

[ching dzai lai yee bay pee-jyoh]

(来)一杯茅台酒 a glass of Maotai (lái) yì bēi Máotáijiǔ [yee bay mow-tai-jyoh]

Beer

啤酒 píjiǔ [pee-jyoh] beer
 冰镇啤酒 bīngzhèn píjiǔ
 [bing-jun] iced beer
 青岛啤酒 Qīngdǎo píjiǔ
 [ching-dow] most famous type
 of Chinese beer

Coffee, Tea etc

红茶 hóngchá [hoong-chah]
 black tea
 菊花茶 júhuāchá [joo-hwah-
 chah] chrysanthemum tea
 咖啡 kāfēi [kah-fay] coffee
 绿茶 lǜchá [lyew-chah] green
 tea
 茉莉花茶 mòlì huāchá [mor-
 lee hwah-chah] jasmine tea
 乌龙茶 wūlóngchá [woo-
 loong-chah] oolong tea, famous
 semi-fermented tea, half
 green, half black
 花茶 huāchá [hwah-chah]
 scented tea
 牛奶咖啡 niúnǎi kāfēi [nyoh-
 nai kah-fay] white coffee,
 coffee with milk

Soft Drinks

可口可乐 kěkou kělè [kur-koh
 kur-lur] Coke®
 果子汁 guǒzǐzhī [gwor-dzur-jur]

fruit juice
 冰水 bīngshuǐ [bing-shway]
 iced water
 崂山可乐 Láoshān kělè
 [low-shahn kur-lur] Chinese
 variety of cola made from
 Laoshan water
 柠檬汽水儿 níngméng
 qīshuǐ [ning-mung chee-shwayr]
 lemonade
 牛奶 niúnǎi [nyoh-nai] milk
 矿泉水儿 kuàngquánshuǐ
 [kwahng-chwahn-shwayr]
 mineral water
 橘子汽水儿 júzi qīshuǐ
 [joo-dzur chee-shwayr]
 orangeade
 橘子汁 júzǐzhī [joo-dzur-jee]
 orange juice
 菠萝汁 bōluozǐzhī [bor-lwor-jur]
 pineapple juice
 酸梅汤 suānméítāng [swahn-
 may-tahng] sweet-sour plum
 juice

Wine, Spirits etc

白兰地 bái lán dì [bai-lahn-dee]
 brandy
 香槟酒 xiāngbīnjiǔ [hsyang-
 bin-jyoh] champagne
 白干儿 bái gān r [bai-gahnr]
 clear spirit, distilled from
 sorghum grain
 白酒 bái jiǔ [bai-jyoh] clear

spirit, distilled from sorghum grain	tow-jyoh] white wine
法国白兰地 fāguó báilándì [fah-gwɔr bai-lahn-dee] cognac	葡萄酒 [poo-tow-jyoh] pútaojiǔ wine
干红葡萄酒 gān hóng pútaojiǔ [gahn hoong poo-tow- jyow] dry red wine	
干白葡萄酒 gān bái pútaojiǔ dry white wine	
金酒 jīnjiǔ [jin-jyoh] gin	
果子酒 guǒzǐjiǔ [gwor-dzur- jyoh] liqueur	
茅台酒 Máotáijiǔ [mow-tai- jyoh] Maotai spirit	
红葡萄酒 hóng pútaojiǔ [hoong poo-tow-jyoh] red wine	
黄酒 huángjiǔ [hwahng-jyoh] rice wine	
老酒 láojiǔ [low-jyoh] rice wine	
朗姆酒 lángmújǐu [lahng-moo- jyoh] rum	
苏格兰威士忌 Sūgélán wēishi ji [soo-gur-lahn] Scotch whisky	
汽水儿 qìshuǐr [chee-shwayr] soda water	
汽酒 qìjiǔ [chee-jyoh] sparkling wine	
味美思 wèiměisī [way-may-sur] vermouth	
俄得克酒 édékèjiǔ [ur-dur-kur- jyoh] vodka	
威士忌 wēishíjì [way-shur-jur] whisky	
白葡萄酒 bái pútaojiǔ [poo-	

How the Language Works

Pronunciation

Throughout this book Chinese words have been written in the standard romanized system known as pinyin (see below). Pinyin, which was introduced in China in the 1950s, can for the most part be used as a guide to pronunciation. However, some of the syllables are not pronounced in an immediately obvious way. For this reason, a simplified transliteration is also provided in almost all instances. This transliteration should be read as though it were English, bearing in mind the notes on pronunciation below:

Vowels

ah	long 'a' as in art	eh	'e' as in bed
ai	'i' as in I , eye	oh	'o' as in go , oh
ay	as in hay	ow	as in cow

Consonants

ch	as in Chinese	ts	as in tsar
dz	like the 'ds' in heads	y	as in yes
g	hard 'g' as in get		

Pinyin

Chinese words are made up of one or more syllables, each of which is represented in the written language by a character. These syllables can be divided into initials (consonants) and finals (vowels or vowels followed by either n or ng). In spoken Chinese, the consonant finals are often not fully sounded. A full list of initials and finals, along with the closest equivalent sound in English appears below. There are, however, some sounds that are unlike anything in English. In this pronunciation guide, words containing these sounds are given in Chinese characters as well; ask a Chinese person to pronounce them for you.

Initials

f, l, m, n, s,	are all similar to English
w and y	
b, d, g	similar to English, but a shorter sound
p, t, k	a more emphatic pronunciation as in pop , tap and cap (more strongly pronounced than b, d and g above)
h	slightly harsher than an h in English, closer to the ch sound in loch or Bach
j, q, x	pronounced with the lips positioned as if you were smiling: ‘j’ as in jeer
q	‘ch’ as in cheer
x	‘sh’ as in sheer , but say it with your lips in a smile and the tip of your tongue pointing up. This sound is shown in the book with hs
c	‘ts’ as in tsar 菜
z	‘ds’ as heads 自
ch, sh, zh, r	the last group of initials is the most difficult for a non-Chinese to perfect; they are all pronounced with the tip of the tongue curled back till it touches the palate: as ch in birch 茶
sh	as sh in shower 少
zh	as ge in budge 中
r	as r in rung 人

Finals

a	as in art
ai	as in aisle
an	as in ran , but with a longer ‘a’ as in art
ang	as in hang , but with a longer ‘a’ as in art
ao	‘ow’ as in cow

e	like the ‘e’ in the or the ‘u’ in fur
ei	as in weight
en	as in shaken
eng	like ‘en’ followed by a softly spoken ‘g’
er	similar to err , pronounced with the tongue curled back so that it touches the palate
i	usually pronounced as in margarine ; however, after the initials c, ch, r, s, sh, z and zh it is pronounced like the ‘i’ in shirt or first
ia	‘ya’ as in yarn
ian	similar to yen
iang	yang (‘i’ plus ‘ang’, but with shorter ‘a’ sound)
iao	‘yow’ as in yowl
ie	‘ye’ as in yeti
in	as in din
ing	as in bring
iong	yoong (‘i’ plus ‘ong’)
iu	‘yo’ as in yo-yo
o	as in lore
ou	like oh
ong	oong (‘ung’ as in lung , with the vowel given a longer, more rounded sound)
u	as in rule ; or like French une or German über
ua	wah (‘wa’ plus ‘a’ as in art)
uai	similar to why
uan	wahn in most cases (‘w’ plus ‘an’); after ‘y’, the second pronunciation of ‘u’ plus ‘an’
uang	wahng (‘w’ plus ‘ang’)
ue	the second pronunciation of ‘u’ plus ‘e’ as in bet
ui	‘wai’ as in wait
un	as in fungi
uo	similar to war
ü	like French une or German über
üe	‘ü’ followed by ‘e’ as in bet

Northern Chinese

In Northern Chinese, the suffix **r** is often placed at the end of a syllable, producing a sound reminiscent of the burr of south-west England. This is represented in pinyin by the addition of an **r** to the syllable so that **men** (door), for example, becomes **menr**, with the ‘n’ barely pronounced. Such pronunciation is most apparent in Beijing.

Tones

The Chinese language only uses about four hundred different sounds. The number of sounds available is increased by the use of tones: the particular pitch at which a word is pronounced determines its meaning. The same combination of letters pronounced with a different tone will produce different words. There are four tones: first tone (ˉ), second tone (ˊ), third tone (ˇ) and fourth tone (ˋ).

Not all syllables are pronounced with tones; where there is no tone, the syllable is written without a tone mark. Often when you have a word consisting of two syllables, the second syllable, for example, **xuésheng** (student), is written without a tone.

In Chinese, the tone is as important a part of the word as the consonant and vowel sounds. Context usually makes the meaning clear, but it is still important whenever possible to use the correct tone in order to reduce the chance of misunderstanding. The character **ma** [mah] has five meanings, differentiated by the tones:

mā	媽	mother
má	麻	hemp
mǎ	馬	horse
mà	罵	abuse, scold
ma	吗	(added to the end of a sentence to turn it into a question)

To help you get a clearer idea of how the tones sound, Chinese character equivalents are given for the words in this section. Ask a Chinese speaker to read the words for you so that you can hear the tonal differences.

First tone (ˉ). High, level tone, with unchanging volume, held briefly:

gū [goo]	孤	solitary
guān [gwahn]	观	look at
kāi	开	open (verb)
yān [yahn]	烟	cigarette

Second tone (ˊ). Starting about mid-range, rising quickly and becoming louder; a shorter sound than the first tone, similar to a question showing surprise such as ‘eh?’:

héng [hung]	衡	balance (verb)
rén [run]	人	person
shí [shur]	十	ten
yán [yahn]	言	speech

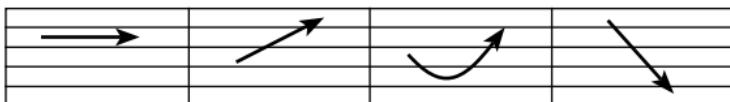
Third tone (ˇ). Starts low and falls before rising again to slightly above the starting point; starts quietly then increases in volume; slightly longer than first tone:

běn [bun]	本	book
fǎ [fah]	法	law
qǐ [chee]	起	rise (verb)
yǎn [yahn]	掩	cover (verb)

Fourth tone (ˋ). Starts high, falling abruptly in pitch and volume; shorter than the second tone:

bèn [bun]	笨	stupid
dà [dah]	大	big
pà [pah]	怕	fear (verb)
yàn [yahn]	雁	wild goose

The tones can be illustrated in diagram form like this:



In speech, a third tone which precedes another third tone becomes a second tone.

Abbreviations

adj	adjective
pl	plural
pol	polite
sing	singular

General

The Chinese language has a number of characteristics which are very different from European languages, the most important of these being that there are no inflections for case, number or gender and that verbs do not decline. References to past, present or future are identified by context and the addition of various time words such as míngtian [ming-tyen] (tomorrow), jīntian [jin-tyen] (today), or qùnián [chew-nyen] (last year). In both the written and spoken language, statements are kept short and the repetition of what has already been expressed is avoided. Pronouns, both personal and impersonal, are often omitted.

Nouns

Singular and plural forms of nouns are nearly always the same. For example, shū can mean either 'book' or 'books' depending on the context:

wǒ mǎile yíběn shū
wor mai-lur yee-bun shoo
I bought one book

wǒ mǎile liāngběn shū
wor mai-lur lyang-bun shoo
I bought two books

The few exceptions tend to be nouns used in addressing groups of people, in which case the suffix **-men** is added to the end of the noun:

péngyoumen	háizimen
pung-yoh-mun	hai-dzur-mun
friends	children

However, **-men** is not used for the plural when numbers are involved as the plural is obvious from the context:

sige péngyou
sur-gur pung-yoh
four friends

Articles

There is no equivalent in Chinese for either the definite article ‘the’ or the indefinite articles ‘a’ and ‘an’. The exact meaning will be clear from the context or word order. Therefore, **zázhì** (magazine) can mean ‘a magazine’ or ‘the magazine’ depending on the context.

If you want to be more precise, you can use **nèi** (that) or **zhèi** (this) with the appropriate measure word (see page 262).

The number **yī** (one), along with the appropriate measure word (see page 262) can also be used to translate ‘a/an’. But often in such sentences **yī** is either unstressed or omitted altogether, leaving just the measure word:

wǒ xiǎng mǎi yìběn zázhì
wor hsyang mai yee-bun dzah-jur
I am going to buy a magazine

or:

wǒ xiǎng mǎi běn zázhì
I am going to buy a magazine

Adjectives

Adjectives are placed before the noun and usually the word **de** is added between the adjective and the noun:

piányi de shū pyen-yee dur shoo cheap book(s)	hěn suān de sùcài hun swahn dur soo-tsai very sour vegetable dish(es)
--	--

The **de** is frequently omitted if the adjective is monosyllabic:

gǔ huà goo hwah ancient paintings	hǎo bànfǎ how bahn-fah a good method
--	---

Some nouns can be used adjectively:

lìshǐ	lìshǐ xiāoshuō
lee-shur	lee-shur hsyow-shwor
history	historical novel(s)
shùxué	shùxué jiàokēshū
shoo-hsyew-eh	shoo-hsyew-eh jyow-kur-shoo
mathematics	maths textbook

Adjectival Verbs

Some verbs also function as adjectives and are known as adjectival verbs. In sentences using an adjectival verb, the word order is:

noun subject + **hěn** + adjectival verb

The word **hěn** has little meaning, unless it is stressed, when it means ‘very’.

sùcài hěn suān	shū dōu hěn piányi
soo-tsai hun swahn	shoo doh hun pyen-yee
the vegetable dish is very sour	the books are all cheap

Suàn means ‘to be sour’ and **piányi** ‘to be cheap’.

For greater emphasis, add **tài** to mean ‘very’, ‘really’ or ‘extremely’:

tài hǎole
tai how-lur
that's really great

Comparatives

To form the comparative (more ..., ...-er) in sentences when only one thing is referred to, most often in response to a question, an adjectival verb is used by itself. In the following two examples, the adjectival verbs **hǎokàn** (attractive) and **guì** (expensive) are used:

zhèige hǎokàn	nèige guì
jay-gur how-kahn	nay-gur gway
this (one) is more attractive	that (one) is more expensive

The above phrases can also be translated as ‘this one is attractive’ and ‘that one is expensive’, but the exact meaning will be clear from the context. The following are added after the adjective or adjectival verb to indicate the degree of comparison:

... diǎnr	[dyenr]	more ...
... xiē	[hsyeh]	a bit more ...
... yìdiǎnr	[yee-dyenr]	a bit more ...
... de duō	[dur dwor]	much more ...
... duōle	[dvor-lur]	far more ...
... gèng	[gung]	even more ...

zhèige guì (yì)diǎnr/xiē

jay-gur gway (yee-)dyenr/hsyeh

this (one) is (a bit) more expensive

zhèige guì de duō

jay-gur gway dur dwor

this (one) is much more expensive

zhèige guì duōle

jay-gur gway dwor-lur

this (one) is far more expensive

zhèige gèng guì

jay-gur gung gway

this (one) is even more expensive

To compare two nouns, the word order is:

subject + bǐ + object of comparison + adjectival verb

Fāguó bǐ Zhōngguó xiǎo

fah-gwor bee joong-gwor hsyow

France is smaller than China

qùnián bǐ jinnián rè
chew-nyen bee jin-nyen rur
last year was hotter than this year

zhèige bǐ nèige gèng měilì
jay-gur bee nay-gur gung may-lur
this one is even more beautiful than that one

Superlatives

To form the superlative (most ..., ...-est), place **zuì** before the adjective or adjectival verb:

zuì guì de zíxíngchē
dzway gway dur dzur-hsing-chur
the most expensive bicycle

zhèige fàndiàn zuì dà
jay-gur fahn-dyen dzway dah
this hotel is the largest

Adverbs

Adverbs usually have the same form as adjectives, but are sometimes repeated for emphasis (**màn****màn** below):

tā màn màn de kānle nǐde xìn
tah mahm-mahn dur kahn-lur nee-dur hsin
he/she read your letter slowly

Adverbs can also be formed by placing **de** after an adjective:

nǐ dàshēng de gēn tā shuō ba
nee dah-shung dur gun tah shwor bah
speak loudly to him/her

When **de** appears after a verb, the subsequent adjective takes on an adverbial function:

tāmen qǐde hén wǎn
tah-mun chee-dur hun wahn
they got up late

tā zúqiu tīde hén hǎo
tah dzoo-chyew tee-dur hun how
he plays football well

Pronouns

Personal Pronouns

wǒ	[wor]	I; me
nǐ	[nee]	you (sing)
nín	[nin]	you (sing, pol)
tā	[tah]	he; him; she; her; it
wǒmen	[wor-mun]	we; us
nímen	[nee-mun]	you (pl)
tāmen	[tah-mun]	they; them

There are no different forms for subject and object in Chinese:

wǒ rènshì tā	tā rènshì wǒ
wor run-shur tah	tah runshur wor
I know him/her	he/she knows me
zhè shì géi nǐ de	
jay shur gay nee dur	
this is for you	

Tā can also mean ‘it’, though this is not a common usage. Generally, there is no need to refer to ‘it’ in a sentence as the context usually makes it clear:

shū hěn wúqù – wǒ bù xǐhuan	
shoo hun woo-choo – wor boo hshee-hwahn	
the book is boring – I don't like it	
wǒ xǐhuan nèiběn shū – hén yǒu yìsi	
wor hshee-hwahn nay-bun shoo – hun yoh yee-sur	
I like that book – it's very interesting	

Like tā, tāmen referring to inanimate things is rarely used.

Demonstrative Pronouns

zhè [jur] this	nà [nah] that
zhè bùshì tāde	nà tèbié hǎo
jur boo-shur tah-dur	nah tur-byeh how
this is not his	that's awfully good

In order to translate ‘this one’ or ‘that one’ as the object of a sentence, a measure word (see page 262) must be added:

wǒ xǐhuān zhèige/nèige
wor hshee-hwahn jay-gur/nay-gur
I like this (one)/that (one)

Possessives

In order to form possessive adjectives and pronouns, add the suffix **-de** to the personal pronouns on page 260:

wǒde	[wor-dur]	my; mine
nǐde	[nee-dur]	your; yours (sing)
nínđe	[nin-dur]	your; yours (sing, pol)
tāde	[tah-dur]	his; her; hers; its
wōmēnde	[wor-mun-dur]	our; ours
nǐmēnde	[nee-mun-dur]	your; yours (pl)
tāmēnde	[tah-mun-dur]	their; theirs

wǒde zhuōzì	tāde péngyou
wor-dur jwor-dzur	tah-dur pung-yoh
my table	his/her friend
tāmēnde péngyou	zhè shì nǐde
tah-mun-dur pung-yoh	jur shur nee-dur
their friend	this is yours

De equates to ‘of’ or apostrophe ‘s’ in English. De phrases always precede the noun to be described:

Shànghǎi de fēngjǐng	qiūtiān de tiānqì
shahng-hai dur fung-jing	chyew-tyen dur tyen-chee
the scenery of Shanghai	autumn weather

wǒ qīzi de yǐxiāng
wor chee-dzur dur yee-hsyang
my wife’s suitcase

If a relationship or possession is obvious from the context, it is common to omit **de**:

wǒ àiren

wor ai-run

my wife

tā jiā

tah jyah

his/her home

wǒ péngyou

wor pung-yoh

my friend

wǒ mǎile chēpiào le

wor mai-lur chur-pyow lur

I've bought my train ticket

Dependent Clauses and ‘de’

Dependent clauses precede the noun to be modified and **de** is inserted between the clause and the noun:

tā jì de xìn

tah jee dur hsin

the letter which he sent

wǒ kàn de shū

wor kahn dur shoo

the book(s) (which/that) I read

zuótian kàn de nèibù diànyǐng

dzwor-tyen kahn dur nay-boo dyen-ying

that film I saw yesterday

Measure Words

Demonstrative Adjectives and Measure Words

Nouns or groups of nouns in Chinese have specific measure words which are used when counting or quantifying the noun or nouns, i.e. which are used in conjunction with demonstratives and numerals. The demonstrative adjective is usually formed with the demonstrative **nèi** (that) or **zhèi** (this) followed by a measure word. Measure words, of which there are around fifty in common usage, are added to the end of the demonstrative (or numeral) and precede the noun. Some measure words can be readily translated into English while others cannot, for example:

gōngjīn	mǐ	píng
goong-jin	mee	ping
kilogram	metre	bottle
sāngōngjīn lí	sānmǐ miánbù	
sahng-goong-jin lee	sahn-mee myen-boo	
three kilos of pears	three metres of cotton	
nèipíng píjiǔ		
nay-ping pee-yoh		
that bottle of beer		

The most common measure words are:

bǎ	[bah]	chairs, knives, teapots, tools or implements with handles, stems, bunches of flowers
bēi	[bay]	cups, glasses
běn	[bun]	books, magazines
fēng	[fun]	letters
ge	[gur]	general measure word
jiàn	[jyen]	things, affairs, shirts etc
kē	[kur]	trees
kuài	[kwai]	lumps, pieces
liàng	[lyang]	vehicles
pán	[pahn]	round objects
suǒ	[swor]	buildings
tiáo	[tyow]	fish and various long narrow things
wèi	[way]	polite measure word used for gentlemen, ladies, guests etc
zhāng	[jahng]	tables, beds, tickets, sheets of paper
zhī	[jur]	hands, birds, suitcases, boats
zhèběn shū		nèijiàn lǐwù
jay-bun shoo		nay-jyen lee-woo
this book		that present
nèikē shù		zhèiliàng zìxíngchē
nay-kur shoo		jay-lyang dzur-hsing-chur
that tree		this bicycle

nèisuō yīyuàn	sāntiáo chuán
nay-swor yee-ywahn	sahn-tyow chwahn
that hospital	three boats
nèiwèi láibīn	sānzhāng piào
nay-way lai-bin	sahn-jahng pyow
that guest	three tickets

The most common of all measure words is **ge**:

zhèige shāngdiàn	nèige zhěntou
ay-gur shang-dyen	nay-gur jun-toh
this shop	that pillow

When the correct measure word is not known, the best solution is to use **ge**.

In a dialogue, when it is clear from the context what is being referred to, then the noun may be omitted and only the demonstrative and measure word are used:

wǒ xǐhuan nèige	zhèibēi chá hěn hǎohē
wor hshee-hwahn nay-gur	jay-bay chah hun how-hur
I like that (one)	this is a lovely cup of tea
zhèiwèi shì ...	
jay-way shur	
this is ... (introducing people)	

Numbers and Measure Words

As is the case with demonstrative adjectives, you must use a measure word with numbers when they are linked with nouns:

sìkē shù	sānshíwǔběn shū	sìshíge rén
sur-kur shoo	sahn-shur-woo-bun shoo	sur-shur-gur run
four trees	thirty-five books	forty people

See page 282 for the use of **liǎng** (two) with measure words. Similarly, when ordinal numbers are linked with a noun, it is

necessary to include a measure word:

dìsānsuō fángzi	disitiáo lù
dee-sahn-swor fahng-dzur the third house	dee-sur-tyow loo the fourth road

Demonstratives and Numbers

If a demonstrative and a number are used together in a sentence, the word order is:

demonstrative + number + measure word + noun

nèi sānbēn shū	zhèi bāwèi láibīn	nèi liùge
nay sahn-bun shoo those three books	jay bah-way lai-bin these eight guests	nay lyoh-gur those six

Verbs

There is no change in Chinese verbs for first, second or third person subjects, both singular and plural:

wǒ zǒu	tā zǒu
wor dzoh	tah dzoh
I walk, I am walking	he/she walks, he/she is walking
tāmen zǒu	
tah-mun dzoh	
they walk, they are walking	

Chinese verbs also have no tenses:

wǒ míngtian zǒu
wor ming-tyen dzoh
I will go for a walk tomorrow

wǒ zuótian zǒu de shíhou, tiānqi hěn hǎo
wor dzwor-tyen dzoh dur shur-hoh tyen-chee hun how
when I was walking yesterday, the weather was lovely

The future and past are indicated in the above sentences by the time words **míngtian** (tomorrow) and **zuótian** (yesterday), while the form of the verb **zǒu** does not change.

The meaning of verbs is also influenced by a number of suffixes and sentence particles (see pages 268 and 270).

A verb used by itself usually implies either a habitual action:

Zhōngguórén chī mǐfàn
joong-gwor-run chur mee-fahn
Chinese people eat rice

or an imminent action:

nǐ qù nǎr?
nee chew nar
where are you going?

To Be

The verb ‘to be’, when followed by a noun, is **shì**, which corresponds to all the forms of the verb ‘to be’ in English ('am', 'are', 'is', 'were' etc):

tā shì wǒde péngyou	zhè shì shénme?
tah shur wor-dur pung-yoh	jur shur shun-mur
she is my friend	what is this?

tāmen shì xuésheng
tah-mun shur hway-shung
they are students

The verb **shì** is not required when adjectival verbs are used (see page 257).

The preposition **zài** (in, at) is used as a verb to convey the meaning of ‘to be in or at’ a particular place (see page 274).

Negatives

To form a negative sentence, use the word **bù** (not); when **bù** precedes a word with a fourth tone, the tone changes to a second tone (**bú**):

wǒ bù yào nèiběn shū	tā bú qù
wor boo-yow nay-bun shoo	tah boo chew
I do not want that book	he's not going

nà wǒ bù zhīdao
nah wor boo jur-dow
I didn't know that

Bù is also the negative used with adjectives/adjectival verbs:

bùmǎn	fángzì bú dà
boo-mahn	fahng-dzur boo dah
dissatisfied, discontented	the building isn't big

With the verb **yǒu** (to have), **méi** is used as a negative rather than **bù**:

tā yǒu kòng	wǒ méiyǒu kòng
tah yoh koong	wor may-yoh koong
he/she has time	I don't have time

Méi can also be used on its own to mean 'have not':

wǒ méishìr
wor may-shur
I have nothing to do

Yǒu also means 'there is/are':

shāngdiànli méiyǒu niúnǎi	méiyǒu bànfǎ
shahng-dyen-lee may-yoh nyoh-nai	may-yoh bahn-fah
there's no milk in the shop	there's nothing to be done, there's nothing you can do about it

yǒu rén

yoh run

there is someone there; engaged, occupied (on a toilet door)

Verb Suffixes

Suffixes are added to Chinese verbs to modify their meaning.

The addition of the suffix -le indicates a changed situation; often this means that the action of the verb has been completed:

wǒ mǎile sānge píngguǒ
wor mai-lur sahn-gur ping-gwör
I bought three apples

tā yǐjing líkāile
tah yee-jing lee-kai-lur
he/she has left already

wǒ zài nàr zhùle jiǔnián
wor dzai nar joo-lur jyoh-nyen
I lived there for nine years

hēwánle chá wǒ jiù kàn diànshì
hur-wahn-lur chah wor jyoh kahn dyen-shur
when I have finished my tea, I am going to watch television

As the fourth example shows, the completed action need not necessarily be in the past.

In order to express the negative form of a completed action, either méi or méi yǒu is placed before the verb and -le is omitted:

wǒ méi(yǒu) kàn diànshì
wor may(-yoh) kahn dyen-shur
I didn't watch television

tā méi(yǒu) líkāi
tah may(-yoh) lee-kai
he hasn't left

Continuous or prolonged action is expressed by the suffix -zhe:

tā chōuzhe yān
tah choh-jur yahn
he/she is smoking a cigarette

tā zài shāfāshang zuòzhe
tah dzai shah-fah-shahng dzwor-jur
he/she is sitting on the sofa

The suffix **-zhe** can also be used to convey the idea of doing more than one thing at the same time:

tā hēzhe chā kàn shū
tah hur-jur chah kahn shoo
he read a book while drinking tea

When the **-zhe** suffix is used, **méi** is placed before the verb to form the negative:

tā méi chuānzhe zhōngshānzhuāng
tah may chwahn-jur joong-shahn-jwahng
he/she isn't wearing a Mao suit

Note that **-zhe** has no connection with tense. Depending on the context, the above sentences could be translated as: 'he/she was smoking a cigarette', 'he/she wasn't wearing a Mao suit'.

Another way of indicating continuous action is to place the word **zài** in front of the verb:

tā zài chōuyān
tah dzai choh-yahn
he is smoking

nǐ zài kàn shénme?
nee dzai kahn shun-mur
what are you reading?

The suffix **-guo** is used to indicate a past experience:

wǒ qùguo Zhōngguó
wor chew-gwor joong-gwor
I have been to China

wǒ kànguo nèiběn shū
workahng-gwor nay-bun shoo
I have read that book

When the suffix **-guo** is used, **méi** is placed before the verb to form the negative:

wǒ méi qùguo Shànghǎi
wor may chew-gwor shahng-hai
I have never been to
Shanghai

tā méi hēguo Yǐndū chá
tah may hur-gwor yin-doo chah
he's/she's never drunk
Indian tea

Sentence Particles

The particle **le** at the end of a sentence either indicates that something happened in the past which is still relevant to the present or implies a change of circumstances in the present or future:

tā mǎi bāozhǐ qù le
tah mai bow-jur chew lur
he/she has gone to buy a paper

wǒ zài Lúndūn zhùle liùnián le
wor dzai lun-dun joo-lur lyoh-nyen lur
I have been living in London for six years

gūafēng le	wǒ xiànzai bú è le
gwah-fung lur	wor hsyahn-dzai boo ur lur
it's windy (now)	I'm not hungry any more
■ píngguǒ dōu huài le	wǒmen zǒu le
ping-gworp doh hway lur	wor-mun dzoh lur
the apples have all gone bad	we are leaving (now)

The particle **ne** adds emphasis to what is said:

tā hái méi lìkāi ne
tah hai may lee-kai nur
he still hasn't gone

zuò chángtú qīchē kě bù fāngbiàn ne
dzwor chahng-too chee-chur kur boo fahng-byen nur
(but) it's so inconvenient to go by bus

nǐ zuò shénme ne?
nee dzwor shun-mur nur
well, what are you going to do?

On its own, often in response to an earlier question, **ne** can be used to express the idea 'and what about ...?':

zhèishuāng xié tài guì – nèishuāng ne?
jay-shwahng hsyeh tai gway – nay-shwahng nur

this pair of shoes is too expensive – what about that pair?

The particle **ba** indicates a suggestion:

zǒu ba!

dzoh bah

let's go!

ní kǎolù yíxià ba

nee kow-lyew yee-syah bah

think about it, consider it

It can also mean 'I suggest' or 'I suppose':

nǐ shì lǎo Zhāng ba?

nee shur low jahng bah

I suppose you must be old Zhang?

nǐmen dōu hěn lèi ba?

nee-mun doh hun lay bah

you are all very tired, aren't you?

Questions

There are a number of ways of forming questions in Chinese. One way is to add the particle **ma** to the end of a sentence to turn it into a question without changing the word order:

tā shì Ribérén ma?

tah shur ree-bur-run mah

is he/she Japanese?

nǐ mǎi zhèifèn bàozhī ma?

nee mai jay-fun bow-jur mah

are you buying this newspaper?

nǐ è ma?

nee ur mah

are you hungry?

nǐ qùguo Bēijīng ma?

nee choo-gwor bay-jing mah

have you ever been to Beijing?

nǐ yǒu háizi ma?

nee yoh hai-dzur mah

do you have any children?

Alternatively, the verb is repeated along with the negative **bù** or **méi**:

tāmen shì bùshì Yīngguórén?	jǐntian rè bù rè?
tah-mun shur boo-shur ying-gwör-run	jin-tyen rur boo rur
are they British?	is it hot today?
nǐ è bù è?	tā chīguo Zhōngcān méiyǒu?
nee ur boo ur	tah chur-gwör joong-tsahn may-yoh
are you hungry?	has he/she ever eaten
	Chinese food?
ní yǒu méiyou háizi?	
nee yoh may-yoh hai-dzur	
do you have any children?	

Shéi (who?) and **shénme** (what?) are the main interrogative pronouns. Interrogative pronouns are placed in the same position in the sentence as the noun in the answer that is implied:

tā shì shéi?	tā shì wǒ péngyou
tah shur shay	tah shur wor pung-yoh
who is he?	he's my friend
shéi fù qián?	tā fùqián
shay foo chyen	tah foo-chyen
who is going to pay?	he is going to pay
ní mǎi shénme?	wó mǎi yìjié diàncí
nee mai shun-mur	wor mai yee-jyeh dyen-chur
what are you going to buy?	I'm going to buy a battery

The other common interrogatives are:

nǎr/nǎli?	[nar/nah-lee]	where?
duōshǎo?	[dwor-show]	how many?, how much?
nèi?	[nay]	which?
shéide?	[shay-dur]	whose?
zěnme?	[dzun-mur]	how?
wèishénme?	[way-shun-mur]	why?

shāngdiàn zài nǎr?	duōshǎo qián?
shahng-dyen dzai nar	dwor-show chyen
where is the shop?	how much is that?
něige fāndiàn zuì guì?	nǐ xǐhuān něige?
nay-gur fahn-dyen dzway gway	nee hshee-hwahn nay-gur
which hotel is most expensive?	which one would you like?
zhè shì shéide?	nǐ shì zěnmē láide?
jur shur shay-dur	nee shur dzun-mur lai-dur
whose is this?	how did you get here?
tāmen wèishénme bù shàng huǒchē?	
tah-mun way-shun-mur goo shahng hwor-chur	
why aren't they getting on the train?	

Háishi (or) is used in questions posing alternatives:

nǐ xiǎng mǎi zhèige háishi něige?
 nee hsyahng mai jay-gur hai-shur nay-gur
 do you wish to buy this one or that one?

Prepositions

Some common prepositions are:

cóng	[tsoong]	from
dào	[dow]	to
duì	[dway]	towards, with regard to
gěi	[gay]	for
gēn	[gun]	with
lí	[lee]	from/to (in expressions of distance)
wèile	[way-lur]	because of
yòng	[yoong]	with, by means of,
zài	[dzai]	in, at (see page 274)

wǒmen míngtian dào Shànghǎi qù
 wor-mun ming-tyen dow shahng-hai chew
 we're going to Shanghai tomorrow

cóng sāndiǎnbàn dào sìdiǎn
tsoong sahn-dyen-bahn dow sur-dyen
from three thirty to four o'clock

Yīngguó lí Fǎguó bù yuǎn
ying-gwor lee fah-gwor boo ywahn
Britain is not far from France

wǒmen shì zuò chuán láide
wor-mun shur dzwor chwahn lai-dur
we came by boat

wǒ géi ní mǎile yìxiē píngguǒ
wor gay nee mai-lur yee-hsyeh ping-gwor
I've bought some apples for you

qǐng gēn wǒ lái
ching gun wor lai
please come with me

tā wèi tā háizi hěn zháojí
tah way tah hai-dzur hun jow-jee
she was very worried about her child

Zài (in, at) is also used as a verb meaning 'to be in/at':

tā zài nǎr?
tah dzai nar
where is he/she?

tāmen zài Shànghǎi
tah-mun dzai shahng-hai
they are in Shanghai

zhuōzì zài wàibìanr
jwor-dzur zai wai-byenr
the table is outside

wǒ zài Shànghǎi méiyǒu qīngqī
wor dzai shahng-hai may-yoh ching-chee
I don't have any relatives in Shanghai

Place Word Suffixes

Various suffixes are added to nouns to indicate location and are nearly always used in conjunction with the preposition zài. The most important are:

lǐ	[lee]	inside, in
shàng	[shahng]	above, on
wài	[wai]	outside
xià	[hsyah]	below
zhōng	[joong]	in the middle, between

nǐde bāozhī zài dàizili
nee-dur bow-jur dzai dai-dzur-lee
your newspaper is in your bag

chéngwài yǒu fēijīchǎng
chung-wai yoh fur-jee-chahng
there's an airport outside the town

nǐde zhàoxiàngjī zài chuángshàng
nee-dur jow-hsyahng-jee dzai chwahng-shahng
your camera is on the bed

nǐde yíxiāng zài chuángxià
nee-dur yee-hsyahng dzai chwahng-hsyah
your suitcase is under the bed

zài shānlǐ
dzai shahn-lee
in the mountains

Yes and No

Chinese has no standard words for ‘yes’ and ‘no’, but you can often use **shì(de)** (yes, it is the case), **duìle** (yes, that’s right) and **bú shì** (no, it is not the case).

The most common way of saying ‘yes’ is to repeat the verb of the question; to say ‘no’, repeat the verb of the question together with **bù** or **méi** as required:

nǐ yǒu kòng ma?	yǒu	méi yǒu
nee yoh koong mah	yoh	may yoh
do you have any free time?	yes	no

tā shì xuésheng ma?	shì	bú shì
tah shur hsyeh-shung mah	shur	boo shur
is he a student?	yes	no

nǐ qùguo Chángchéng méi yǒu?
nee chew-gwor chahng-chung may yoh
have you been to see the Great Wall?

qùguo	méi yǒu/méi qùguo
chew-gwor	may yoh/may chew-gwor
yes	no

Imperatives

To make an imperative in Chinese, pronounce the verb in an emphatic way:

zhànzhù!	gǔnchūqu!
jahn-joo	gun-choo-chew
stop!	get out!

Imperatives are rarely used because they sound too abrupt. The verb is more likely to be preceded by **qǐng** (please) or followed by **ba** (see page 271) to make the command sound more polite:

qǐng zuò ba
ching dzwor bah
please sit down

Negative imperatives are formed using either **bié** or **bú yào** (don't):

bié zōule	bú yào zài shūo
byeh dzoh-lur	boo yow dzai shwor
don't go	say no more

Dates

Dates in Chinese are written in the following order:

year + month + number

To write the year, place the relevant numbers in front of **nián** (year); this is followed by the month and then the number of the day plus **hào**:

九月一号
jiǔyuè yīhào
jyoh-yew-eh yee-how
the first of September

十二月二号
shíèryuè èrhào
shur-er-yew-eh er-how
the second of December

五月三十号
wǔyuè sānshíhào
woo-yew-eh sahn-shur-how
the thirtieth of May

二零零六年五月三十一号
èrlínglíngliù nián wǔyuè sānshíyīhào
ur-ling-ling-lyoh nyen woo-yew-eh
sahn-shur-yee-how
the thirty-first of May, 2006

一九四二年
yījiǔ sìèr nián
yee-jyoh sur-er nyen
1942

Days

- Sunday xīngqītiān [hsing-chee-tyen] 星期天
- Monday xīngqīyī [hsing-chee-yee] 星期一
- Tuesday xīngqīèr [hsing-chee-er] 星期二
- Wednesday xīngqīsān [hsing-chee-sahn] 星期三
- Thursday xīngqīsì [hsing-chee-sur] 星期四
- Friday xīngqīwǔ [hsing-chee-woo] 星期五
- Saturday xīngqīliù [hsing-chee-lyoh] 星期六

Months

January yīyuè [yee-yew-eh] 一月
February èryuè [er-yew-eh] 二月
March sānyuè [sahn-yew-eh] 三月
April sìyuè [sur-yew-eh] 四月
May wǔyuè [woo-yew-eh] 五月
June liùyuè [lyoh-yew-eh] 六月
July qīyuè [chee-yew-eh] 七月
August bāyuè [bah-yew-eh] 八月
September jiǔyuè [jyoh-yew-eh] 九月
October shíyuè [shur-yew-eh] 十月

November shíyīyuè [shur-yee-yew-eh] 十一月
December shíèryuè [shur-er-yew-eh] 十二月

Time

■ When telling the time, the word **diān** is added to the number to indicate the hours. **Zhōng** (clock) is optional and is placed at the end of most time expressions. The word **fēn** (minutes) is added to the number of minutes.

what time is it? jǐdiǎn le? [jee-dyen lur] 几点了？

o'clock diǎn zhōng [dyen joong] 点钟

one o'clock yìdiǎn (zhōng) [yee-dyen] 一点(钟)

two o'clock liǎngdiǎn (zhōng) [lyang-dyen] 两点(钟)

at one o'clock yìdiǎn (zhōng) [yee-dyen] 一点(钟)

it's one o'clock yìdiǎn (zhōng) 一点(钟)

it's two o'clock liǎngdiǎn (zhōng) [lyang-dyen] 两点(钟)

it's ten o'clock shídiǎn (zhōng) [shur-dyen] 十点(钟)

five past one yìdiǎn wǔfēn [yee-dyen woo-fun] 一点五分

ten past two liǎngdiǎn shífēn [lyang-dyen shur-fun] 两点十分

quarter past one yìdiǎn yíkè [yee-dyen yee-kur] 一点一刻

quarter past two liǎngdiǎn yíkè [lyang-dyen yee-kur] 两点一刻

half past two liǎngdiǎn bàn [bahnh] 两点半

half past ten shídiǎn bàn [shur-dyen] 十点半

- twenty to one yìdiǎn chà èrshí [yee-dyen chah er-shur] 一点差二十
 twenty to ten shídiǎn chà èrshí [shur-dyen] 十点差二十
 quarter to one yìdiǎn chà yíkè [yee-dyen chah yee-kur] 一点差一刻
 quarter to two liǎngdiǎn chà yíkè [lyang-dyen] 两点差一刻
 a.m. (early morning up to about 9) zǎoshang [dzow-shahng] 早上
 (from about 9 till noon) shàngwǔ 上午
 p.m. (afternoon) xiàwǔ [hsyah-woo] 下午
 (evening) wǎnshang [wahn-shahng] 晚上
 (night) yèli [yur-lee] 夜里
- 2 a.m. língchén liǎngdiǎn [ling-chun lyang-dyen] 凌晨两点
 2 p.m. (14.00) xiàwǔ liǎngdiǎn [hsyah-woo] 下午两点
 6 a.m. zǎoshang liùdiǎn [dzow-shahng lyoh-dyen] 早上六点
 6 p.m. (18.00) wǎnshang liùdiǎn [wahn-shahng] 晚上六点
 10 a.m. shàngwǔ shídiǎn [shahng-woo shur-dyen] 上午十点
 10 p.m. wǎnshang shídiǎn [wahn-shahng] 晚上十点
 noon zhōngwǔ [joong-woo] 中午
 midnight bànyè [bahn-yur] 半夜
 hour xiǎoshí [hsyow-shur] 小时
 minute fēn [fun] 分
 two minutes liǎng fēnzhōng [lyang fun-joong] 两分钟
 second miǎo [myow] 秒
 quarter of an hour yí kèzhōng [kur-joong] 一刻钟
 half an hour bàn xiǎoshí [bahn hsyow-shur] 半小时
 three quarters of an hour sān kèzhōng [sahn kur-joong] 三刻钟
 nearly three o'clock kuài sān diǎn le [kwai sahn dyen lur] 快三点了

Numbers

See Measure Words on page 262.

0	líng	零
1	yī [yee]	一
2	èr, liǎng [lyang]	二
3	sān [sahn]	三
4	sì [sur]	四
5	wǔ	五

HOW THE LANGUAGE WORKS

Numbers

6	liù [lyoh]	六
7	qī [chee]	七
8	bā [bah]	八
9	jiǔ [jyoh]	九
10	shí [shur]	十
11	shíyī [shur-yee]	十一
12	shíèr [shur-er]	十二
13	shísān [shur-sahn]	十三
14	shísi [shur-sur]	十四
15	shíwǔ [shur-woo]	十五
16	shíliù [shur-lyoh]	十六
17	shíqī [shur-chee]	十七
18	shíbā [shur-bah]	十八
19	shíjiǔ [shur-jyoh]	十九
20	èrshí [er-shur]	二十
21	èrshíyī [er-shur-yee]	二十一
22	èrshíèr [er-shur-er]	二十二
■ 30	sānshí [sahn-shur]	三十
31	sānshíyī [sahn-shur-yee]	三十一
32	sānshíèr [sahn-shur-er]	三十二
40	sìshí [sur-shur]	四十
50	wǔshí [woo-shur]	五十
60	liùshí [lyoh-shur]	六十
70	qīshí [chee-shur]	七十
80	bāshí [bah-shur]	八十
90	jiǔshí [jyoh-shur]	九十
100	yìbāi	一百
101	yìbāi líng yī	一百零一
102	yìbāi líng èr	一百零二
110	yìbāi yīshí [yee-shur]	一百一十
111	yìbāi yīshíyī [shur-yee]	一百一十一
200	èrbāi	二百
201	èrbāi líng yī	二百零一
202	èrbāi líng èr	二百零二
210	èrbāi yīshí [yee-shur]	二百一十

300	sānbǎi [sahn-bai]	三百
1,000	yìqiān [yee-chyen]	一千
2,000	liǎngqiān [lyang-chyen]	两千
3,000	sān qiān [sahn chyen]	三千
4,000	sìqiān [sur-chyen]	四千
5,000	wǔqiān [woo-chyen]	五千
10,000	yíwàn [yee-wahn]	一万
50,000	wǔwàn	五万
100,000	shíwàn [shur-wahn]	十万
1,000,000	bǎiwàn	百万
10,000,000	qiānwàn [chyen-wahn]	千万
100,000,000	yí yì	一亿

When counting ‘one, two, three’ and so on, *yī* (one) is written and said with the first tone. In other situations, the fourth tone is used:

yī, èr, sān	yìtiáo yú	yìkē shū
zee er sahn	yee-tyow yoo	yee-kur shoo
one, two, three	a fish	a tree

The exception to the above is if *yì* is followed by a fourth tone, in which case it changes to second tone:

yǐjìan dōngxi
yee-jyen doong-hshee
an object

In number sequences *yāo* is used for ‘one’ instead of *yī*, as in the two examples below:

sān-èr-wǔ-yāo-bā	yāoyāojiǔ
sahn-er-woo-yow-bah	yow-yow-jyoh
32518	number one hundred and nineteen
(phone number)	(room number)

There are two words for two in Chinese: *èr* and *liǎng*. *Èr* is used in counting or for phone, room or bus numbers:

yī, èr, sān ... yee er sahn one, two three ...	èr hào er how number two (room, house etc)	èr lù chē er loo chur number two bus
--	---	--

Èr also occurs in compound numbers:

sānshí'èr [sahn-shur-er] thirty-two

Liǎng is similar to ‘a couple’ in English and is used with measure words (see page 262):

liǎngwèi péngyou lyang-way pung-yoh two friends	liǎngsuǒ fángzi lyang-swor fahng-dzur two buildings
---	---

The numbers 11-19 are made up of shí (ten) followed by the numbers yī (one) to jiǔ (nine):

shíyī	eleven
shí'èr	twelve
shísān	thirteen

Multiples of ten are formed by adding the numbers two to nine to shí (ten):

èrshí	twenty
sānshí	thirty
sìshí	forty

The numbers 21 to 29, 31-39 etc are formed by adding one to nine to the above numbers èrshí, sānshí and so on:

èrshíyī	twenty-one
sìshíqī	forty-seven
bāshíwǔ	eighty-five

A similar pattern is used with bǎi (hundred), qiān (thousand) and wàn (ten thousand):

sìbǎi	sìbǎi jiǔshí
sur-bai	sur-bai jyoh-shur
four hundred	four hundred and ninety

bābāi sīshí liù bah-bai sur-shur lyoh eight hundred and forty-six	jiǔqiān sìbāi qīshí jyoh-chyen sur-bai chee-shur nine thousand four hundred and seventy
qīwàn sìqiān bābāi chee-wahn sur-chyen bah-bai seventy-four thousand eight hundred	

For numbers in the thousands and millions, **shí**, **bāi**, **qiān** and **wàn** are added to **wàn**:

shíwàn shur-wahn a hundred thousand	bǎiwàn bai-wahn a million
qiānwàn chyah-wahn ten million	yí yì a hundred million

Líng (zero) is used when there are zeros in the middle of a number sequence:

yǐbāi líng sān yee-bai ling sahn one hundred and three	yìqiān líng sān yee-chyen ling sahn one thousand and three
yìqiān líng bāshí yee-chyen ling bah-shur one thousand and eighty	

Ordinals

1st dì yī	第一	6th dì liù [lyoh]	第六
2nd dì èr	第二	7th dì qī [chee]	第七
3rd dì sān [sahn]	第三	8th dì bā	第八
4th dì sì [sur]	第四	9th dì jiǔ [jyoh]	第九
5th dì wǔ	第五	10th dì shí [shur]	第十

Conversion Tables

1 centimetre	= 0.39 inches	1 inch	= 2.54 cm								
1 metre	= 39.37 inches = 1.09 yards	1 foot	= 30.48 cm								
1 kilometre	= 0.62 miles = 5/8 mile	1 yard	= 0.91 m								
		1 mile	= 1.61 km								
km	1	2	3	4	5	10	20	30	40	50	100
miles	0.6	1.2	1.9	2.5	3.1	6.2	12.4	18.6	24.8	31.0	62.1
miles	1	2	3	4	5	10	20	30	40	50	100
km	1.6	3.2	4.8	6.4	8.0	16.1	32.2	48.3	64.4	80.5	161
1 gram	= 0.035 ounces	1 kilo	= 1000 g = 2.2 pounds								
g	100	250	500		1 oz	= 28.35 g					
oz	3.5	8.75	17.5		1 lb	= 0.45 kg					
kg	0.5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
lb	1.1	2.2	4.4	6.6	8.8	11.0	13.2	15.4	17.6	19.8	22.0
kg	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100		
lb	44	66	88	110	132	154	176	198	220		
lb	0.5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
kg	0.2	0.5	0.9	1.4	1.8	2.3	2.7	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.5
kg											9.0
1 litre	= 1.75 UK pints / 2.13 US pints										
1 UK pint	= 0.571	1 UK gallon	= 4.55 l								
1 US pint	= 0.471	1 US gallon	= 3.79 l								
centigrade / Celsius		$^{\circ}\text{C} = (^{\circ}\text{F} - 32) \times 5/9$									
$^{\circ}\text{C}$	-5	0	5	10	15	18	20	25	30	36.8	38
$^{\circ}\text{F}$	23	32	41	50	59	64	68	77	86	98.4	100.4
Fahrenheit		$^{\circ}\text{F} = (^{\circ}\text{C} \times 9/5) + 32$									
$^{\circ}\text{F}$	23	32	40	50	60	65	70	80	85	98.4	101
$^{\circ}\text{C}$	-5	0	4	10	16	18	21	27	29	36.8	38.3

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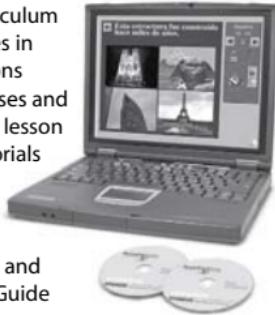
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